

Technical guide to access Business Talk & BTIP service Microsoft Teams Direct Routing

Guide for BTIP and Business Talk SIP services Microsoft Teams Direct Routing

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1 Main certified architectures

1.1 Teams media capabilities

1.1.1 Media Bypass

Teams Media Bypass has been certified so far with AudioCodes, Ribbon ans Oracle SBC. As a reminder, Media Bypass means bypassing Teams cloud (actually Teams Media Processors) for media flows.

1.1.2 Local Media Optimization "Europe" model

Local Media Optimization "Europe" model has been certified with AudioCodes and Ribbon so far. With this feature, offnet media flows to/from internal users remain within BVPN or LAN, but are anchored to private LAN interface of DR SBC (see "Example 3 – offnet call from a BVPN remote site with Local Media Optimization Europe Model" below).

1.1.3 Local Media Optimization "Asia" model

> General overview

Local Media Optimization "Asia" model has been certified with AudioCodes so far, involving Proxy and Downstream SBC. It may be useful to keep media flow geographically local for users that are on very remote BVPN sites that may take advantage of a local Business Talk aSBC.

> BTIP in DROM (French Overseas Territories)

Despite its name, "Asia" model is applicable anywhere, especially in a "BTIP DROM" scope, where a central BTIP trunk is connected to a central Direct Routing SBC in European France, while users in French overseas territories take advantage of a local BTIP trunk connected to a local downstream SBC (see also 1.7 BTIP in DROM (French Overseas Territories).

1.2 FAX

Concerning the FAX support, Business Talk and BTIP support the following usage:

- FAX servers connected to the IPBX* -and sharing same dial plan-,
- FAX servers as separate ecosystems -and separate dial plan-,
- Analog FAX machines, usually connected to specific gateways* (seen as IPBX ecosystem or not).

Note that FAX communications via Business Talk (International) will still be allowed but no longer officially supported by the Orange support teams from April 2023 for new customers implementations.

Microsoft Teams does not directly handle FAX, neither analog device. Those devices can only be interconnected with Teams through the Direct Routing SBC or ATA boxes linked to the Direct Routing SBC and would be fully managed by the Direct Routing SBC.

FAX flows are handled via T.38 transport only.

1.3 Redundancy

Note also that BTIP/BTalk/BTol/BTIPol redundancy mechanisms are not shown on the drawings. This is not the aim of this document.

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1.4 Standalone mode



Example 1 – offnet call from a BVPN remote site without Media Bypass

Here, the Teams user belongs to a BVPN site, as does the SBC. There is no Internet breakout within the local site, though that could be the recommended architecture.

Without Media Bypass, media flows cross Internet to reach Teams Media Processors and SBC.





Example 2 – offnet call from a BVPN remote site with Media Bypass

With Media Bypass, media flows cross Internet and join directly Teams user and SBC. They may cross a Microsoft Transport Relay for NAT traversal reasons, but Transport Relays are much more numerous that Media Processors and provide no time consuming treatment of the media.



Example 3 – offnet call from a BVPN remote site with Local Media Optimization Europe Model



With Local Media Optimization configured, offnet media flow remains on BVPN or LAN for internal Teams users. It aims at using a shorter path to the BT/BTIP SIP trunk and better voice quality than Internet quality. It also saves Internet bandwidth. With "Europe" model, media flows are anchored to the private interface of the Direct Routing SBC. "Asia" model, with which direct media is expected, is not available yet with BT/BTIP.



Example 4 – offnet call from an Internet remote site without Media Bypass (and with or without Local Media Optimization)



Here, the Teams user does not belong to a BVPN site and is located on Internet. Media Bypass is not activated. Local Media Optimization has no effect on call flows involving Internet users.



Example 5a – offnet call from a BVPN remote site with Local Media Optimization Asia model



Local Media Optimization Asia Model may be useful to keep media flow geographically local for users that are on very remote BVPN sites that may take advantage of a local Business Talk aSBC. For instance, the central SBC may be in Japan, while there are some users in Australia (drawing above). Another instance would be in a BTIP "DROM" context, with a central SBC in France and users in West French Indies. A valid solution would be to use locally a separate Direct Routing SBC, but Local Media Optimization Asia model allows to use local **downstream** SBC that does not need to have a public @IP because they need a trunk to the central SBC only. That avoids deploying local DMZ as no Internet access is required.

In this architecture, central SBC may be named **proxy** SBC as well, meaning it is the front-end SBC from Teams point of view, screening the **downstream** SBC.



Example 5b – offnet call from a BVPN central site with Local Media Optimization Asia model



This example is linked to example 5a and shows that a user in Japan uses the central SBC that is trunked to the Japanese aSBC of Business Talk. This is like Local Media Optimization Europ model.



Example 6 – offnet call from an Internet remote site with BToI (Business Talk over Internet)



BVPN is not mandatory in a Business Talk over Internet architecture. Here is a full Internet architecture. Note that the flows are encrypted from end to end. Media Bypass is not activated, but it could be.



Example 7 – onnet BVPN call



In a BVPN architecture, media flows between Teams users belonging to a single BVPN are direct, whether they are on the same site or in distinct sites.

1.5 High Availability mode

High availability is provided by SBC vendor. This is active-passive mode with a single IP address.



From BTIP/BTalk perspective, this is like a single SBC.





HA is fully managed by SBC themselves. From Teams and BTIP/BTalk points of view, the architecture behaves as if there was a single SBC.





Example 2 – offnet call in backup mode (and Media Bypass)

When the nominal SBC fails, the backup SBC transparently handles the service. Current calls are not cut. Here, Media Bypass is activated, but could not be.





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1.6 Active-active mode (resiliency)

From BTIP/BTalk perspective, meaning of active-active mode for incoming offnet calls is actually round-robin mode.

Example 1 – offnet call in an architecture combining two BVPN sites in active-active mode with two SBC in High Availability mode in each



Here is an example of a somewhat highly resilient architecture that mixes spatial redundancy with load balancing and high availability on each SBC site. The two geographic SBC sites are supposed to be both located in the same region as the a-SBC pair they are trunked to.

Teams use DNS load balancing between the two geographic SBC sites for routing outbound offnet calls. On the other and, BTIP/BTalk provides round-robin between the two sites. The two sites are active-active. In addition, there is here an active-passive resilience within each site.

In the next chapter describing connections to BTIP/BTalk, this architecture would be "N SBC pairs - BTalk round robin mode over N pairs in vendor HA mode" with N=2. Of course, a simpler architecture without the High Availability part could be considered as well.



1.7 BTIP in DROM (French Overseas Territories)

1.7.1 Definition

BTIP DROM is part of the french offer dedicated to multi-site companies with some locations in French Overseas departments (aka "DROM").

- IPBX located in continental France or in DROM
- Users located in continental France and in DROM

BTIP in DROM offer aims at keeping the media flows locally, typically for French customers with a central site in Continental France et other sites in DROM such as Caribbean or Indian Ocean. As a cloud service, Teams has no real location, but Direct Routing SBC may have a location. Flows may become more complex than with a regular IPBX and the way to optimizing them may sound sometimes not natural. For instance, as shown below, it is better not to have multiple trunks in case of a single Direct Routing SBC.

1.7.2 Choice of outbound trunk

In BTIP DROM, outbound trunk must depend on the calling site. A call initiated in a Guadeloupean site must be routed to the Caribbean aSBC. Local aSBC have been installed in following regions:

- Caribbean area: for sites of Martinique (+596), Guadeloupe, Saint Barthelemy, Saint Martin (+590), Guyane (+594)
- Réunion: for sites of La Réunion or Mayotte (+262)

SIP trunks must not be used when users call each other with their DID. The call must be considered as local. This is Teams standard behavior.

With Teams, this outbound constraint, and thus the use of BTIP DROM, may not be relevant in some architectures. For instance, as shown below, it is better not to have multiple trunks in case of a single Direct Routing SBC.

1.7.3 « To » header: supported formats for outbound calls to PSTN

Domestic number

- E164 format is preferred: +Country code followed by phone number without "0" prefix Ex : +590 590 88 67 21, +262 262 25 79 02 ou +33 1 25 58 58 58
- Authorized: 0ZABPQMCDU ou 0262PQMCDU for DROM (ex: La Réunion)
 Ex: 0 590 88 67 21, 0 262 25 79 02 ou 02 56 48 58 58
- Tolerated : +33 262PQMCDU for (ex: La Réunion)
 Ex : +33 590 88 67 21 (La Guadeloupe) or +33 262 25 79 02



International number

• E164 : +CC NSN Ex : +48 504135755

Short number

• +33 followed by short number (preferred) or short number Ex : +33 3000 ou 3000

Emergency number

• +33 followed by emergency number (preferred) or emergency number Ex : +33112 ou 112

1.7.4 « From » header: supported formats supportés for outgoing calls to PSTN

- E164 format is preferred: +Country code followed by phpone number without "0" prefix Ex : +33 3 68 45 57 56, +262 262 69 97 03 or +590 590 68 22 41
- Authorized: 0ZABPQMCDU or 0262PQMCDU for DROM (ex: La Réunion)
 Ex: 03 68 45 57 56, 0 262 69 97 03 ou 0 590 68 22 41
- Tolerated: +33 262PQMCDU forDROM (ex: La Réunion)
 Ex: +33 262 69 97 03 or +33 590 68 22 41 (La Guadeloupe)



1.7.5 Comparison of architectures with or without BTIP DROM

This chapter describes some possible architectures with Teams Direct Routing and the impact on voice quality for companies with sites in continental France and in DROM.

	noMBP	MBP	LMOE	LMOA
Two trunks on central DR SBC, one with aSBC in Continental France and one with aSBC in DROM (1.7.6)		Not recommended		N/A
Single trunk on central DR SBC with aSBC in Continental France (1.7.7)	OK for administrative telephony This is stand	Not recommended dard BTIP and not f architecture	OK for administrative telephony BTIP DROM	N/A
One trunk per plate and one DR SBC per plate (1.7.8)		ОК		N/A
One trunk per plate and LMO "Asia" with one downstream SBC per plate (1.7.9)		N/A		OK

1.7.6 Two trunks on central DR SBC, one with aSBC in Continental France and one with aSBC in DROM

The aim of this architecture would be to take advantage of the DROM aSBC for local users. However, it is **not recommended** as shown in the following example, an offnet call between a Caribbean user and an offnet customer located in Continental France. In this case, 3 long legs are involved, leading to a possible bad voice quality:

- leg between Caribbean user and DR SBC located in Continental France,
- leg between DR SBC and DROM aSBC located in the Caribbean,



 leg between DROM aSBC in the Caribbean and TDM Gateway located in Continental France.



Note that the issue would be the same if Local Media Optimization "Europe" model would be enabled. The only difference would be the path of the first leg, remaining in BVPN instead of Internet and Azure, but still crossing the Atlantic Ocean.

1.7.7 Single trunk on central DR SBC with aSBC in Continental France

Without Media ByPass

This architecture is valid for administrative telephony, though advantage is not taken of the DROM aSBC. No Local Media Optimization is enabled in Microsoft Teams Direct Routing. The worst case would be considering an offnet call between a Caribbean user and a local customer. 2 long legs are involved:

- between Caribbean user and DR SBC located in Continental France, through Internet and Azure (assuming Media Bypass is not enabled),
- between BTIP aSBC in Continental France and Caribbean TDM Gateway, through BVPN.

The highest measured Round-Trip Delay (RTD) in BVPN between Continental France and DROM leads to a MOS > 4 (few users dissatisfied). It concerns the Indian Ocean and is lower for the Caribbean.

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However, here, half on the flow only is on BVPN. The other part uses Internet and Azure. Microsoft networking ensures that most part of the leg stays in Azure network, which implements Quality of Service, and a little is over the Internet. That may be enough for administrative telephony.

With Media Bypass, the part of the Internet may be higher. This is why it is less recommended.



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> with Local Media Optimization "Europe"

With LMO "Europe", there is no leg on Internet + Azure and only the Round-Trip Delay on BVPN is relevant. That may be enough for administrative telephony as well.



1.7.8 One trunk per plate and one DR SBC per plate

Without Media ByPass

This architecture is basically deploying two Direct Routing SBC on the same tenant, each one owning its BTIP trunk, here without Media Bypass. Offnet calls are routed locally.



Worst case would be calls between a Caribbean user and a Continental French customer (or reversely), that cross the Atlantic Ocean only once through BVPN between Caribbean aSBC and Continental French TDM Gateway. This architecture is recommended for good voice quality.



> With Local Media Optimization "Europe"

This architecture is a variant of above. It is basically deploying two Direct Routing SBC on the same tenant, each one owning its BTIP trunk, with Local Media Optimization "Europe" model enabled. Offnet calls are fully routed locally.



Worst case would be calls between a Caribbean user and a Continental French customer (or reversely), that cross the Atlantic Ocean only once through BVPN between Caribbean aSBC and Continental French TDM Gateway. This architecture is fully recommended for good voice quality.



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1.7.9 One trunk per plate and LMO "Asia" with one downstream SBC per plate

The architecture depicted here uses Local Media Optimization "Asia" model already described at 1.4. The main difference with above is that the Downstream SBC has no trunk with Teams, but only with the Central SBC and therefore does not need to be open on the Internet.

This is also a recommended architecture for BTIP DROM.



1.7.10 Operator Connect

TBD

1.8 Analog devices

1.8.1 FAX

FAX on Direct Routing SBC with or without Gateway is certified both on French (BTIP) and International (BTalk) scopes. FAX protocol is T.38.

FAX calls to and from Business Talk consumes the same SIP Trunk that is used for interconnection with Teams. When a call is made from FAX or to FAX, the Direct Routing SBC bypasses Teams, which does not talk T.38, for signaling as well as for media

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The analog FAX device can be connected directly to hardware DR SBC with FXS ports. Call is routed directly between Business Talk / Business Talk IP and FAX.

Example 2 - FAX connected to a cascaded GW behind SBC



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In this architecture FAX device is connected to an analog telephony adapter. It is integrated with DR SBC which can be placed in other remote site or in datacenter. DR SBC with no directly connected endpoints can be virtualized.

Same as in previous architecture call is routed directly between Business Talk / Business Talk IP and FAX and bypasses Teams. This has been certified so far with AudioCodes central SBC with AudioCodes GW (MPxxx or Mediant) and Ribbon Edge central SBC with Ribbon GW 1000/2000.

1.8.2 Analog phones

Analog phones on Direct Routing SBC with or without Gateway is certified both on French (BTIP) and International (BTalk) scopes, so far with AudioCodes only as central SBC and remote GW (MPxxx or Mediant).



Example 1 – Analog phone directly connected to central SBC

The analog phone can be connected directly to hardware DR SBC with FXS ports. Call is routed directly between Business Talk / Business Talk IP and analog device.







In this architecture, device is connected to an analog telephony adapter. It is integrated with DR SBC which can be placed in other remote site or in datacenter. DR SBC with no directly connected endpoints can be virtualized. Note that direct media with BTIP/BTalk has been validated in this case.



1.9 Reminder on emergency calls

(Extract of Access SIP profile for connecting PBX to BTIP/BT SIP or FIAs2 services V3.5)

PBX may send a PIDF-LO body for providing geographical information BUT this information must be fulfilled with great care because, if provided, this will be used in case of Emergency call for locating caller. OBS is not responsible for the relevance of the provided information or its format.

Generally, PIDF-LO must not be used on BTIP (French trunk offer). In any case, please contact OBS before using this PIDF-LO body.

1.10 Sizing considerations

1.10.1 Coders

Regarding codec usage in the standard architecture:

RTP G711, G729 or G722 is used between Direct Routing SBC and BTIP/BT (see 3.3 for more information on supported codecs on trunk),

Same codec is used in SRTP between Teams and The Direct Routing SBC so that transcoding is avoided, SRTP overhead compared to RTP is neglectable,

encrypted SILK or G722 is used between Teams Client and Teams Media Processors,

Therefore, a channel for an offnet call may be considered to consume at most 100 kbps throughout its path.

1.10.2 Real Time Voice (RTVo) classification

In Business VPN, voice flows are classified either by using "Access Control Lists" on CE routers or by trusting DSCP configuration of voice endpoints. "DSCP trust" is intended to become the main way of managing QoS. Therefore, take care to have the following DSCP values configured on your equipment (SBC, GW, Teams client, hardphones...):

- Voice media: 46 (= EF) *!! mandatory !!*
- Video media: **26** (=AF31) or **34** (= AF41)
- Signaling: : 24 (=CS3) or 26 (=AF31) or 40 (= CS5) or 46 (= EF)

Note that our configuration guidelines below include this configuration for SBC and Teams client.

Teams proposes no CAC mechanism to ensure that the RTVo bandwidth won't be overloaded and that may lead to packet loss in case of BVPN access saturation. It's up to you to take care of you consumption and properly size your access with the help of your sales contact.



1.10.3 Table of used channels

Following table recaps the use of channels for selected call flows. For onnet calls, channels consumed by possibly involved far end site are not considered.



	Centr	al site	Remote site with Internet breakout		Remote site without Internet breakout	Remote site with downstream SBC (LMO Asia)
	CE Router	Internet	CE Router	Internet	CE Router	CE Router
	RTVo	router	RTVo	router	RTVo	RTVo
Offnet calls without Local Media Optimization						
Client on central site	1	2				
Client on remote site w Internet breakout	1	1		1		
Client on remote site wo Internet breakout	2	2			1	
Offnet calls with Local Media Optimization Europe						
Client on central site	1					
Client on remote site w Internet breakout	2		1		1	
Client on remote site wo Internet breakout	2		1		1	
Offnet calls with Local Media Optimization Asia						
Client served by central SBC						
Client on central site	1					
Client on remote site w Internet breakout	2		1		1	
Client on remote site wo Internet breakout	2		1		1	
Client served by downstream SBC Client on remote site with downstream SBC						1
Client on remote site w Internet breakout			1		1	2
Client on remote site wo Internet breakout			1		1	2
Offnet calls from/to Analog devices						
Without Local Media Optimization Asia						
(device served by central SBC)						
FAX on central site	1					
FAX on remote site w Internet breakout	2		1			
FAX on remote site wo Internet breakout	2				1	
Analog Phone (AP) on central site	1					
AP on remote site w Internet breakout			1			
AP on remote site wo Internet breakout					1	
With Local Media Optimization Asia						
(device served by downstream SBC)						
FAX on remote site with downstream SBC						1
FAX on remote site w Internet breakout			1			2
FAX on remote site wo Internet breakout					1	2
Analog Phone (AP) on downstream SBC						1
AP on remote site w Internet breakout			1			
AP on remote site wo Internet breakout			_		1	
Onnet BVPN calls						
From/to a local client						
Between central site and a remote client	1					
Between remote site w Internet breakout and a						
remote client			1			
Between remote site wo Internet breakout and a						
remote client					1	
Between AP on central site and a remote client	1					
Between AP on remote site w Internet breakout						
and a remote client			1			
Between AP on remote site w Internet breakout						
and a remote client					1	
External calls (between BVPN & Internet clients)						
Client on central site		1				
Client on remote site w Internet breakout				1		
Client on remote site wo Internet breakout	1	1			1	



2 Parameters for connection to BTIP/BTalk/BTol/BTIPol

2.1 Trunking integration

Head Quarter (HQ) architecture	Level of Service	@IP / FQDN used by the service
Single SBC	No redundancy	BTIP/BTalk : SBC IP@ BTol: SBC public IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A BTIPol: SBC public FQDN type A
SBC pair - Vendor HA mode	Local redundancy with nominal/backup behavior. No loss of calls in case of nominal's failure. Single site. Extended local redundancy with nominal/backup behavior. No loss of calls in case of nominal's failure. Two sites linked at L2 level.	BTIP/BTalk: SBC pair floating IP@ BTol: SBC public floating IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A BTIPol: SBC public floating FQDN DNS Type A
N SBC - BTalk round robin mode - Mono region	Local redundancy and load sharing with round robin behavior. Loss of calls handled by a SBC that fails. DNS load balancing from Teams point of view. Geographical redundancy and load sharing with round robin behavior. Loss of calls handled by a SBC that fails. DNS load balancing from Teams point of view. M sites (M <= N) in the same region (i.e. attached to the same aSBC pair with a single T1T7).	BTIP/BTalk: SBC1 IP@ SBC2 IP@ SBCN IP@ BTol: SBC1 public IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A SBC2 public IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A SBCN public IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A SBC1 public IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A SBC1 public IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A SBC1 public FQDN DNS Type A SBC2 public FQDN DNS Type A SBCN public FQDN DNS Type A SBCN public FQDN DNS Type A

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	N SBC pairs - BTalk round robin mode over N pairs in vendor HA mode - Mono region	Local + geographical redundancy and load sharing. If a SBC fails locally, active calls not lost and handled by new active SBC. If a full site fails, active calls are lost, but all users keep the offnet service. In addition, there is a load-balancing between sites : round-robin from BTIP/BT side and DNS load balancing from Teams side.	BTIP/BTalk: SBC pair1 floating IP@ SBC pair2 floating IP@ SBC pairN floating IP@ BTol: SBC pair1 public floating IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A SBC pair2 public floating IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A SBC pair1 public floating IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A SBC pair1 public floating IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A SBC pair1 public floating IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A SBC pair2 public floating IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A SBC pair2 public floating FQDN DNS Type A SBC pair2 public floating FQDN DNS Type A SBC pairN public floating FQDN DNS Type A SBC pairN public floating FQDN DNS Type A	
	N SBC – DNS Resiliency - Mono region	Local redundancy and load sharing with DNS resiliency behavior. Loss of calls handled by a SBC that fails. DNS load balancing from Teams point of view. Geographical redundancy and load sharing with DNS resiliency behavior. Loss of calls handled by a SBC that fails. DNS load balancing from Teams point of view. M sites (M <= N) in the same region (i.e. attached to the same aSBC pair with a single T1T7).	BTIP/Talk: Not applicable BTol or BTIPol: SBC public FQDN DNS Type SRV	
	N SBC pairs – DNS Resiliency over N pairs in vendor HA mode - Mono region	Local + geographical redundancy and load sharing. If a SBC fails locally, active calls not lost and handled by new active SBC. If a full site fails, active calls are lost, but all users keep the offnet service. In addition, there is a load-balancing between sites : DNS resiliency BTIPol/BTol side and DNS load balancing from Teams side	BTIP/BTalk: Not applicable BTol or BTIPol: SBC pairs public FQDN DNS Type SRV	



2 SBC pairs - BTalk T1T7 rescue mode over 2 pairs in vendor HA mode - Multi region (Business Talk only). Limited to 2 pairs for easier understanding. May be extended to N pairs, at least one per involved region.	For users in region 1: offnet calls to/from users of the region 1 are routed through the Direct Routing SBC pair of region 1, located in site 1. For Business Talk, a T1T7 per region permits this routing. For Teams, a second route must be configured for users. If a single SBC in site 2 fails, the backup SBC handles the traffic. If a single SBC in site 1 fails, the backup SBC handles the traffic. If the full site fails, Direct Routing SBC pair of region 2 rescues the offnet service of users, assuming that RTD is acceptable for VoIP. For users in region 2: offnet calls to/from users of the region 2 are routed through the Direct Routing SBC pair of region 2, located in site 2. For Business Talk, a T1T7 per region permits this routing. For Teams, a second route must be configured for users. If a single SBC in site 2 fails, the backup SBC handles the traffic. If the full site fails, Direct Routing SBC pair of region 1 rescues the offnet service of users, , assuming that RTD is acceptable for VoIP.	BTIP/BTalk: SBC pair1 floating IP@ SBC pair2 floating IP@ BTol: SBC pair1 public floating IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A SBC pair2 public floating IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A BTIPol: SBC pair1 public floating FQDN DNS Type A SBC pair2 public floating FQDN DNS Type A
2 SBC Nominal / Backup mode	 Local redundancy: both SBC are hosted on the same site, though HA is preferred here if supported by SBC vendor OR Geographical redundancy both SBC are hosted on 2 different sites with WAN connectivity 	BTIP/BTalk: SBC1 IP@ SBC2 IP@ BTol: SBC1 public IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A SBC2 public IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A BTIPol: SBC pair1 public FQDN DNS Type A SBC pair2 public FQDN DNS Type A
2 SBC pairs Nominal / Backup mode	'- Local and geographical redundancy SBC pairs are hosted on 2 different sites with WAN connectivity, each pair on one site	BTIP/BTalk: SBC pair1 IP@ SBC pair2 IP@ BTol: SBC pair1 public IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A SBC pair2 public IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A BTIPol:



SBC pair1 public FQDN DNS Type A
SBC pair2 public FQDN DNS Type A

Remote Site (RS)		
architecture**	Level of Service	
Remote site without SBC	No survivability, no trunk redundancy	
Remote site with single downstream SBC for Local Media Optimization "Asia model"	Allows offnet media for local users not to transit through central SBC, but stay local. No redundancy of the downstream SBC	BTIP DROM/BTalk : Downstream SBC IP@ BTol: Downstream SBC public IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A BTIPol DROM: Downstream SBC public FQDN type A
Remote site with downstream SBC pair for Local Media Optimization "Asia model" - Vendor HA mode	Local redundancy of the downstream SBC with nominal/backup behavior. No loss of calls in case of nominal's failure. Single site. Extended local redundancy of the downstrealm SBC with nominal/backup behavior. No loss of calls in case of nominal's failure. Two sites linked at L2 level.	BTIP/BTalk: Downstream SBC pair floating IP@ BTol: Downstream SBC public floating IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A BTIPol: Downstream SBC public floating FQDN DNS Type A
Remote site with N downstream SBC for Local Media Optimization "Asia model" - BTalk round robin mode - Mono region (Premium architecture)	Local redundancy and load sharing of the downstream SBC with round robin behavior. Loss of calls handled by a SBC that fails. Single site. Geographical redundancy and load sharing of the downstream with round robin behavior. Loss of calls handled by a SBC that fails. M sites (M <= N) in the same region (i.e. attached to the same aSBC pair with a single T1T7).	BTIP/BTalk: Downstream SBC1 IP@ Downstream SBC2 IP@ Downstream SBCN IP@ BTol: Downstream SBC1 public IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A Downstream SBC2 public IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A Downstream SBCN public IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A BTIPol: Downstream SBC1 public FQDN DNS Type A Downstream SBC2 public FQDN DNS Type A Downstream SBC2 public FQDN DNS Type A

Business	Technical guide to acces	ss Business Talk & BTIP service Microsoft Teams Direct Routing
Remote site with N downstream SBC pairs for Local Media Optimization "Asia model" - BTalk round robin mode over N pairs in vendor HA mode - Mono region (Premium+ architecture)	Local + geographical redundancy and load sharing of the downstream SBC. If a SBC fails locally, active calls not lost and handled by new active SBC. If a full site fails, active calls are lost, but all users keep the offnet service. In addition, there is a load-balancing between sites: round-robin from BTIP/BT side.	BTIP/BTalk: Downstream SBC pair1 floating IP@ Downstream SBC pair2 floating IP@ Downstream SBC pairN floating IP@ BTol: Downstream SBC pair1 public floating IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A Downstream SBC pair2 public floating IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A Downstream SBC pair1 public floating IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A Downstream SBC pair1 public floating IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A Downstream SBC pair1 public floating IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A BTIPol: Downstream SBC pair1 public floating FQDN DNS Type A Downstream SBC pair2 public floating FQDN DNS Type A Downstream SBC pair2 public floating FQDN DNS Type A Downstream SBC pairN public floating FQDN DNS Ty
Remote site with 2 downstream SBC for Local Media Optimization "Asia model" Nominal / Backup mode	 Local redundancy: both downstream SBC are hosted on the same site, though HA is preferred here if supported by SBC vendor OR Geographical redundancy both SBC are hosted on 2 different sites with WAN connectivity 	BTIP/BTalk:Downstream SBC1 IP@Downstream SBC2 IP@BTol:Downstream SBC1 publicIP@ or FQDN DNS Type ADownstream SBC2 publicIP@ or FQDN DNS Type ABTIPol:Downstream SBC pair1public FQDN DNS Type ADownstream SBC pair2public FQDN DNS Type A
Remote site with 2 downstream SBC pairs for Local Media Optimization "Asia model" Nominal / Backup mode	- Local and geographical redundancy Downstream SBC pairs are hosted on 2 different sites with WAN onnectivity, each pair on one site	BTIP/BTalk: Downstream SBC pair1 IP@ Downstream SBC pair2 IP@ BTol: Downstream SBC pair1 public IP@ or FQDN DNS Type A



	Downstream SBC pair2
	public IP@ or FQDN DNS
	Туре А
	BTIPol:
	Downstream SBC pair1
	public FQDN DNS Type A
	Downstream SBC pair2
	public FQDN DNS Type A

2.2 SBC IP addressing requirements

For BT/BTIP:

- Internet facing Interface: 1 Public IP address + 1 Private IP address NATed to the Public IP
 - Note: cf. NAT translation rule.
- BT/BTIP SIP trunk Interface: 1 IP address
- Management Interface: 1 IP address

- Note: For BT/BTIP customers, this interface is generally shared with the BT/BTIP SIP trunk interface. This assumption has be taken in this document.

[Optional] HA interface: 1 IP address (non-routed)

For Business Talk over Internet (BTol), or BTIPol :

Internet facing Interface: 1 Public IP

Notes:

- For BToI/BTIPol customers, this interface is shared between TEAMS and BToI/BTIPol SIP Trunk.
- BTol/BTIPol recommends not to use NAT (cf. NAT translation rule).
- Management Interface: 1 IP address
- [Optional] HA interface: 1 IP address (non-routed)

2.3 ACL for BTol/BTIPol

The WAN or public IP interface is usually exposed to the public Internet through a DMZ, so it is strongly recommended to use an Access Control List for protecting access.

For instance, as a prerequisite, Ribbon recommends reading the SBC Edge Security Hardening Checklist to understand how to secure the SBC into your network infrastructure.

2.4 TLS integration for BTol/BTIPol

Root and intermediate Certificate (PEM format) must be transmitted to Orange BTIP/BTalk team.


Technical guide to access Business Talk & BTIP service Microsoft Teams Direct Routing



3 BTIP/BTalk/BTol/BTIPol certified versions

3.1 Teams

There is no release numbering of Microsoft Teams. This is continuous delivery. Therefore, the compatibility of the 3 main components, i.e. certified DR SBC w Teams and BTIP/BTalk cannot be fully committed at any time.

3.2 Certified SBC

Certified with standard architectures are:

Vendor	Model	Release	BTIP	BTalk	BTol	BTIPol ⁽¹⁾	Codec	MBP ⁽²⁾	LMO ⁽³⁾	AP ⁽⁴⁾	FAX
Audio- Codes	M500/800/1000/ 2600/4000/9000 & VE	v.7.20A, build 258.475+	V	V	V	V	G.722 G.711 G.729	V	√ Europe Asia	7	V
Ribbon	Edge 1000/2000 & SweLite	9.0.4+ (but not 9.0.5)	V	V	V	V	G.711 Other plan- ned	V	√ Europe	Plan -ned	V
Oracle	Acme Packet 1100/3900/4600 /6300/6350 & VME	S-Cz8.4.0 p2+	V	V	Cust. request	Cust. request	G.722 G711 G729	V	Ongoing	No	No

(1) BTIPol (BTIP Internet) service is not yet open at the time this document is produced. Please

check with your sales contact

(2) MBP = Media Bypass

(3) LMO = Local Media Optimization "Europe" model and/or "Asia" model

(4) AP = Analog Phones

3.3 Codecs on trunk

3.3.1 Monocodec

Only G711 (A or μ laws) and G.729 are allowed



3.3.2 Multicodec (provided that Multicodec has been validated in table above)

On BTIP/BTIPI, only following configurations are allowed:

- G711A, G729
- G722, G711A
- G722, G711A, G729

On Btalk/BToI, only following configurations are allowed:

- G711 (A/µ), G729
- G722, G711 (A/µ)
- G722, G711 (A/µ), G729

3.4 Restrictions in Local Media Optimization

Some features may be unavailable due to Teams restrictions. Please check following link before applying LMO to your configuration:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/microsoftteams/direct-routing-media-optimization#knownissues

3.5 Endpoints

As far as Local Media Optimization "Asia" model, that would allow direct RTP between Teams endpoint and BTIP/BTalk aSBC, is not certified, all Microsoft-certified endpoints are certified with Direct Routing and BTIP/BTalk. Indeed, RTP is at least screened by DR SBC.



4 AudioCodes SBC Configuration Checklist for BTIP/BTIPol/BTalk/BTol

The checklist below presents all steps of configuration required for VISIT SIP Teams deployment.

Source	Source IP	Source port	Destination	Destination IP	Destination port	Comment
SBC	SBC public @IP	TLS 5061	BTol	BTol public @IP	TLS 5061	SIP Outgoing
BTol	BTol public @IP	Any	SBC	SBC public @IP	TLS 5061	SIP Incoming
SBC	SBC public @IP	Range defined in Media Realm	BTol	BTol public @IP	UDP 6000-20000	Media outgoing
BTol	BTol public @IP	UDP 6000-20000	SBC	SBC public @IP	Range defined in Media Realm	Media incoming

4.1 Flow matrix with BTol

4.2 Flow matrix with BTIPol

Source	Source IP	Source port	Destination	Destination IP	Destination port	Comment
SBC	SBC public @IP	TLS 5061	BTIPol	BTIPol SIP public @IP	TLS 5061	SIP Outgoing
BTIPol	BTIPol SIP public @IP	Any	SBC	SBC public @IP	TLS 5061	SIP Incoming
SBC	SBC public @IP	Range defined in Media Realm	BTIPol	BTIPol media public @IP	UDP 6000-38000	Media outgoing
BTIPol	BTIPol media public @IP	UDP 6000-38000	SBC	SBC public @IP	Range defined in Media Realm	Media incoming

4.3 Configuration checklist for Office365 Tenant

Parameters to configure the SIP Trunk between Tenant and SBC:

Fqdn	<customer fqdn="" public="" sbc=""></customer>
<mark>SipSignallingPort</mark>	<mark>5062</mark>
MaxConcurrentSessio	<number max="" of="" sessions=""></number>
ns	
Enabled	\$true
ForwardPai	\$true
SendSipOptions	\$true
ForwardCallHistory	\$true



Powershell cmdlet:

#New-CsOnlinePSTNGateway -Fqdn sbc.contoso.com -SipSignallingPort 5062 -MaxConcurrentSessions 50 -Enabled \$true -ForwardPai \$true -MediaBypass \$false -ForwardCallHistory \$true -SendSipOptions \$true To activate media bypass:

#Set-CsOnlinePSTNGateway -Identity sbc.contoso.com -MediaBypass \$true Note: media bypass is only compatible from Audiocodes version 7.20A.254.475.

To activate local media optimization (Europe Scenario) at Tenant level:

#Set-CSOnlinePSTNGateway -Identity sbc.contoso.com -GatewaySiteID "MySite"
-ProxySBC \$null -BypassMode Always

#New-CsTenantNetworkRegion -identity "MyRegion" -description "DR Media
Optimization SBCs for MyRegion"

#New-CsTenantNetworkSite -identity "MySite" -NetworkRegionID "MyRegion" description "DR MO Remote Site in MyRegion"

#New-CsTenantNetworkSubnet -identity <Network IP address> -MaskBits
<network range: example 24 or 25> -NetworksiteID "MySite" -description
"MySite Voice Subnet"

#New-CsTenantTrustedIPAddress -identity <Public NAT for MySite> -MaskBits
<network range: ex 24 or 25> -description "Public NAT for MySite"

Note: Local Media Optimization is only compatible from Audiocodes version 7.20A.258.475

4.4 Configuration checklist for QoS in Teams client

QoS management is done by configuring the Teams.exe at Windows level.

This configuration is done either locally or by GPO:

- Locally: Use policy-based Quality of Service (QoS) within Group Policy, and create a policy for Teams Audio with following parameters:

Parameter	Value	Description
Policy Name	Teams Audio	
Application Name	Teams.exe	
Protocol	Both	TCP and UDP
Source Port Start	50000	Source ports used by Teams desktop
Source Port End	50019	clients are managed in the Teams
		Admin center. Microsoft recommends to
		keep this initial port range.
DSCP value	46	DSCP=46 Expedited Forwarding (EF)

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- By GPO: #new-NetQosPolicy -Name "Teams Audio" -AppPathNameMatchCondition "Teams.exe" - IPProtocolMatchCondition Both -IPSrcPortStartMatchCondition 50000 -IPSrcPortEndMatchCondition 50019 -DSCPAction 46 -NetworkProfile All

4.5 Parameters not available via the web admin page

Some parameters cannot be set via the Web Admin and must be configured via CLI or directly edited in the .INI file:

Parameter: sbc-100trying-upon-reinvite

Enables the device to send a SIP 100 Trying response upon receipt of a reINVITE request. BusinessTalk infrastructure must receive a response within the next 200ms following any INVITE/reINVITE. By default, the Audiocodes SBC does not generates 100 TRYING when receiving a reINVITE, enabling the parameter will force the SBC to generate it.

Via CLI: configure voip > sbc settings > sbc-100trying-upon-reinvite on

Via .ini file: inside the [SIP Params] section add the following line:

SBC100TRYINGUPONREINVITE = 1

4.6 SBC IP addressing requirements

For BT/BTIP:

Internet facing Interface: 1 Public IP address + 1 Private IP address NATed to the Public IP

- Note: cf. NAT translation rule.

- **BT/BTIP SIP trunk Interface:** 1 IP address
- Management Interface: 1 IP address

- Note: For BT/BTIP customers, this interface is generally shared with the BT/BTIP SIP trunk interface. This assumption has be taken in this document.

• [Optional] HA interface: 1 IP address (non-routed)

For Business Talk over Internet (BTol), or BTIPol :

Internet facing Interface: 1 Public IP

Notes:

- For BTol/BTIPol customers, this interface is shared between TEAMS and BTol/BTIPol SIP Trunk.

- BTol/BTIPol recommends not to use NAT (cf. NAT translation rule).
- Management Interface: 1 IP address
- [Optional] HA interface: 1 IP address (non-routed)



4.7 Configuration checklist for Mediant SBC – Standalone

- Step 1 IP Network configuration
- Step 2 Teams configuration
- Step 3 Business Talk configuration
- Step 4 Routing configuration
- Step 5 Pre-Recorded Tones files

4.7.1 Step 1 - IP Network configuration

Ethernet Groups	
On the Mediant WebUi Interface: SETUP > IP Network > Core entities > Ethernet Groups	 1 Ethernet Group for Teams and BTol/BTIPol (GROUP_1) 1 Ethernet Group for BTIP or LAN (GROUP_2) [Optional] 1 Ethernet Group for HA (GROUP_3) If BT/BTIP : ✓ GROUP_1 is dedicated to Teams Only ✓ GROUP_2 is shared between BT/BTIP and Management If BTol/BTIPol : ✓ GROUP_1 is shared between Teams and BTol/BTIPol ✓ GROUP_2 is dedicated Management Only
Ethernet Devices	
SETUP > IP Network > Core entities > Ethernet Devices	 1 Ethernet Device for Teams and BToI/BTIPoI (EthD_Teams) 1 Ethernet Device for BTIP or LAN (EthD_LAN or EthD_BTIP) [Optional] 1 Ethernet Device for HA (EthD_HA) If BTIP : ✓ EthD_BTIP associated to GROUP2 If BTOI/BTIPOI : ✓ EthD_Teams (shared with BToI): associated to GROUP1 ✓ EthD_LAN: associated to GROUP2
IP Interfaces	
SETUP > IP Network > Core entities > IP Interface Devices	 ✓ 1 IP Interface for Teams (IPInt_Teams) (shared with BTol/BTIPol) ✓ 1 IP Interface for LAN (IPInt_LAN or IPInt_BTIP) ✓ [Optional] 1 IP Interface for HA (IPInt_HA) ✓ IPInt_Teams: associated to "EthD_Teams", Media and SIG If BT/BTIP: ✓ IPInt_BTIP: associated to "EthD_BTIP", Media, SIG, OAM If BTol / BTIPol:
	✓ IPInt_Teams: associated to "EthD_Teams", Media, SIG



	✓ IPInt_LAN: associated to "EthD_LAN", OAM
	If HA mode :
	✓ IPInt_HA: associated to "EthD_HA", used for HA mode
NAT Translation	
SETUP > IP Network > Core entities >	If BT/ BTIP:
	Create 1 rule for signalization and media traffic
	- Source Start Port : 1024
	- Source End Port : 65535
	 Target IP Address: <sbc address="" ip="" public=""></sbc>
	- Target Start Port:
	- Target End Port:
	If BTol / BTIPol:
	General recommendation is not to use NAT translation for BTol/BTIPol.
	The SBC IP interface dedicated to Teams and BTol/BTIPol will be assigned
	the SBC Public IP address.
Co ovvitu	
TI S Contexts	
On the Mediant Webl II Interface:	Create new TLS Context for Teams traffic (shared with BTol/BTIPol)
SETUP > IP Network > Security > TLS	- Name: Teams-TLSContext
Contexts	- TLS Version: TLSv1.2
	- DTLS Version: DTLSv1.2
	- DH Key Size: 2048
SETUP > IP Network > Security > TLS	Create a new CSR for Teams/BTol/BTIPol SBC FQDN and send it to the
Change Certificate	public certification autionty for signing. Then apload it to the Mediant.
SETUP > IP Network > Security > TLS	Import Root/ Intermediate Certificates
Contexts > Teams-TLSContext >	
Firewall [Warning: not fully t	tested1
On the Mediant Webl II Interface:	Create new access lists for public DNS
SETUP > IP Network > Security >	- Index: 0
Firewall	- Description: <dns ip="" public=""> (eg. 8.8.8.8)</dns>
	 Source IP: <dns ip="" public=""> (eg. 8.8.8.8)</dns>
	- Prefix Length: 32
	- Use specific interface: Enable
	- Action Upon Match: Allow
	Create new access lists for each Teams proxy (6 in Total)
	- Index: 1 to 6
	- Description: < I eams proxy IP> (eg. 52.114.76.76)
	- Prefix Length: 32
	- Use specific interface: Enable
	- Interface Name: IPInt_Teams
	- Action Upon Match: Allow



<u>If BTol / BTIPol:</u>
Create new access lists for each BTol/BTIPol aSBC (2 in total if
nominal/backup)
- Index: 1
 Description: <btoi btipol="" ip="" public=""></btoi>
 Source IP: <btoi btipol="" ip="" public=""></btoi>
- Prefix Length: 32
- Use specific interface: Enable
 Interface Name: IPInt_Teams
- Action Upon Match: Allow
Create new access list to block all other networks (6 in Total). This rule has
to be the last of the list.
- Index: 49
- Description: 0.0.0.0
- Source IP: 0.0.0.0
- Prefix Length: 0
- Use specific interface: Enable
- Interface Name: IPInt_Teams
- Action Upon Match: Block



4.7.2 Step 2 - Teams configuration			
Allowed Audio Coder Groups			
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Coders & Profiles > Allowed Audio Coders Groups	Create Teams_AudioCoders Select the created entry, then click on "Allowed Audio Coders 0 Items" and click on new: - Coder Name: G722 - Coder Name: G711A-law - Coder Name: G711U-law - Coder Name: G729		
IP Profile			
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Coders & Profiles > IP Profiles	Create new IP Profile for Teams Name: Teams-IPProfile SBC Media Security Mode: SRTP SBC Enforce MKI Size: Enforce Reset SRTP Upon Re-key: Disable Generate SRTP Keys Mode: Only If Required Remote Early Media RTP Detection Mode: By Media Allowed Audio Coder: Teams_AudioCoders Allowed Coders mode: Restriction and Preference RTCP Mode: Generate Always ICE Mode: Disable/Lite (Lite only required when MediaBypass activated at Tenant level) RTP IP DiffServ: 46 Signalling DiffServ: 24 Remote Delayed Offer Supported only with SDP Remote REFER Mode: Handle locally Remote REFER Mode: Handle locally Remote Replaces Mode: Handle locally Remote Hold Format: Inactive If BTol/BTIPol, the following parameters must be changed: Diversion Header Mode: Remove History-Info Header Mode: Add 		
Marilla Daraha			
	Oraște anu Madia Dasla (a. 7		
SE I'UP > Signaling&Media > Core Entities > Media Realms	 Create new Media Realm for Teams traffic Name: Teams-Media Topology location: UP IPv4 Interface Name: IPInt_Teams UDP Port Range Start: 49160 Number of Media Session Legs: 1637 Default Media Realm: Yes 		
SIP Interface			
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Core Entities > SIP Interface	Create new SIP Interface for Teams traffic - Name : Teams-SIPInterface - Topology Location: UP - Network Interface : IPInt_Teams - UDP Port : 0		



	 TCP Port: 0 TLS Port: 5062 Enable TCP Keep alive: Enable Classification Failure response Type: 0 Media Realm: Teams-Media TLS Context Name: Teams-TLSContext TLS Mutual Authentication: Disable
Proxy Set	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Core Entities > Proxy Set	Create new Proxy Set for Teams traffic Name : Teams-Proxies SBC IPv4 SIP Interface : Teams-SIPInterface TLS Context Name: Teams-TLSContext Proxy Keep-Alive : Using OPTIONS Proxy Keep-Alive Time : 180 Proxy Hot swap: Enable Proxy Load Balancing method: Random Weights (Proxy Address Table) : Create 3 Entries for Teams Proxies Index: 0 Proxy Address: sip.pstnhub.microsoft.com:5061 Transport Type: TLS Priority Proxy: 1 Proxy Random Weight: 1 Index: 1 Proxy Random Weight: 1 Proxy Random Weight: 1 Index: 2 Proxy Address: sip3.pstnhub.microsoft.com:5061 Transport Type: TLS Priority Proxy: 2 Proxy Random Weight: 1 Index: 2 Proxy Address: sip3.pstnhub.microsoft.com:5061 Transport Type: TLS
Message Manipulation	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	 Create new message manipulation "Teams_Privacy_Removal" Name : Teams_Privacy_Removal Manipulation Set ID: 1 Row Role: Use Current Condition Match> Message Type: Invite.Request Match> Condition: Header.From.URL.user != 'anonymous' Action> Action Subject: Header.Privacy Action> Action Type: Remove Action> Action Value:
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	Create new message manipulation " M=x-data_Removal " - Name : M=x-data_Removal - Manipulation Set ID: 1 - Row Role: Use Current Condition - Match> Message Type: Reinvite

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	-
	 Match> Condition: Body.sdp regex (.*)(m=audio)(.*)(m=x-data)(.*)
	 Action > Action Subject: Body.sdp
	 Action> Action Type: Modify
	 Action> Action Value: \$1+\$2+\$3
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	Create new message manipulation "Teams_Busy_Here_Cause34_Removal"
	 Name: Teams_Busy_Here_Cause34_Removal
	- Manipulation Set ID: 1
	- Row Role: Use Current Condition
	 Match> Message Type: Any
	 Match> Condition: Header.Request-URI.MethodType=='486' AND Header.Reason.Reason.Cause == '34'
	- Action> Action Subject: Header.Reason
	 Action> Action Type: Remove
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message	Create new message manipulation "Keep_First_Codec"
Manipulations	- Name: Keep_First_Codec
	- Manipulation Set ID: 2
	- Row Role: Use Current Condition
	 Match> Message Type: Any
	 Match> Condition: Body.sdp regex (.*RTP/SAVP)([0-9]{1,3})(.*)(101\r\n.*)
	 Action > Action Subject: Body.sdp
	- Action > Action Type: Modify
	- Action> Action Value: \$1+\$2+\$4
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message	Create new message manipulation "Add Annexb No 1"
Manipulations	- Name: Add Annexb No 1
	- Manipulation Set ID: 1
	- Row Role: Use Current Condition
	- Match> Message Type: Invite.Reguest
	- Match> Condition: Body.sdp regex (.*)(m=audio)(.*)(
	18)(.*)(a=maxptime:200)(.*)
	 Action> Action Subject: Body.sdp
	 Action> Action Type: Modify
	Action> Action Value: \$0+'a=fmtp:18 annexb=no'+\$7
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message	Create new message manipulation "Add Annexb No 2"
Manipulations	- Name: Add_Annexb_No_2
	- Manipulation Set ID: 1
	- Row Role: Use Current Condition
	 Match> Message Type: Invite.Request
	 Match> Condition: Body.sdp regex (.*)(a=fmtp:18 annexb=ves)(.*)
	- Action> Action Subject: Body.sdp
	- Action> Action Type: Modify
	 Action > Action Value: \$1+'a=fmtp:18 annexb=no'+\$3
IP Group	
	Create now IP Group for Toome troffic
Entities > IP Group	
	- maine . reams-revioup
	- Topology Lucation. UF
	- FIUXY SEL TEATIS-FIUXIES
	- IF FIUIIIE. IEdilis-IFFIUIIE Modia Doalm: Toama Media
	- Wieula Reallin. Teallis-Wieula - SID Group Name: «Customar Toame Bublic EODN»



	- Classify by Proxy Set: Disable
	- Local Host Name: - Customer Teams Public FODN>
	- Always use are Address: Vas
	- Media TI S Context: Teams-TI SContext
	Provy Keen Alive using IP Group settings: Enable
	- Floxy Reep-Airve using iF Gloup settings. Enable
	 mound message manipulation set a (manipulation set id including manipulations: "Teams_Privacy_Removal")
	 Outbound Message Manipulation Set: 2 (Manipulation set id including manipulations: "Teams_Privacy_Modify")
	If LMO (Europe Scenario):
	- Internal Media Realm: BTIP-Media
	 Teams Media Optimization handling: Teams Decides
	- Teams Media Optimization Initial Behavior: Internal
Media Security	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Media > IP	Configure following parameters:
Media Security	- Media Security : Enable
RTP / RTCP settings	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Media > IP	Configure following parameters:
RTP/RTCP Settings	- RTP UDP Port Spacing : 10
_	- RFC2833 TX Pavload Type: 101
	- FC 2833 Rx Pavload Type: 101
DSP Settings	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Media >	Configure following parameters:
DSP Settings	- Answer Detector Activity Delay: 512
	- Answer Detector Silence Time: 96
	- Answer Detector Sensitivity: 2
	- Energy Detector Quality Factor: 0
	- Energy Detector Threshold: 0
Proxy & Registration	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > SIP	Configure following parameters:
Definitions > Proxy & Registration	- Gateway Name: <customer fqdn="" public="" sbc="" teams=""></customer>
	- Use Gateway Name for Options: Yes
Message Condition	
SETLIP > Signaling&Media > SIP	Create new message condition for incoming SIP messages
Definitions > Message Conditions	- Name : Teams contact
, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	- Condition: header contact url host contains
	'pstnhub.microsoft.com'
Classification	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > SBC >	Create new classification
Classification	- Name : From Teams-IPGroup
	- Source SIP Interface: Teams-SIPInterface
	- Source IP Address: *
	- Destination Host: <customer fqdn="" public="" sbc="" teams=""></customer>
	- Message Condition: Teams contact
	- Source IP Group: Teams-IPGroup
SBC General Settings	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > SBC >	Configure following parameters:
	CDC Defermence Drafile: Ontimized for CDTD

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4.7.3 Step 3 – Business Talk configuration		
Allowed Audio Coder Groups		
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Coders & Profiles > Allowed Audio Coders Groups	If BT: Create BT_AudioCoders Select the created entry, then click on "Allowed Audio Coders 0 Items" and click on new: - Coder Name: G722 - Coder Name: G711A-law - Coder Name: G711U-law - Coder Name: G729 If BTIP: Create BTIP_AudioCoders Select the created entry, then click on "Allowed Audio Coders 0 Items" and click on new: - Coder Name: G722 - Coder Name: G722 - Coder Name: G722 - Coder Name: G729 If BTO!/BTIPOI: Create BTol_AudioCoders (or BTIPol) Select the created entry, then click on "Allowed Audio Coders 0 Items" and click on new: - Coder Name: G729 If BTO!/BTIPOI: Create BTol_AudioCoders (or BTIPol) Select the created entry, then click on "Allowed Audio Coders 0 Items" and click on new: - Coder Name: G711A-law	
IP Profile		
IP Profile SETUP > Signaling&Media > Coders & Profiles > IP Profiles	Create new IP Profile for Business Talk If BT: - Name: BTIP-IPProfile - SBC Media Security Mode: RTP - Allowed Audio Coders: AudioCoders_BT If BTIP: - - Name: BTIP-IPProfile - SBC Media Security Mode: RTP - Allowed Audio Coders: AudioCoders_BTIP If BTOI: - - Name: BToI-IPProfile - SBC Media Security Mode: SRTP - Allowed Audio Coders: AudioCoders_BToI If BTOI: - - Name: BToI-IPProfile - SBC Media Security Mode: SRTP - Allowed Audio Coders: AudioCoders_BToI For Both BT/BTIP and BToI: - - Symmetric MKI: Disable - MKI Size: 0 - Allowed Coders Mode: Restriction - RFC2833 DTMF Payload Type: 101 - RTP IP DiffServ: 46 - Signaling DiffServ: 24 - P-Asserted-Identity header mode: Add	



	- Remote REFER Mode: Handle locally
	- Remote Replaces Mode : Handle Locally
	- Plav RBT to Transferee : ves
	- Remote 3xx Mode: Handle locally
	- Remote Hold Format: Send Only
Media Realm	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Core Entities > Media Realms	Create new or edit Teams Media Realm for Business Talk If BT/BTIP : Name: BTIP-Media Topology location: DOWN IPv4 Interface Name: IPInt_BTIP UDP Port Range Start: 16400 Number of Media Session Legs: 1000 Default Media Realm: No If BTol /BTIPol (edit Teams): Name: Teams-Media Topology location: UP IPv4 Interface Name: IPInt_Teams UDB Part Parent Start: 5000
	- UDP Port Range Start: 6000
	 Number of Media Session Legs: 5953
SIP Interface	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Core Entities > SIP Interface	Create new SIP Interface for Business Talk If BT/BTIP: - Name : BTIP-SIPInterface - Topology location: DOWN - Network Interface : IPInt_BTIP - TCP Port: 5060 - TLS Port: 0 - Media Realm: BTIP-Media If BTol / BTIPol: - - Name : BTol-SIPInterface - Network Interface : IPInt_Teams - TCP Port: 0 - TLS Port: 5061 - Media Realm: Teams-Media - TLS Context Name: Teams-TLSContext - TLS Mutual Authentication: Enable
	For Both B1/B1/P and B101 / B1/P01:
	- TOPOTOGY LOCATION: DOWN
Proxy Set	



SETUP > Signaling&Media > Core Entities > Proxy Set	Create new Proxy Set for Business Talk If BT/BTIP: Name : BTIP-Proxies SBC IPv4 SIP Interface : BTIP-SIPInterface Proxy Keep-Alive : Using OPTIONS Proxy Keep-Alive : Using OPTIONS Redundancy Mode: Homing Proxy Hot swap: Enable If BTol: Name : BTIO-Proxies SBC IPv4 SIP Interface : BTIO-SIPInterface TLS Context Name : Teams-TLSContext Proxy Keep-Alive : Using OPTIONS Proxy Address Table : If BT/ETIP: Create 2 Entries for Business Talk Proxies First, the Nominal entry (mandatory to get the higher priority) Proxy Address : <nominal acme="" sbc="">:5060 Transport Type : TCP If Endit Create the Entries for Business Talk Proxy Proxy Address : <nominal bto="" fqdn="" sbc="">:5061 Transport Type : TLS If BTIPOI: Create the Entries for Business Talk Proxy Proxy Address : < Backup BTO SBC FQDN >:5061 Transport Type: TLS If BTIPOI: Create the Entries for Business Talk Proxy Proxy Address : <backup bto="" fqdn="" sbc="">:5061 Transport Type: TLS If BTIPOI: Create the Entries for Business Talk Proxy Proxy Address : <backup bto="" fqdn="" sbc="">:5061 Transport Type: TLS If STIPOI: Create the Entries for Business Talk Proxy Proxy Address : <bippoi fqdn="" sbc="" srv=""> Transport Type: TLS If STIPOI: Create the Entries for Business Talk Proxy Proxy Address : <bippoi fqdn="" sbc="" srv=""> T</bippoi></bippoi></backup></backup></nominal></nominal>
Message Manipulation	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	Create new message manipulation "User-Agent_Modification » Name : User-Agent_Modification Manipulation Set ID: 3 Row Role: Use Current Condition



	 Match> Message Type: any
	- Match> Condition:
	 Action > Action Subject: Header.User-Agent
	- Action > Action Type: Modify
	- Action> Action Value: Header.User-Agent.Content + '\Teams'
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message	Create new message manipulation "Add 101 to ACK SDP"
Manipulations	- Name: Add 101 to ACK SDP
	- Manipulation Set ID: 4
	- Row Role: Use Current Condition
	- Match> Message Type: Ack
	- Match> Condition: Body.sdp !contains 'a=rtpmap:101
	telephone-event/8000'
	- Action> Action Subject: Body.sdp
	- Action> Action Type: Add
	Action> Action Value: 'a=rtpmap:101 telephone-event/8000\\a=fmtp:101
	0-15'
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message	For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP):
Manipulations	Create new message manipulation "Add Diversion1 twds BTol»
	- Name : Add Diversion1 twds BTol
	- Manipulation Set ID: 3
	- Row Role: Use Current Condition
	- Match> Message Type: INVITE
	- Match> Condition: Header History-Info exists
	- Action > Action Subject: Header Diversion
	- Action > Action Type: Add
	Action: Action Type. Add
	ACTIONS ACTION VALUE: ZSIN:TEMN WISEL, PUNIC TOOM USER-NOODES
	Action > Action value: <sip:temp@jsbc_public_rqanj;user=phone>*</sip:temp@jsbc_public_rqanj;user=phone>
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message	For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP):
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Modify Diversion1 twds BTol»
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Modify Diversion1 twds BTol» - Name : Modify Diversion1 twds BTol
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Modify Diversion1 twds BTol» - Name : Modify Diversion1 twds BTol - Manipulation Set ID: 3
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Modify Diversion1 twds BTol» Name : Modify Diversion1 twds BTol Manipulation Set ID: 3 Row Role: Use Current Condition
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Modify Diversion1 twds BTol» - Name : Modify Diversion1 twds BTol - Manipulation Set ID: 3 - Row Role: Use Current Condition
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Modify Diversion1 twds BTol» - Name : Modify Diversion1 twds BTol - Manipulation Set ID: 3 - Row Role: Use Current Condition - Match> Message Type: INVITE - Match> Condition: Header History-Info 0 regey (csin:)(*)(@)(*)
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Modify Diversion1 twds BTol» - Name : Modify Diversion1 twds BTol - Manipulation Set ID: 3 - Row Role: Use Current Condition - Match> Message Type: INVITE - Match> Condition: Header.History-Info.0 regex (<sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)< td=""> Action Subject: Header Diversion UPL User</sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)<>
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	Action/> Action Value: <sip:temp@jsbc_public_rgan;user=phone> For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Modify Diversion1 twds BTol» Name : Modify Diversion1 twds BTol Manipulation Set ID: 3 Row Role: Use Current Condition Match> Message Type: INVITE Match> Condition: Header.History-Info.0 regex (<sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)< td=""> Action> Action Subject: Header.Diversion.URL.User</sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)<></sip:temp@jsbc_public_rgan;user=phone>
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Modify Diversion1 twds BTol» - Name : Modify Diversion1 twds BTol - Manipulation Set ID: 3 - Row Role: Use Current Condition - Match> Message Type: INVITE - Match> Condition: Header.History-Info.0 regex (<sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)< td=""> - Action> Action Subject: Header.Diversion.URL.User - Action> Action Type: Modify</sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)<>
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	Action Value: <sip:temp@jsbc_public_rqun;user=phone> For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Modify Diversion1 twds BTol» - Name : Modify Diversion1 twds BTol - Manipulation Set ID: 3 - Row Role: Use Current Condition - Match> Message Type: INVITE - Match> Condition: Header.History-Info.0 regex (<sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)< td=""> - Action> Action Subject: Header.Diversion.URL.User - Action> Action Type: Modify - Action> Action Value: \$2</sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)<></sip:temp@jsbc_public_rqun;user=phone>
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	Action Value: <sip:temp@_sbc_public_rgan;user=phone> For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Modify Diversion1 twds BTol» Name : Modify Diversion1 twds BTol Manipulation Set ID: 3 Row Role: Use Current Condition Match> Message Type: INVITE Match> Condition: Header.History-Info.0 regex (<sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)< td=""> Action> Action Subject: Header.Diversion.URL.User Action> Action Type: Modify Action> Action Value: \$2</sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)<></sip:temp@_sbc_public_rgan;user=phone>
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Modify Diversion1 twds BTol» - Name : Modify Diversion1 twds BTol - Manipulation Set ID: 3 - Row Role: Use Current Condition - Match> Message Type: INVITE - Match> Condition: Header.History-Info.0 regex (<sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)< td=""> - Action> Action Subject: Header.Diversion.URL.User - Action> Action Type: Modify - Action> Action Value: \$2</sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)<>
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	Action/s Action Value: <sip:temp@jsbc_public_rgan;user=phones< th=""> For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Modify Diversion1 twds BTol - Name : Modify Diversion1 twds BTol - Manipulation Set ID: 3 - Row Role: Use Current Condition - Match> Message Type: INVITE - Match> Condition: Header.History-Info.0 regex (<sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)< td=""> - Action > Action Subject: Header.Diversion.URL.User - Action> Action Type: Modify - Action> Action Value: \$2 For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Remove History-Info twds BTol» Name : Remove History Info twds BTol</sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)<></sip:temp@jsbc_public_rgan;user=phones<>
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	Action Value: <sip:temp@_sbc_public_rqun];user=phone> For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Modify Diversion1 twds BTol - Name : Modify Diversion1 twds BTol - Manipulation Set ID: 3 - Row Role: Use Current Condition - Match> Message Type: INVITE - Match> Condition: Header.History-Info.0 regex (<sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)< td=""> - Action> Action Subject: Header.Diversion.URL.User - Action> Action Type: Modify - Action> Action Value: \$2 For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Remove History-Info twds BTol» - Name : Remove History-Info twds BTol Manipulation Set ID: 2 Manipulation Set ID: 2</sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)<></sip:temp@_sbc_public_rqun];user=phone>
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	Action Value: <sip:temp@_sbc_public_rqun];user=phone> For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Modify Diversion1 twds BTol - Name : Modify Diversion1 twds BTol - Manipulation Set ID: 3 - Row Role: Use Current Condition - Match> Message Type: INVITE - Match> Condition: Header.History-Info.0 regex (<sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)< td=""> - Action > Action Subject: Header.Diversion.URL.User - Action > Action Type: Modify - Action > Action Type: Modify - Action > Action Value: \$2 For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Remove History-Info twds BTol» - Name : Remove History-Info twds BTol - Manipulation Set ID: 3 Bow Bolo: Use Current Condition</sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)<></sip:temp@_sbc_public_rqun];user=phone>
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	Action Value: <sip:temp@_sbc_public_rqun;user=phone> For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Modify Diversion1 twds BTol - Name : Modify Diversion1 twds BTol - Manipulation Set ID: 3 - Row Role: Use Current Condition - Match> Message Type: INVITE - Match> Condition: Header.History-Info.0 regex (<sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)< td=""> - Action > Action Subject: Header.Diversion.URL.User - Action> Action Type: Modify - Action> Action Type: Modify - Action> Action Value: \$2 Eror BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Remove History-Info twds BTol» - Name : Remove History-Info twds BTol - Name : Remove History-Info twds BTol - Manipulation Set ID: 3 - Row Role: Use Current Condition Mataba Message Turas: INVITE</sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)<></sip:temp@_sbc_public_rqun;user=phone>
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	Action Value: <sip:temp@jsbc_public_rqunj;user=phone> For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Modify Diversion1 twds BTol - Name : Modify Diversion1 twds BTol - Manipulation Set ID: 3 - Row Role: Use Current Condition - Match> Message Type: INVITE - Match> Condition: Header.History-Info.0 regex (<sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)< td=""> - Action > Action Subject: Header.Diversion.URL.User - Action> Action Type: Modify - Action> Action Type: Modify - Action> Action Value: \$2 Eror BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Remove History-Info twds BTol» - Name : Remove History-Info twds BTol - Name : Remove History-Info twds BTol - Manipulation Set ID: 3 - Row Role: Use Current Condition - Match> Message Type: INVITE - Match> Message Type: INVITE</sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)<></sip:temp@jsbc_public_rqunj;user=phone>
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	Action's Action Value: <sip:temp@jsbc_public_iqanj;user=phones*< td=""> For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Modify Diversion1 twds BTol» Name : Modify Diversion1 twds BTol Manipulation Set ID: 3 Row Role: Use Current Condition Match> Message Type: INVITE Match> Condition: Header.History-Info.0 regex (<sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)< td=""> Action> Action Subject: Header.Diversion.URL.User Action> Action Type: Modify Action> Action Value: \$2 For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Remove History-Info twds BTol» Name : Remove History-Info twds BTol Name : Remove History-Info twds BTol Manipulation Set ID: 3 Row Role: Use Current Condition Match> Message Type: INVITE Action> Action Subject: Header.History-Info</sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)<></sip:temp@jsbc_public_iqanj;user=phones*<>
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	Action's Action Value: <sip:temp@jsbc_public_iquity;user=phones< td=""> For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Modify Diversion1 twds BTol» Name : Modify Diversion1 twds BTol Manipulation Set ID: 3 Row Role: Use Current Condition Match> Message Type: INVITE Match> Condition: Header.History-Info.0 regex (<sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)< td=""> Action> Action Subject: Header.Diversion.URL.User Action> Action Type: Modify Action> Action Value: \$2 For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Remove History-Info twds BTol» Name : Remove History-Info twds BTol Manipulation Set ID: 3 Row Role: Use Current Condition Manipulation Set ID: 3 Row Role: Use Current Condition Match> Message Type: INVITE Action> Action Subject: Header.History-Info Action> Action Subject: Header.History-Info</sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)<></sip:temp@jsbc_public_iquity;user=phones<>
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	Action's Action Value: <sip:temp@jsbc_public_rgdn ;user="phones</td"> For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Modify Diversion1 twds BTol» Name : Modify Diversion1 twds BTol Manipulation Set ID: 3 Row Role: Use Current Condition Match> Message Type: INVITE Match> Condition: Header.History-Info.0 regex (<sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)< td=""> Action> Action Subject: Header.Diversion.URL.User Action> Action Type: Modify Action> Action Value: \$2 For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Remove History-Info twds BTol» Name : Remove History-Info twds BTol Name : Remove History-Info twds BTol Manipulation Set ID: 3 Row Role: Use Current Condition Match> Message Type: INVITE Action> Action Subject: Header.History-Info twds BTol Manipulation Set ID: 3 Row Role: Use Current Condition Match> Message Type: INVITE Action> Action Subject: Header.History-Info Action> Action Subject: Header.History-Info Action> Action Subject: Header.History-Info Action> Action Type: Remove</sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)<></sip:temp@jsbc_public_rgdn>
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	Action's Action Value: " <sip:temp@jsbc_public_right; user="phones</td"> For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Modify Diversion1 twds BTol - Name : Modify Diversion1 twds BTol - Manipulation Set ID: 3 - Row Role: Use Current Condition - Match> Message Type: INVITE - Match> Condition: Header.History-Info.0 regex (<sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)< td=""> - Action> Action Subject: Header.Diversion.URL.User - Action> Action Type: Modify - Action> Action Type: Modify - Action> Action Type: Modify - Action> Action Value: \$2 For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Remove History-Info twds BTol» - Name : Remove History-Info twds BTol - Name : Remove History-Info twds BTol - Manipulation Set ID: 3 - Row Role: Use Current Condition - Match> Message Type: INVITE - Action> Action Subject: Header.History-Info - Action> Action Subject: Header.History-Info - Action> Action Type: Remove</sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)<></sip:temp@jsbc_public_right;>
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	Action Value: " <sip:temp@jsbc_public_right; user="phone">" For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Modify Diversion1 twds BTol - Name : Modify Diversion1 twds BTol - Manipulation Set ID: 3 - Row Role: Use Current Condition - Match> Message Type: INVITE - Match> Condition: Header.History-Info.0 regex (<sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)< td=""> - Action> Action Subject: Header.Diversion.URL.User - Action> Action Type: Modify - Action> Action Type: Modify - Action> Action Type: Modify - Action> Action Value: \$2 For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Remove History-Info twds BTol» - Name : Remove History-Info twds BTol - Name : Use Current Condition - Manipulation Set ID: 3 - Row Role: Use Current Condition - Match> Message Type: INVITE - Action> Action Subject: Header.History-Info - Action> Action Subject: Header.History-Info - Action> Action Type: Remove</sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)<></sip:temp@jsbc_public_right;>
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Modify Diversion1 twds BTol» Name : Modify Diversion1 twds BTol Manipulation Set ID: 3 Row Role: Use Current Condition Match> Message Type: INVITE Match> Condition: Header.History-Info.0 regex (<sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)< td=""> Action> Action Subject: Header.Diversion.URL.User Action> Action Type: Modify Action> Action Value: \$2 For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Remove History-Info twds BTol» Name : Remove History-Info twds BTol Manipulation Set ID: 3 Row Role: Use Current Condition Manipulation Set ID: 3 Row Role: Use Current Condition Match> Message Type: INVITE Action> Action Subject: Header.History-Info Match> Message Type: INVITE Action> Action Subject: Header.History-Info Action> Action Subject: Header.History-Info Action> Action Type: Remove For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Add Diversion2 twds BTol» Name : Add Diversion2 twds BTol</sip:)(.*)(@)(.*)<>



SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	 Row Role: Use Current Condition Match> Message Type: INVITE Match> Condition: Header.Referred-By exists Action> Action Subject: Header.Diversion Action> Action Type: Add Action> Action Value: '<sip:temp@[sbc_public_fqdn];user=phone>'</sip:temp@[sbc_public_fqdn];user=phone> For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Modify Diversion2 twds BTol» Name : Modify Diversion2 twds BTol Manipulation Set ID: 3 Row Role: Use Current Condition Match> Message Type: INVITE Match> Condition: Header.Referred-By exists
	 Action> Action Subject: Header.Diversion.URL.User Action> Action Type: Modify Action> Action Value: Header.Referred-By.URL.User
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulations	For BTol/BTIPol only (not applicable to BTIP): Create new message manipulation "Remove Referred-By twds BTol - Name : Remove Referred-By twds BTol - Manipulation Set ID: 3 - Row Role: Use Current Condition - Match> Message Type: INVITE - Action> Action Subject: Header.Referred-By - Action> Action Type: Remove
IP Group	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Core Entities > IP Group	Create new IP Group for Business Talk <u>If BT/BTIP:</u> - Name : BTIP-IPGroup - Proxy Set: BTIP-Proxies - IP Profile: BTIP-IPProfile - Media Realm: BTIP-Media - Media TLS Context: <empty></empty>
	If BTol / BTIPol: - Name : BTol-IPGroup - Proxy Set: BTol-Proxies - IP Profile: BTol-IPProfile - Media Realm: Teams-Media - Media TLS Context: Teams-TLSContext For Both BT/BTIP and BTol: - Topology Location: DOWN - Outbound Message Manipulation Set: 3 (Manipulation set id
	including manipulations "User-Agent_Modification") - Inbound Message Manipulation Set: 4

4.7.4 Step 4 - Routing configuration

IP to IP Routing

orange [™]	Business
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On the Mediant WebUi Interface: SETUP > Signaling&Media > SBC > Routing > IP-to-IP Routing	Create 4 IP to IP routing rules: 1st one regarding OPTIONS Messages: - Name: SIP-OPTIONS-Terminate - Match > Source IP Group: Any - Match > Request Type: OPTIONS - Match > ReRoute IP Group: Any - Action > Destination Type: Dest Address - Action > Destination Address: internal
	 2nd one regarding REFER Messages: Name: REFER-Terminate Match > Source IP Group: Any Match > Request Type: All Match > Call Trigger: REFER Match > ReRoute IP Group: Teams-IPGroup Action > Destination Type: Request URI Action > Destination IP Group: Teams-IPGroup
	 3rd one regarding <u>Business Talk</u> to <u>Teams</u> traffic: Name: BTIP(or BToI/BTIPoI) to Teams Match > Source IP Group: BTIP-IPGroup (or BToI-IPGroup) Match > ReRoute IP Group: Any Action > Destination IP Group: Teams-IPGroup 4th one regarding <u>Teams</u> to <u>Business Talk</u> traffic: Name: Teams to BTIP(or BToI/BTIPoI) Match > Source IP Group: Teams-IPGroup Match > ReRoute IP Group: Teams-IPGroup

4.7.5 Step 5 – Pre-Recorded-Tones

Auxiliary Files	
On the Mediant WebUi Interface: SETUP>ADMINISTRATION>MAINT ENANCE>Auxiliary Files	Load a Prerecorded Tones file in auxiliary files for ring back tone to be played on transfer scenarios (can be created with AudioCodes DConvert tool based on an audio file with the right codec, ex: G711)



4.8 Configuration checklist for Mediant SBC – HA

Step 1 – Configuration of the first SBC Mediant for HA

Step 2 - Configuration of the second SBC Mediant for HA

Step 3 - Initialize HA on the devices

4.8.1 Step 1 – Configuration of the first Mediant for HA

Note: During this stage, make sure that the second device is powered off or disconnected from network.

Ethernet Groups	
On the Mediant WebUi Interface: SETUP > IP Network > Core entities > Ethernet Groups	Use a dedicated Ethernet Group for HA (GROUP_3)
Ethernet Devices	
SETUP > IP Network > Core entities > Ethernet Devices	Create 1 Ethernet Device for HA - Name: EthD_HA - VLAN ID: 3 - Underlying interface: GROUP3 - Tagging: Untagged - MTU: 1500
IP Interfaces	
SETUP > IP Network > Core entities > IP Interface Devices	Create 1 IP Interface for HA (IPInt_HA) - Name: IPInt_HA - Application Type: MAINTENANCE - Ethernet Device: EthD_HA - IP Address: 192.168.0.1 (example) - Prefix length: 24 - Default Gateway: 0.0.0
HA Settings	
SETUP > IP Network > Core entities > HA Settings	 Configure following parameters: HA Remote Address: 192.168.0.2 (example) Preempt Mode: Disable / Enable (depends on customer's choice) Preempt Priority: 5 (only if Preempt Mode is Enable) HA Device Name: SBC1 HA Remote Preempt Priority: 4 (only if Preempt Mode is Enable) Redundant HA Device Name: SBC2

- Save the configuration to flash without RESET
- Power Down the first Mediant and move to next section (Step2)

4.8.2 Step 2 – Configuration of the second Mediant for HA

Note: During this stage, make sure that the first device is powered off or disconnected from network.

Ethernet Groups

111 Quai du Président Roosevelt, 92130 Issy-les-Moulineaux, France, Trade Register No. 380.129.866 Nanterre

Orange SA, with a share capital of 10,640,226,396 euros,



On the Mediant WebUi Interface: SETUP > IP Network > Core entities > Ethernet Groups	Configuration must be identical comparing to the first Mediant.
Ethernet Devices	
SETUP > IP Network > Core entities > Ethernet Devices	Configuration must be identical comparing to the first Mediant.
IP Interfaces	
SETUP > IP Network > Core entities > IP Interface Devices	Create 1 IP Interface for HA (IPInt_HA) - Name: IPInt_HA - Application Type: MAINTENANCE - Ethernet Device: EthD_HA - IP Address: 192.168.0.2 (example) - Prefix length: 24 - Default Gateway: 0.0.0.0
HA Settings	
SETUP > IP Network > Core entities > HA Settings	 Configure following parameters: HA Remote Address: 192.168.0.1 (example) Preempt Mode: Disable / Enable (depends on customer's choice) Preempt Priority: 4 (only if Preempt Mode is Enable) HA Device Name: SBC2 HA Remote Preempt Priority: 5 (only if Preempt Mode is Enable) Redundant HA Device Name: SBC1

- Save the configuration to flash without RESET
- Power Down the second Mediant and move to next section (Step3)

4.8.3 Step 3 – Initialize HA on the devices

Note: You must connect both ports (two) in the Ethernet Group of the Maintenance interface to the network (i.e., two network cables are used). This provides 1+1 Maintenance port redundancy.

- 1. Cable the devices to the network.
- 2. Power up the devices; the redundant device synchronizes with the active device and updates its configuration according to the active device.
- 3. Access the active device with its' OAMP IP address and configure the device as required



4.9 . Configuration checklist for Mediant SBC – LMO Asia

4.9.1 Configuration for Proxy SBC

> Office365 Tenant

Tenant configuration for Proxy SBC remain the same as the one described in section 2.3

Parameters to configure the SIP Trunk between Tenant and Downstream gateway:

Fqdn	<downstream fqdn="" gw=""></downstream>
SipSignallingPort	5062
MaxConcurrentSessio	<number max="" of="" sessions=""></number>
ns	
Enabled	\$true
ForwardPai	\$true
SendSipOptions	\$false
ForwardCallHistory	\$true
MediaBypass	\$true
GatewaySiteId	<siteid></siteid>
ProxySBC	<customer proxy="" public<="" sbc="" td=""></customer>
	FQDN>
BypassMode	Always

Powershell cmdlet:

New-CsOnlinePSTNGateway –Identity <Downstream SBC FQDN> -SipSignalingPort 5062 -ForwardCallHistory \$true -ForwardPai \$true -Enabled \$true -MediaBypass \$true -GatewaySiteId <SiteId> -ProxySbc <Proxy SBC FQDN> -BypassMode Always -SendSipOptions \$false

Proxy SBC Teams side

Step 1 - *Reuse the configuration checklist for Mediant SBC – Standalone section* <u>2.6</u> except for IP Group and IP Profile entities

Step 2 - Modify the Teams IP Group and IP Profile for LMO Asia	
IP Group	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Core Entities > IP Group	Create new IP Group for Teams traffic - Name : Teams-LMOAsia-IPGroup - Topology Location: UP - Proxy Set: Teams-Proxies - IP Profile: Teams-IPProfile - Media Realm: Teams-Media - Internal Media Realm: BTIP-Media



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> Proxy SBC Downstream GW side

DNS	
SETUP > IP Network > DNS > Internal DNS	Create new internal DNS row Domain Name: <downstream fqdn="" sbc=""></downstream> First IP Address: <downstream ip="" sbc=""></downstream> Second IP Address: 0.0.0.0 Third IP Address: 0.0.0.0
Allowed Audio Coder Groups	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Coders & Profiles > Allowed Audio Coders Groups	Create BT_AudioCoders or BTIP_AudioCoders Select the created entry, then click on "Allowed Audio Coders 0 Items" and click on new: If BTIP: - Coder Name: G722 - Coder Name: G711A-law - Coder Name: G711U-law - Coder Name: G729
	If BT:



	- Coder Name: G722
	- Coder Name: G711A-law
	- Coder Name: G729
IP Profile	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Coders &	Create new IP Profile for GW LMO Asia
Profiles > IP Profiles	- Name: GW-LMOAsia-IPProfile
	- SBC Media Security Mode: SRTP
	 SBC Enforce MKI Size: Don't Enforce
	 Generate SRTP Keys Mode: Only If Required
	 Allowed Audio Coder: BT_AudioCoders or BTIP_AudioCoders
	- Allowed Coders mode: Restriction and Preference
	 RFC2833 DTMF Payload Type: 101
	- RTP IP DiffServ: 46
	 Signalling DiffServ: 24
	- P-Asserted-Identity header mode: Add
	- Play RBT to Transferee: yes
	- Remote REFER Mode: Regular
	- Remote 3xx Mode: Transparent
	- Remote Hold Format: Send Only
Media Realm	
	Create new Media Realm for GW
Entities > Media Realms	Name: GW-Media
	- Topology location: DOWN
	- Topology location: DOWN
	- IFV4 IIIteriace Name. IFIII_GVV
	- ODF Foit Range Statt. 10400
	- Number of Media Session Legs. 1000
SIP Interface	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Core	Create new SIP Interface for downstream GW traffic
Entities > SIP Interface	- Name : GW-LMOAsia-SIPInterface
	- Topology Location: DOWN
	 Network Interface : IPInt_GW
	- UDP Port : 0
	- TCP Port: 0
	- TLS Port: 5061
	- Enable TCP Keep alive: Enable
	 Classification Failure response Type: 500
	- Media Realm: GW-Media
	 TLS Context Name: Teams-TLSContext
	- TLS Mutual Authentication: Disable
Proxy Set	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Core	Create new Proxy Set for GW traffic
Entities > Proxy Set	- Name : GW-LMOAsia-Proxy
	- SBC IPv4 SIP Interface: GW-LMOAsia-SIPInterface
	- TLS Context Name: Teams-TLSContext
	- Proxy Keep-Alive: Using OPTIONS
	- Proxy Keep-Alive Time: 300
	(Proxy Address Table) : Create 1 Entry for GW Proxy
	- Index: 0
	 Proxy Address: <gateway fqdn="">:5061</gateway>
	- Transport Type: TLS



	Driority Drovy: 1
	- Proxy Random Weight: 1
IP Group	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Core Entities > IP Group	Create new IP Group for GW traffic - Name : GW-LMOAsia-IPGroup - Topology Location: DOWN - Proxy Set: GW-LMOAsia-Proxy - IP Profile: GW-LMOAsia-IPProfile - Media Realm: GW-Media - Outbound Message Manipulation Set: 3 - Internal Media Realm: GW-Media - Classify by Proxy Set: Enable - Media TLS Context: Teams-TLSContext
Message Condition	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > SIP Definitions > Message Conditions	Create new message condition for incoming SIP messages - Name : a teams contact - Condition: header.contact.url.host contains 'pstnhub.microsoft.com'
Classification	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > SBC > Classification	Create new classification Name : From Teams-IPGroup Source SIP Interface: Teams-SIPInterface Source IP Address: * Destination Host: <customer downstream="" fqdn="" private=""></customer> Message Condition: a teams contact Source IP Group: Teams-IPGroup

4.9.2 Configuration for Downstream Gateway

Step 1 – General Settings

Step 2 – IP Network Configuration

Step 3a & b – Trunks Configuration: Proxy SBC side and BT/BTIP side

Step 4 – Routing configuration

Step 1 – General Settings	
NTP Configuration	
On the Mediant WebUi Interface: SETUP > Administration > Time & Date	 Enable NTP: Enabled Primary NTP Server Address: <ip address=""></ip> Secondary NTP Server Address: <ip address=""></ip> UTC Offset Time: Hours:0 Minutes:0 Daylight Saving Time: Disable
Media Security	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Media > Media Security	- Media Security: Enable
RTP/RTCP	

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SETUP > Signaling&Media > Media > RTP/RTCP Settings	- RTP UDP Port Spacing: 10
Proxy & Registration	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > SIP Definitions > Proxy&Registration	 Gateway Name: Gateway FQDN Use Gateway Name for OPTIONS: Yes

Step 2 – IP Network Configuration	
Ethernet Groups	
On the Mediant WebUi Interface: SETUP > IP Network > Core entities > Ethernet Groups	 ✓ 1 Ethernet Group shared between the Teams Proxy SBC and BT/BTIP (GROUP_1)
Ethernet Devices	
SETUP > IP Network > Core entities > Ethernet Devices	 ✓ 1 Ethernet Device shared between the Teams Proxy SBC and BT/BTIP (EthD) Name: EthD Underlying Interface: GROUP_1 Tagging: Untagged MTU: 1500
IP Interfaces	
SETUP > IP Network > Core entities > IP Interface Devices	 ✓ 1 IP Interface shared between the Teams Proxy SBC and BT/BTIP () Name: IPInt Application Type: OAMP, Media, Control Interface Mode: IPv4 manual IP Address: <gw address="" ip=""></gw> Prefix length: <subnet size=""></subnet> Default Gateway: <gw default="" gateway=""></gw> Ethernet Device: EthD
TLS Contexts	
On the Mediant WebUi Interface: SETUP > IP Network > Security > TLS Contexts	Create new TLS Context - Name: Self-Signed-TLS - TLS Version: TLSv1.2 - DTLS Version: DTLSv1.2 - DH Key Size: 2048
SETUP > IP Network > Security > TLS Contexts > Teams-TLSContext > Change Certificate	Create a new CSR for Teams/BToI/BTIPoI SBC FQDN and send it to the public certification authority for signing. Then upload it to the Mediant.
SETUP > IP Network > Security > TLS Contexts > Teams-TLSContext > Trusted Root Certificates	Import Root/ Intermediate Certificates
Internal DNS	
On the Mediant WebUi Interface: SETUP > IP Network > DNS > Internal DNS	 Domain Name: <proxy fqdn="" sbc=""></proxy> First IP address: <proxy ip="" private="" sbc=""></proxy> Second IP Address: 0.0.0.0 Third IP Address: 0.0.0.0

Step 3a - Trunks configuration – Proxy SBC side

SIP Interface



SETUP > Signaling&Media > Core	Create new SIP Interface for the Teams Proxy SBC traffic
entities > SIP Interface	 Name: ProxyTeams-SIPInterface
	- Topology Location: UP
	- Network Interface: IPInt
	- UDP Port: 0
	- TCP Port: 0
	- TLS Port: 5061
	- Enable TCP Keep alive: Enable
	- Classification Failure Response Type: 0
	- Media Realm: GW-Media
	 TLS Context Name: Self-Signed-TLS
	- TLS Mutual Authentication: Disable
Proxy Set	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Core	Create new Proxy Set for the Teams proxy traffic
Entities > Proxy Set	- Name: ProxyTeams-Proxy
	 SBC IPv4 SIP Interface: ProxyTeams-SIPInterface
	 TLS Context Name: Self-Signed-TLS
	 Proxy Keep-Alive: Using OPTIONS
	 Proxy Keep-Alive Time: 300
	- Proxy Hot swap: Enable
	(Provy Address Table): Create 1 Entry for the Teams Provy SBC
	- Indev: 0
	- Floxy Addless. CFloxy SBC FQDN @IF>3001
	- Driority Provy: 1
	- Provy Random Weight: 1
Madia Paalms	
	Create new Madia Dealm for the Teams provy traffic
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Core	Create new Media Realm for the Teams proxy traffic
	- Name: Gw-wedia
	- Topology location: UP
	- IPV4 Internace Name: IPInt
	- UDP Port Range Start: 16400
	- Number of Media Session Legs: 1000
IP Group	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Core	Create new IP Group for the Teams proxy traffic
Enulies > IP Group	- Name : ProxyTeams-IPG
	- I opology Location: UP
	- Proxy Set: Proxy leams-Proxy
	- IP Profile: Proxy leams-IPProfile
	- iviedia Realm: Gw-Media
	- Internal Media Realm: Gw-Media
	- SIP Group Name: <downstream fqdn="" sbc=""></downstream>
	- Classify by Proxy Set: Enable
	- Local Host Name: <downstream fqdn="" sbc=""></downstream>
	- Always use src Address: Yes
	- Media TLS Context: Self-Signed-TLS
	- Teams Local Media Optimization Initial Behavior: DirectMedia
	- Proxy Keep-Alive using IP Group settings: Enable



SETUP > Signaling&Media > Coders & Profiles > IP Profiles	Create new IP Profile for the Teams proxy traffic
	 Name: ProxyTeams-IPProfile
	 SBC Media Security Mode: Secured
	 Remote Early Media RTP Detection Mode: By Media
	 Allowed Audio Coder: Teams_AudioCoders
	 Allowed Coders mode: Restriction and Preference
	- RTCP Mode: Generate Always
	- ICE Mode: Lite
	- SIP Update Support: Not Supported
	 Remote re-INVITE: Supported only with SDP
	 Remote Delayed Offer Support: Not Supported
	 Remote Representation Mode: Replace contact
	- Remote Replaces Mode: Handle locally
	 Remote REFER Mode: Handle locally
	- Remote 3xx Mode: Handle locally
	- Play RBT To Transferee: No
	- Remote Hold Format: Inactive
Coders	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Coders &	Create new allowed coders for the Teams proxy traffic
Profiles > Allowed Audio Coders Groups	- Name: Teams-Audiocodes
	- Allowed Audio Coder Item: G722, G711A-Law, G711U-Law, G729

Step 3b - Trunks configura	ation – BT/BTIP side
SIP Interface	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Core entities > SIP Interface	Create new SIP Interface for BT/BTIP Name: BTIP-SIPInterface Topology Location: UP Network Interface: IPInt UDP Port: 0 TCP Port: 5060 TLS Port: 0 Enable TCP Keep alive: Enable Classification Failure Response Type: 0 Media Realm: GW-Media
Proxy Set	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Core Entities > Proxy Set	Create new Proxy Set for BT/BTIP Name: BTIP-Proxy SBC IPv4 SIP Interface: ProxyTeams-SIPInterface TLS Context Name: Self-Signed-TLS Proxy Keep-Alive: Using OPTIONS Proxy Keep-Alive Time: 300 Redundancy Mode: Homing Proxy Hot swap: Enable (Proxy Address Table): Create 2 Entries for nominal/backup BT/BTIP infra Index: 0 Proxy Address: <nominal acme="" sbc="">:5060</nominal> Transport Type: TCP Priority Proxy: 1 Proxy Random Weight: 1



IP Group SETUP > Signaling&Media > Core Entities > IP Group	 Index: 1 Proxy Address: <backup acme="" sbc="">:5060</backup> Transport Type: TCP Priority Proxy: 2 Proxy Random Weight: 1 Create new IP Group for BT/BTIP Name: BTIP-IPG
	 Topology Location: UP Proxy Set: BTIP-Proxy IP Profile: BTIP-IPProfile Media Realm: GW-Media Outbound Message Manipulation Set: 1 Internal Media Realm: GW-Media Classify by Proxy Set: Enable
IP Profile	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Coders & Profiles > IP Profiles	Create new IP Profile for BT/BTIP Name: ProxyTeams-IPProfile SBC Media Security Mode: Secured Remote Early Media RTP Detection Mode: By Media Allowed Audio Coder: Teams_AudioCoders Allowed Coders mode: Restriction and Preference RTCP Mode: Generate Always ICE Mode: Lite SIP Update Support: Not Supported Remote re-INVITE: Supported only with SDP Remote Representation Mode: Replace contact Remote Replaces Mode: Handle locally Remote REFER Mode: Handle locally Play RBT To Transferee: No Remote Hold Format: Inactive
Coders	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Coders & Profiles > Allowed Audio Coders Groups	Create new allowed coders for BTIP - Name: BTIP-Audiocodes - Allowed Audio Coder Item: G722, G711A-Law, G729 Or Create new allowed coders for BT - Name: BT-Audiocodes Allowed Audio Coder Item: G722, G711A-Law, G711U-Law, G729
Message Manipulation	
SETUP > Signaling&Media > Message Manipulation > Message Manipulations	Create new message manipulation - Name: User-Agent_Modification - Manipulation Set ID: 1 - Message Type: Any - Action Subject: Header.User-Agent - Action Type: Modify - Action Value: Header.User-Agent.Content + ' Downstream'



Step 4 - Routing configuration	
IP to IP Routing	
On the Mediant WebUi Interface: SETUP > Signaling&Media > SBC > Routing > IP-to-IP Routing	Create 3 IP to IP routing rules: First one regarding REFER Messages: - Name: REFER-Terminate - Match > Source IP Group: Any - Match > Request Type: All - Match > Call Trigger: REFER - Match > ReRoute IP Group: ProxyTeams-IPG - Action > Destination Type: IPGroup - Action > Destination IP Group: ProxyTeams-IPG 2nd one regarding <u>BT/BTIP</u> to <u>Proxy Teams</u> traffic: - Name: From BTIP to Proxy Teams - Match > Source IP Group: BTIP-IPG - Match > ReRoute IP Group: Any - Action > Destination IP Group: ProxyTeams-IPG
	 3rd one regarding <u>Proxy Teams</u> to <u>BT/BTIP</u> traffic: Name: From Proxy Teams to BTIP Match > Source IP Group: ProxyTeams-IPG Match > ReRoute IP Group: Any Action > Destination IP Group: BTIP-IPG

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4.10 AudioCodes Analog Phones configuration checklist

4.10.1 Architecture "Type 1" - Analog Phones connected to DR SBC through remote MediaPack (ATA)

Checklist:

Step 1 – Setup DR SBC trunk configuration towards ATA

Step 2 – Configure ATA to connect with DR SBC gateway

SIP-trunk configuration From DR SBC to MediaPack gateway

Step 1 - Setup DR SBC trunk configuration towards ATA	
IP Interface	
On the vSBC DR WebUi Interface: SETUP > IP NETWORK > CORE ENTITIES > IP interface	 IP Interface for ATA (MPxxx-IP_Inter) Name: MPxxx-IP_Inter Application Type: Media + Control Ethernet Device: <eth_dev mpxxx="" to=""></eth_dev> Interface Mode: IPv4 Manual IP Address: DR_SBC @IP Prefix Length: <mask></mask> Default Gateway: <net. gw=""></net.>
Media Realm	
SETUP > SIGNALING&MEDIA > CORE ENTITIES > Media Realms	 Create new Media Realm for ATA (BT media profile can be re-use) Name: BT Media IPv4 Interface Name: MPxxx-IP_Inter UDP Port Range Start: 6000 Number of Media Session Legs: 1000 UDP Port Range End: 6999 TCP Port Range Start: 0 TCP Port Range End: 0
SIP Interfaces	
SETUP > SIGNALING&MEDIA > CORE ENTITIES > SIP Interface	Create SIP Interface for ATA traffic - Name : MPxxx-SIP_Inter - Network Interface : MPxxx-IP_Inter - Application Type: SBC - UDP Port : 5060 - TCP Port: 5060 - Media Realm: BT Media - Direct Media: Enable
Proxy Set & Proxy IP	
SETUP > SIGNALING&MEDIA > CORE ENTITIES > Proxy Sets	Create Proxy Set for ATA traffic - Name : MPxxx-ProxySet - SBC IPv4 SIP Interface : MPxxx-SIP_Inter - Proxy Address/Port: <mp@ip>:5060 - Transport Type: TCP</mp@ip>

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IP Group	
SETUP > SIGNALING&MEDIA > CORE ENTITIES > IP Groups	Create IP Group for ATA - Name: MPxxx-IPG - Type: Server: Server - Proxy Set: MPxxx-ProxySet - IP Profile: <gw ip="" profile=""> - Media Realm: BT Media</gw>
IP to IP Routing	
	 Create IP to IP Routing from Teams to ATA Name: Teams-to-MPxxx Source IP Group: Any Destination Username Pattern: <pattern></pattern> Destination Type: IP Group Destination IP Group: MPxxx-IPG

SIP-trunk configuration From MediaPack to DR SBC gateway

Step 2 - Configure ATA to connect with DR SBC gateway	
General Parameters	
On the MediaPack WebUi Interface: CONFIGURATION > SIP DEFINITIONS > General Parameters	Configure General Parameters on MediaPack Enable Early Media: Enable SIP TCP Local Port: 5060 SIP TCP Destination Port: 5060
Coders Profile	
CONFIGURATION > CODERS and PROFILES > Coders	 Configure Coders for MediaPack 1st Coder Name: G.711A-law Packetization Time: 20 Rate: 64 Payload Type: 8 Silence Suppression: Disabled 2nd Coder Name: G.729 Packetization Time: 20 Rate: 8 Payload Type: 18 Silence Suppression: Disabled
Coders Group Setting	
CONFIGURATION > CODERS and PROFILES > Coders Group Settings	 ✓ Configure Coders Group for MediaPack Coder Group ID: 1 1st coder name: G.711A-law Packetization Time: 20 Rate: 64 Payload Type: 8 Silence Suppression: Disabled 2nd coder: G.729 Packetization Time: 20 Rate: 8 Payload Type: 18 Silence Suppression: Disabled
Tel Profile	



CONFIGURATION > CODERS and PROFILES > Tel Profile Settings	✓	Create Tel Profile on MediaPack - Profile ID: <1,2,3> - Profile Name: TelP_AD - Enable Early Media: Enable - Coder Group: <1,2,3>
IP Profile		
CONFIGURATION > CODERS and PROFILES > IP Profile Settings	~	Create IP Profile on MediaPack - Profile ID: <1,2,3> - Profile Name: IPP_AD - Early Name: Enable - Coder Group: <1,2,3>
Hunt Group Routing		
CONFIGURATION > GW and IP to IP > Routing > IP to Hunt Group Routing	~	Create Hunt Group on MediaPack Dest. Phone Prefix: <phone prefix=""></phone> Src. Phone Prefix: * Src. IP Address: * Hunt Group: <1,2,3>
Endpoint Phone Number		
CONFIGURATION > GW and IP to IP > HUNT GROUP > Endpoint Phone Number	V	Configure Analog Phone Number on MediaPack Channel(s) : <1,2,3> Phone Number: <number></number> Hunt Group: <1,2,3> Tel Profile ID: <1,2,3>
Number Manipulation for IP->Tel		
CONFIGURATION > GW and IP to IP > Manipulations > Dest Number IP->Tel	✓ (- - -	Create number manipulation from IP to Tel Index : <1,2,3> Dest Prefix: <1,2,3> Stripped Digits from Left: <> Prefix to add: <>
CONFIGURATION > GW and IP to IP > Manipulations > Dest Number Tel->IP	✓ (- - -	Create number manipulation from Tel to IP Index : <1,2,3> Dest Prefix: <1,2,3> Stripped Digits from Left: <> Prefix to add: <>
Routing		
CONFIGURATION > GW and IP to IP > Routing > Tel to IP Routing	~	Create call routing between MediaPack and DR SBC - Src. Hunt Group: <1,2,3> - Dest. Phone Prefix: <prefix> - Src. Phone Prefix: * - Dest. IP Address: <ip dr="" sbc=""> - Port: 5060 - Transport Type: UDP - IP Profile ID: <1,2,3> - Media Realm: Teams-Media</ip></prefix>
DTMF		
CONFIGURATION > GW and IP to IP > DTMF and Supplementary > DTMF & Dialing	~	Configure DTMF on Media Pack - 1 st Tx DTMF Option: RFC 2833 - RFC 2833 Payload Type: 101



4.10.2 Architecture "Type 2" - Analog Phones connected to DR SBC through remote Local gateway (e.g. AudioCodes Mediant)

Checklist:

- Step 1 Setup DR SBC trunk configuration towards Local gateway
- Step 2 Configure AudioCodes Local Gateway to connect with DR SBC gateway
- Step 3 Configure FXS Interface on Local gateway

SIP-trunk configuration From DR SBC to Local gateway

Step 1 - Setup DR SBC trunk configuration towards AudioCodes Local Gateway	
IP Interface	
On the vSBC DR WebUi Interface: SETUP > IP NETWORK > CORE ENTITIES > IP interface	 1 IP Interface for Local GW (LocalGW-IP_Inter) Name: LocalGW-IP_Inter Application Type: Media + Control Ethernet Device: <eth_dev gw="" local="" to=""></eth_dev> Interface Mode: IPv4 Manual IP Address: DR_SBC @IP Prefix Length: <mask></mask> Default Gateway: <net. gw=""></net.>
Media Realm	
SETUP > SIGNALING&MEDIA > CORE ENTITIES > Media Realms	 Create new Media Realm for Local GW (BT media profile can be reuse) Name: GWAC-Media IPv4 Interface Name: LocalGW-IP_Inter UDP Port Range Start: 6000 Number of Media Session Legs: 1000 UDP Port Range End: 6999 TCP Port Range Start: 6000 TCP Port Range End: 6999
SIP Interfaces	
SETUP > SIGNALING&MEDIA > CORE ENTITIES > SIP Interface	Create SIP Interface for Local GW traffic - Name : LocalGW-SIP_Inter - Network Interface : LocalGW-IP_Inter - Application Type: SBC - UDP Port : 5060 - TCP Port: 5060 - Media Realm: BT Media - Direct Media: Enable
Proxy Set & Proxy IP	
SETUP > SIGNALING&MEDIA > CORE ENTITIES > Proxy Sets	Create Proxy Set for Local GW traffic Name : LocalGW-ProxySet SBC IPv4 SIP Interface : LocalGW-IP_Inter Proxy Address/Port: <mp@ip>:5060</mp@ip>

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	- Transport Type: TCP
IP Group	
SETUP > SIGNALING&MEDIA > CORE ENTITIES > IP Groups	Create IP Group for Local GW - Name: LocalGW-IPG - Type: Server: Server - Proxy Set: LocalGW-ProxySet - IP Profile: <gw ip="" profile=""> - Media Realm: GWAC-Media</gw>
	 Create IP to IP Routing from Teams to Local GW Name: Teams-to-LocalGW Source IP Group: Any Destination Username Pattern: <pattern></pattern> Destination Type: IP Group Destination IP Group: LocalGW-IPG

SIP-trunk configuration From Local gateway to DR SBC gateway

Step 2 - Configure AudioCodes Local Gateway to connect with DR SBC gateway	
IP Interface	
On the Local gateway WebUi Interface: SETUP > IP NETWORK > CORE ENTITIES > IP interface	 IP Interface on Local GW (GW-IP_Inter) Name: GW-IP_Inter Application Type: Media + Control Ethernet Device: <eth_dev gw="" local="" to=""></eth_dev> Interface Mode: IPv4 Manual IP Address: LocalGW_SBC @IP Prefix Length: <mask></mask> Default Gateway: <net. gw=""></net.>
Media Realm	
SETUP > SIGNALING&MEDIA > CORE ENTITIES > Media Realms	 Create new Media Realm on Local GW (BT media profile can be reuse) Name: DRSBC-Media IPv4 Interface Name: GW-IP_Inter Port Range Start: 6000 Number of Media Session Legs: 1000
SIP Interfaces	
SETUP > SIGNALING&MEDIA > CORE ENTITIES > SIP Interface	Create SIP Interface on Local GW traffic - Name : DRSBC-SIP_Inter - Network Interface : GW-IP_Inter - Application Type: GW - UDP Port : 5060 - TCP Port: 5060 - Media Realm: DRSBC-Media - Direct Media: Disable
Proxy Set & Proxy IP	
SETUP > SIGNALING&MEDIA > CORE ENTITIES > Proxy Sets	Create Proxy Set on Local GW traffic - Name : DR_SBC-ProxySet - SBC IPv4 SIP Interface : DRSBC-SIP_Inter - Proxy Address/Port: <dr_sbc@ip>:5060 - Transport Type: TCP</dr_sbc@ip>



IP Group	
SETUP > SIGNALING&MEDIA > CORE ENTITIES > IP Groups	Create IP Group on Local GW - Name: DR_SBC-IPG - Type: Server: Server - Proxy Set: DR_SBC-ProxySet - IP Profile: <gw ip="" profile=""></gw> - Media Realm: DRSBC-Media

FXS interfaces on Local gateway

Step 3 - FXS ports on Local gateway	
Tel Profiles	
On the Local gateway WebUi Interface: SETUP > SIGNALING&MEDIA > CODERS&PROFILES > Tel Profiles	Configure Tel Profile on Local GW - Name: AD-TelProfile - CodersGroup: <gw_coders_group></gw_coders_group> - Enable Early Media: Enable
Trunk Groups Settings	
SETUP > SIGNALING&MEDIA > GATEWAY > Trunk Groups Settings	 Create new Trunk Group on Local gateway Name: AD Trunk Group ID: <1,2,3> Channel Select Mode: By Dest Phone Number Registration Mode: Don't Register
Trunk Groups	
SETUP > SIGNALING&MEDIA > GATEWAY > Trunk Groups	Create SIP Interface on Local GW traffic - Module : Module FXS - Channels: <1,2,3> - Phone Number: <xxxxxxxx> - Trunk Group ID: <id> - Tel Profile Name: AD-TelProfile</id></xxxxxxxx>

4.10.3 Architecture "Type 3" Analog Phone connected to DR SBC - AudioCodes hardware (SBC+MGW)

A This architecture inferred from previous one, but actually not tested in lab.

Checklist:

Step 1 – Setup DR SBC hardware (SBC+MGW) as "Mediant SBC – Standalone" – follow the checklist showing in 2.2 chapter from <u>VISIT SIP Teams – Configuration Checklist</u> [4] document:

- Step 1.1 IP Network configuration
- Step 1.2 Teams configuration
- Step 1.3 Business Talk configuration
- Step 1.4 Routing configuration

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Step 1.5 – Pre-Recorded Tones files

Step 2 – Configure FXS Interface on DR SBC hardware – follow the checklist from 2.2.3 chapter of this document.

4.10.4 Configure Flash Hook

Configure Flash Hook on the AudioCodes local Gateway

Step 1 - FXS ports on Local gateway		
Tel Profiles		
On the Local gateway WebUi Interface: SETUP >	Configure FlasHook on Local GW Enable Call Transfer Using Reinvites: 1 Flash Keys Sequence Style: 1 Flash Keys SequenceTimeout: 2000 	

Configure Flash Hook on the MediaPack (ATA)

The Flash Hook features does not work for Analog Phones connected to MediaPack gateway.



4.11 AudioCodes FAX configuration checklist

4.11.1 FXS fax on Mediant configuration

> Telephony profile

The FXS ports with fax devices connected requires dedicated configuration for fax. To create TelProfile go to SETUP > SIGNALING & MEDIA > CODERS & PROFILES > Tel Profiles.

Create new profile by pressing + New and set:

Parameter	Value	Description
Name	TelProfile_FXSFAX	Profile name
Fax Signaling Method	T.38 Relay	Select T.38 protocol for fax transmission

FXS port configuration update

Go to SETUP > SIGNALING & MEDIA > GATEWAY > Trunks & Groups > Trunk Groups

Update TEL PROFILE NAME on chosen trunk group to TelProfile_FXSFAX

> Update IP Profile

Note Please note that there are differences for BT and BTIP configuration for this point.

Configuration for BT architecture

Go to SETUP > SIGNALING & MEDIA > CODERS & PROFILES > IP Profiles.

Select profile defined for Business Talk IP Group and update parameters:

Parameter	Value	Description
MEDIA SECURITY		
SBC Media Security Mode	RTP	Disable secured RTP to avoid TLS in SDP
Gateway Media Security	Disable	Disable secured RTP to avoid TLS in SDP
Mode		
SBC FAX		
Remote Renegotiate on fax	No	Describes if the remote renegotiate on fax
detection		detection
GATEWAY FAX AND MODEM		
Fax Signaling Method	T.38 Relay	Use T38 for fax transmission

Configuration for BTIP architecture

Go to SETUP > SIGNALING & MEDIA > CODERS & PROFILES > IP Profiles.



Select profile defined for Business Talk IP Group and update parameters:

Parameter	Value	Description
MEDIA SECURITY		
SBC Media Security Mode	RTP	Disable secured RTP to avoid TLS in SDP
Gateway Media Security	Disable	Disable secured RTP to avoid TLS in SDP
Mode		
GATEWAY FAX AND MODEM		
Fax Signaling Method	T.38 Relay	Use T38 for fax transmission

General fax parameters

Note	
Please note that there are differences for BT and BTIP configuration for this point.	

Configuration for BT architecture

Go to SETUP > SIGNALING & MEDIA > MEDIA > Fax/Modem/CID Settings and update:

Parameter	Value	Description
Fax Transport Mode	T.38 Relay	Use T38 for fax transmission
CNG Detector Mode	Event only	Determines the fax CNG tone detector mode.
Fax Relay Redundancy Depth	1	Set pages transmission redundancy
Fax Relay Enhanced	4	Set fax negotiation redundancy
Redundancy Depth		
Fax/Modem Bypass Coder	8	Sets the Fax/Modem bypass coder
Туре		

Go to SETUP > SIGNALING & MEDIA > MEDIA > RTP/RTCP Settings and update:

Parameter	Value	Description
Modem Bypass Payload Type	8	Modem Bypass (VBD) Payload type.

The next, EnableFaxModemInbandNetworkDetection parameter can be set only using CLI/configuration file and is not visible in web application. To set this parameter go to dedicated configuration page: <u>https://<MediantIP>/AdminPage</u> (note: subpage address is case sensitive).

Go to "ini Parameters" subsite using left sided menu.

Parameter name: EnableFaxModemInbandNetworkDetection Enter value: 1

Click "Apply New Value".

If parameter is set correctly you should see output:

```
Parameter Name: ENABLEFAXMODEMINBANDNETWORKDETECTION
Parameter New Value: 1
Parameter Description: Enables or disables inband network detection related
to fax/modem.
```



Configuration for BTIP architecture

Go to SETUP > SIGNALING & MEDIA > MEDIA > Fax/Modem/CID Settings and update:

Parameter	Value	Description
Fax Transport Mode	T.38 Relay	Use T38 for fax transmission
Fax Relay Redundancy Depth	1	Set pages transmission redundancy
Fax Relay Enhanced	4	Set fax negotiation redundancy
Redundancy Depth		

> Routing

The routing of fax calls must be reconfigured to bypass Mediation Server. Go to SETUP > SIGNALING & MEDIA > GATEWAY > Routing > Tel->IP Routing. Select line assigned to chosen FXS or create new one:

Parameter	Value	Description
Source Trunk Group IP	<trunkld></trunkld>	Trunk ID for selected FXS port
Destination IP Group	<bt group="" ip=""></bt>	IP Group for Business Talk aSBC
SIP Interface	<sip interface=""></sip>	SIP Interface for Business Talk aSBC access

Go to SETUP > SIGNALING & MEDIA > GATEWAY > Routing > IP->Tel Routing. Create new entry:

Parameter	Value	Description
Source SIP Interface	<sip interface=""></sip>	SIP Interface for Business Talk aSBC access
Destination Phone Pattern	<fax did=""></fax>	Set FAX DID accessed by BT
Destination Type	Trunk Group	
Trunk Group ID	<trunk group="" ip=""></trunk>	Trunk ID for selected FXS port
Source IP Group	<bt group="" ip=""></bt>	IP Group for Business Talk aSBC

Go to SETUP > SIGNALING & MEDIA > SBC > Routing > IP-to-IP Routing. Create new entry:

Parameter	Value	Description
Source IP Group	<bt group="" ip=""></bt>	IP Group for Business Talk aSBC
Destination Username Pattern	<fax did=""></fax>	Set FAX DID accessed by BT
Destination Type	Gateway	

When created please move new entry before default Business Talk route.

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> V34-fax-transport-type

The next, V34FaxTransportType parameter can be set only using CLI/configuration file and is not visible in web application. To set this parameter go to dedicated configuration page: https://climited-networks.pdf (note: subpage address is case sensitive).

Go to "ini Parameters" subsite using left sided menu.

Parameter name: V34FAXTRANSPORTTYPE Enter value: 1

Click "Apply New Value".

If parameter is set correctly you should see output:

```
Parameter Name: V34FAXTRANSPORTTYPE
Parameter New Value: 1
Parameter Description:Determines the V.34 fax transport method.
```

4.11.2 FXS fax on MediaPack cascaded behind Mediant

The fax integration on MediaPack with Business Talk through Mediant is based on assumption that fax calls are not sent to Mediation Server. In such scenario Mediant gateway only mediates in communication.

MediaPack configuration

The MediaPack gateway must be first integrated directly with Mediant. The MediaPack endpoints are registered to Mediant using SIP REGISTER

Telephony Profile

The telephony profile assigned to FXS port must be updated to enable T.38 protocol. Go to VoIP -> Coders and Profiles -> Tel Profile Settings. Select appropriate profile (or create new one) and update Fax Signaling Method to T.38 Relay:

Note: Assigned Tel Profile can be checked under VoIP -> GW and IP to IP -> Hunt Group -> Endpoint Phone Number

Configure fax transmission parameters

Go to VoIP -> Media -> Fax/Modem/CID Settings and set following parameters:

Parameter	Value	Description
Fax Transport Mode	T.38 Relay	Enable T.38
V.34 Modem Transport Type	Disable	Disable V.34 signals (block SG3 fax)
Fax Relay Redundancy Depth	1	Redundancy of transmitting pages



Fax Relay Enhanced	4	Redundancy of fax signalization
Redundancy Depth		

Mediant configuration

Configuration starts from integration with MediaPack.

IP to IP Routing

Click New to create routing for outgoing fax calls from MediaPack to BT/BTIP

Parameter	Value	Description
General > Name	MediaPack_AD_to_BT	
Match > Source IP Group	IPG_MediaPack_AD	
Match > Request Type	All	
Action > Destination Type	IP Group	
Action > Destination IP	<bt group="" ip=""></bt>	IP Group for Business Talk aSBC
Group		
Action > Destination SIP	<sip interface=""></sip>	SIP Interface for Business Talk aSBC
Interface		access

Click **New** to create routing for incoming fax calls from BT/BTIP to MediaPack

Parameter	Value	Description
General > Name	BT_to_MediaPack_AD	
Match > Source IP Group	<bt group="" ip=""></bt>	
Match > Request Type	All	
Match > Destination	<fax number="" phone=""></fax>	
Username		
Action > Destination Type	All Users	

Note: place these rules before default entry forwarding calls to Microsoft

Also, calls must be routed directly:

From IP Group defined for calls from MediaPack towards Business Talk

From IP Group defined for calls from Business Talk towards "All Users" destination (if MediaPack is configured to register FXSW ports on Mediant)



5 Ribbon SBC Configuration Checklist for BTIP/BTalk/BTol/BTIPol

The checklist below presents all steps of configuration required for VISIT SIP Teams offer deployment.

5.1 Flow matrix with BTol

Source	Source IP	Source port	Destination	Destination IP	Destination port	Comment
SBC	SBC public @IP	TLS 5061	BTol	BTol public @IP	TLS 5061	SIP Outgoing
BTol	BTol public @IP	Any	SBC	SBC public @IP	TLS 5061	SIP Incoming
SBC	SBC public @IP	Range defined in Media System Configuration	BTol	BTol public @IP	UDP 6000-20000	Media outgoing
BTol	BTol public @IP	UDP 6000-20000	SBC	SBC public @IP	Range defined in Media System Configuration	Media incoming

5.2 Flow matrix with BTIPol

Source	Source IP	Source port	Destination	Destination IP	Destination port	Comment
SBC	SBC public @IP	TLS 5061	BTIPol	BTIPol SIP public @IP	TLS 5061	SIP Outgoing
BTIPol	BTIPol SIP public @IP	Any	SBC	SBC public @IP	TLS 5061	SIP Incoming
SBC	SBC public @IP	Range defined in Media System Configuration	BTIPol	BTIPol media public @IP	UDP 6000-38000	Media outgoing
BTIPol	BTIPol media public @IP	UDP 6000-38000	SBC	SBC public @IP	Range defined in Media System Configuration	Media incoming



5.3 Configuration checklist for Office365 Tenant

Parameters to configure the SIP Trunk between Tenant and SBC:

Fqdn	<customer fqdn="" public="" sbc=""></customer>
SipSignallingPort	5062
MaxConcurrentSessions	<number max="" of="" sessions=""></number>
Enabled	\$true
ForwardPai	\$true
SendSipOptions	\$true

Powershell cmdlet to add a new SBC :

#New-CsOnlinePSTNGateway -Fqdn sbc.contoso.com -SipSignallingPort 5062 MaxConcurrentSessions 50 -Enabled \$true -ForwardPai \$true -MediaBypass \$false ForwardCallHistory \$true -SendSipOptions \$true

Powershell cmdlet to update an SBC on Tenant (without MBP)

Set-CsOnlinePSTNGateway -Identity sbc.contoso.com -SipSignallingPort **5062** - MaxConcurrentSessions **50** -Enabled **\$true** -ForwardPai **\$true** -MediaBypass **\$false** - ForwardCallHistory **\$true** -SendSipOptions **\$true**

To activate media bypass:

#Set-CsOnlinePSTNGateway -Identity sbc.contoso.com -MediaBypass \$true To activate Local Media Optimization Europe:

Set-CsOnlinePSTNGateway -Identity sbc.contoso.com -GatewaySiteID \$null -MediaBypass \$true -ProxySBC \$null -BypassMode Always



5.4 Configuration checklist for QoS in Teams client

QoS management is done by configuring the Teams.exe at Windows level.

This configuration is done either locally or by GPO:

- Locally: Use policy-based Quality of Service (QoS) within Group Policy, and create a policy for Teams Audio with following parameters:

Parameter	Value	Description
Policy Name	Teams Audio	
Application Name	Teams.exe	
Protocol	Both	TCP and UDP
Source Port Start	50000	Source ports used by Teams desktop
Source Port End	50019	clients are managed in the Teams
		Admin center. Microsoft recommends to
		keep this initial port range.
DSCP value	46	DSCP=46 Expedited Forwarding (EF)

- By GPO: #new-NetQosPolicy -Name "Teams Audio" -AppPathNameMatchCondition "Teams.exe" - IPProtocolMatchCondition Both -IPSrcPortStartMatchCondition 50000 -IPSrcPortEndMatchCondition 50019 - DSCPAction 46 -NetworkProfile All

Configuration checklist regarding **<u>Ribbon SBC – Standalone</u>**



5.5 Step 1 – Teams Configuration		
Certificate for the SBC Direct Routin	ng Interface	
On the SBC WebUi Interface: Settings > Security > SBC Certificates	Generate SBC Edge CSR Common name: @hostname.domain.tld ISO Country code: @Country Locality: @Locality Organization: @Organization Key Length: 2048 	
TLS Profile Teams Side		
On the SBC WebUi Interface: Security > TLS Profiles	 Create TLS Profile Teams Description: TLS Profile Teams TLS Protocol: TLS 1.2 Only Mutual Authentication: Disabled Verify Peer Server Certificate: Disabled 	
Node Level Settings		
On the SBC WebUi Interface: System > Node-Level Settings	Configure DNS and NTP with your appropriate configuration - Hostname: @hostname - Domain Name: @domain.tld	
	 Time Zone: GMT+1 Use NTP: Yes NTP Server: @NTP_IPAddress 	
	 Use Primary DNS: Yes Primary Server IP: @DNS_IPAddress Use Secondary DNS: Yes Secondary Server IP: @DNS_IPAddress 	
Node Interface (1000/2000) / Networ	king Interfaces (SWe-Lite)	
On the SBC WebUi Interface: For SWe-Lite Networking Interfaces > Logical Interfaces For 1000/2000	 Configure the parameters Ethernet 1 IP Description: Interface-Teams and BTol/BTIPol Primary Address: @Private-IPAddress-BT(all) - Teams Primary Netmask: @Netmask Media Next Hop IP: @Gateway (Swe-Lite only) 	
Node Interfaces > Logical Interfaces		
	IF BT/BTP: This interface is dedicated to Teams Only Node Interface Ethernet 2 IP is for BT/BTIP IF BTol / BTIPol : This interface is shared between Teams and BTol/BTIPol Node Interface Ethernet 2 IP should be disabled	
SIP Profile		
On the SBC WebUi Interface: SIP > SIP Profiles	 Create SIP Profile Teams Description : SIP Profile Teams FQDN in From Header Location: SBC Edge FQDN FQDN in Contact Header: SBC FQDN Calling info source: "From" Header Only 	

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Media SDES-SRTP Profile	
On the SBC WebUi Interface:	Create new Media SDES-SRTP Profile
Media > SDES-SRTP Profiles	- Description: MCP Teams
	- Operation Option: Required
Media Profile	1
On the SBC WebUi Interface:	Create Media Profile > Voice Codec Profile
Media > Media Profiles	- Description : Default G711A
	- Couec. G.711 A-law Create Media Profile > Voice Codec Profile
	- Description : Default G711u
	- Codec: G.711 u-law
Media List	
On the SBC WebUi Interface:	Create new Media List:
Media >Media List	- Description : ML Teams
	- Media Profil List: Default G711A
	- SDES-SRTP Profile : MCP Teams
	- Media DSCP: 46
SIP Server Table	
On the SBC WebUi Interface:	Create new SIP Server Table:
SIP > SIP Server Tables	- Description: SIP Server Teams
	Create SIP Server IP/FQDN Server Host
	- HOST FQDN/IP: sip.pstnhub.microsoft.com
	- Port: 5061
	- Protocol: TLS
	- TLS Profile: TLS Profile Teams
	I ransport
	- Keen Alive Frequency: 180s
	Create SIP Server IP/FQDN
	Server Host
	- HOST FQDN/IP: sip2.pstnhub.microsoft.com
	- Port: 5061 Protocol: TLS
	- TLS Profile: TLS Profile Teams
	Transport
	- Monitor: SIP Options
	- Keep Alive Frequency: 180s
	Croate SIP Server IP/EODN
	Server Host
	- HOST FQDN/IP: sip3.pstnhub.microsoft.com
	- Port: 5061
	- Protocol: TLS
	- TLS Profile: TLS Profile Teams
	- Monitor: SIP Ontions
	- Keep Alive Frequency: 180s



Voice Routing	
On the SBC WebUi Interface:	Create new Transformation Table:
SIP > I ransformation Tables	- Description: learns to BTIP (or BTOI/BTIPO)
Call Routing > Transformation	Create new Call Routing Table: - Description: CR Teams to BTIP (or BTOI/BTIPoI)
Call Routing > Call Routing Table	 Update CR Teams to BTIP (or BTOI/BTIPoI) Description: Teams to BTIP (or BTOI/BTIPoI) Number/Name transformation Table: Teams to BTIP (or BTOI/BTIPoI) Destination Signaling Group: SG to BT / BTIP (or BTOI/BTIPoI) * refer to BTIP Configuration
Message Manipulation	
SIP > Message Manipulation > Condition Rules Table	 Create new Condition Rule: Description: Anonymous Call Checking Match Type: from Operation: Regex Match Regex: ^((?!anonymous).)*\$
	 Create new Condition Rule: Description: URL User Match Type: SG User Value 1 Operation: Regex Match Regex: (<sip:)(.*)@(.*)< li=""> </sip:)(.*)@(.*)<>
SIP > Message Manipulation > Message Rules Table	 Create new SIP Message Rule Table: Description: Privacy-Removal Application message: Selected Message Message Selection: INVITE
	 Create new Header Rule: Description: Privacy Removal Condition expression: Match All Condition > Anonymous Call Checking Header Action: Remove Header Name: Privacy
	 Create new SIP Message Rule Table: Description: Privacy-Modification Application message: Selected Message Message Selection: INVITE
	 Create new Header Rule: Description: Privacy Modification Header Action: Modify Header Name: Privacy Header Value – Modify: id (Literal)
	 For BTIPol only: Create new SIP Message Rule Table: Description: Diversion to Hsitory-Info twds Teams



	- (Note that Hsitory is miswritten intentionally)
	- Application message: All Messages
	- Message Selection: INVITE
	Create new Header Rule:
	Description: Collect Diversion
	- Description. Conect Diversion
	- Header Action: Modify
	- Header Name: Diversion
	- Header value: SG User Value 1
	-
	Create new Header Rule:
	 Description: Send Diversion to History-Info
	 Condition Expression: URL User
	- Header Action: Add
	- Header Name: History-Info
	- Header value: SG User Value 1
	Create new Header Rule:
	- Description: Remove Diversion
	- Header Action: Remove
	- Header Name: Diversion
	Create new Condition Rule:
	Description: Check Basson asuse-24
	- Description. Check Reason Cause=34
	- Operation: Regex
	 Match Regex: ^.*cause=34.*\$
SIP > Message Manipulation > Message	Create new SIP Message Rule Table:
Rules Table	 Description: Remove Reason header if cause=34
	 Application message: Selected Message
	 Message Selection: 486 Busy Here
	Create new Header Rule:
	 Description: Detect Reason header cause=34
	- Header Action: Modify
	- Header Name: Reason
	- Header Ordinal Number: All
	- Header Value: Copy Value to SG UserValue 2
	Create new Header Rule:
	- Description: Remove Reason header if cause=34
	- Condition Expression: Check Reason cause=34
	- Header Action: Remove
	Header Name: Beasen
	- Header Name. Neason
	- meader value: copy value to SG Uservalue 2
Signaling Group	
On the SBC WebUi Interface:	Create new Signaling Group:
Signaling Groups	- Description: SG to Teams
	SIP Channels and Routing



	- Call Routing Table: CR Teams to BTIP (or BTOI/BTIPOI)
	- SID Drofile: SID Drofile Teams
	Sin Frome Table: SiP Frome Teams
	- Sir Server Table. Sir Server Teallis
	- Loadbalacing. Flionty. Register All
	Media Information
	- Media List ID: ML Teams
	* if Media Bypass or Local Media Optimisation
	- RTCP Multiplexing: Enable
	SIP IP Details
	- Signaling/Media Private IP: @Private-IPAddress-TeamsInterface
	- Signaling DSCP: 40
	* if Local Media Optimization
	 Teams Local Media Optimization = Enable
	- Private Media Source IP: @Private-IPAddress-Local Interface.
	* if Media Bypass or Local Media Optimization
	- ICE Support: Enable
	- ICE Mode = Lite
	* if use NAT Outbound
	- Outbound NAT Traversal: Static NAT
	- NAT Public IP: @Public-IPAddress - TeamsInterface
	Listen Port
	- Port: 5062
	- Protocol: TI S
	- TLS Profile ID: TLS Profile Teams
	Federated IP/FQDN
	- IP/FQDN: 52.112.0.0
	- Netmask/prefix: 255.252.0.0
	- IP/FQDN: 52.120.0.0
	- Netmask/prefix: 255.252.0.0
	Message Manipulation: Enabled
	Inbound Message Manipulation
	Message Table List: Privacy-Removal
	Remove Reason header if cause=34
	Outbound Moscogo Manipulation
	Maccade Table List: Driveev Modifiestion
	Nicosaye Table List. Filledy-iniounication Divorcion to Heitony Info twdo Toomo
<u> </u>	

5.6 Step 2 – BT / BTIP / BTOI / BTIPOI Configuration

Node Interface BT/BTIP only



On the SBC WebUi Interface: Networking Interfaces > Logical Interfaces	Configure the parameters - Ethernet 2 IP - Description: Interface-BT/BTIP - Primary Address: @Private-IPAddress-BT/BTIP - Primary Netmask: @Netmask - Media Next Hop IP: @Gateway (Swe-Lite only)
On the SBC WebUi Interface: SIP > SIP Profiles	Create SIP Profile Teams Description : SIP Profile BT/BTIP/BTOI SBC Edge Diagnostic Header: Disable UA Header : empty
TLS Profile BTol/BTIPol only	
On the SBC WebUi Interface: Security > TLS Profiles	Create TLS Profile for BTol/BTIPol Description: BTol/BTIPol TLS Profile TLS Protocol : TLS 1.2 Only Mutual Authentication : Enabled Client Cipher List : TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384 TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 Validation Client FQDN : Disabled
Media Profile	
On the SBC WebUi Interface: Media > Media Profiles	Create Media Profile > Voice Codec Profile - Description : Default G711A - Codec: G.711 A-law Create Media Profile > Voice Codec Profile - Description : Default G711µ - Codec: G.711 µ-law
SDES-SRTP Profiles BTol/BTIPol onl	у
On the SBC WebUi Interface: Media > SDES-SRTP Profiles	Edit the Teams SDES-SRTP profile: - Description : MCP Teams & BTOI
Media List for BTIP/BTIPOI	
On the SBC WebUi Interface: Media >Media List	 Create new Media List: Description : ML BT/BTIP, or ML BTOI/BTIPOI Media Profil List: Default G711A SDES-SRTP Profile : None (BTIP), or MCP Teams & BTOI (BTIPOI) Media DSCP: 46
Media List for BT/BTOI	
On the SBC WebUi Interface: Media >Media List	Create new Media List: - Description : ML BT/BTIP, or ML BTOI/BTIPOI - Media Profil List: Default G711A Default G711µ - SDES-SRTP Profile : None (BT), or MCP Teams & BTOI (BTOI) - Media DSCP: 46
SIP Server Table BTol	
On the SBC WebUi Interface: SIP > SIP Server Tables	Create new SIP Server Table: - Description: SIP Server BTol Create SIP Server IP/FQDN Server Host

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	 Priority: 1 HOST FQDN/IP: Nominal-SBC-BTol-FQDN Port: 5061 Protocol: TLS TLS Profile: TLS Profile Teams & BTol / BTIPol Monitor: SIP Options Keep Alive Frequency: 300s Create SIP Server IP/FQDN Server Host
	 Priority: 2 HOST FQDN/IP: Backup-SBC-BTol-FQDN Port: 5061 Protocol: TLS TLS Profile: TLS Profile Teams & BTol / BTIPol
	- Monitor: SIP Options
SIP Server Table BTIPol	- Keep Alive Frequency: 300s
On the SBC WebUi Interface: SIP > SIP Server Tables	Create new SIP Server Table: - Description: SIP Server BTIPol
	Create SIP Server SRV Server Host - HOST SRV : SRV SBC-BTIPol - Port: 5061 - Protocol: TLS - TLS Profile: TLS Profile Teams & BTol / BTIPol - Monitor: SIP Options - Keep Alive Frequency: 300s
SIP Server Table BT/BTIP	
On the SBC WebUi Interface: SIP > SIP Server Tables	Create new SIP Server Table: - Description: SIP Server BT/BTIP Create SIP Server IP/FQDN Server Host - Priority: 1 - HOST FQDN/IP: @SBC-BT/BTIP-IPAddress - Port: 5060 - Protocol: TCP Transport - Monitor: SIP Options - Keep Alive Frequency: 300s Create SIP Server IP/FQDN Server Host - Priority: 2 - HOST FQDN/IP: @SBC-BT/BTIP-IPAddress - Port: 5060 - Protocol: TCP Transport - Monitor: SIP Options
	- Keep Alive Frequency: 300s



Voice Routing	
On the SBC WebUi Interface: SIP > Transformation Tables	Create new Transformation Table: - Description: BT/BTIP (or BTOI/BTIPoI) to Teams
Call Routing > Call Routing Table	Create new Call Routing Table: - Description: CR BT/BTIP (or BTOI/BTIPoI) to Teams
	Update CR BT/BTIP (or BTOI/BTIPoI) to Teams - Description: BT/BTIP (or BTOI/BTIPoI) to Teams
	 Number/Name transformation Table: BT/BTIP (or BTOI/BTIPoI) to Teams Destination Signaling Group: SG to Teams*
	* refer to Teams Configuration
Message Manipulation	
On the SBC WebUi Interface: SIP > Message Manipulation > Message	Create new SIP Message Rule Table: - Description: User-Agent
Rules Table	Create new Header Rule:
	- Description: User-Agent
	- Header Action: Modify
	- Header Name: User-Agent
	- Header Value: Modify
	 Type of value: Token
	 Value: user-agent
	 Suffix: \ Teams
Signaling Group BT/BTIP	
On the SBC WebUi Interface:	Create new Signaling Group:
Signaling Groups	- Description: SG to BT / BTIP
	- Call Routing Table: CR BT - All to Teams
	- SIP Profile: SIP Profile BT
	- SIP Server Table: SIP Server BT – All
	- Load balancing: Priority: Register All
	Media Information
	- Media List ID: ML BT/BTIP
	SIP IP Details
	- Signaling/Media Private IP: Ethernet 2 IP
	- Signaling DSCP: 40
	Listen Port
	- Port: 5060
	- Protocol: ICP
	Federated IP/FQDN
	- IP/FQDN: @SBC-BT/BTIP-IPAddress
	- INETMASK/prefix: 200.200.205.205
	- IP/FQDN: @SBC-BT/BTIPI-IPAddress



	- Netmask/prefix: 255.255.255
	Message Manipulation: Enabled
	Outbound Message Manipulation
	 Message Table List: User-Agent
Signaling Group BTol / BTIPol	
On the SBC WebUi Interface: Signaling Groups	Create new Signaling Group: - Description: SG to BTol / BTIPol SIP Channels and Routing - Call Routing Table: CR BTol / BTIPol to Teams - SIP Profile: SIP Profile BTol / BTIPol - SIP Server Table: SIP Server BTol / BTIPol - All - For BTol, Load balancing: Priority: Register All Media Information - Media List ID: ML BTol/BTIPol
	 SIP IP Details Signaling/Media Private IP: Ethernet 1 IP Signaling DSCP: 40 Outbound NAT Traversal : None (General recommendation is not to use NAT translation for BTol/BTIPol. The SBC IP interface dedicated to Teams and BTol/BTIPol will be assigned the SBC Public IP address).
	Listen Port Port: 5061 Protocol: TLS TLS Profile: BTol/BTIPol TLS profile Federated IP/FQDN IP/FQDN: FQDN SBC-BTOI / BTIPOI (IP acceptable for BTol) Netmask/prefix: 255.255.255 IP/FQDN: FQDN SBC-BTOI / BTIPOI (IP acceptable for BTol) Netmask/prefix: 255.255.255.255
	Message Manipulation: Enabled Outbound Message Manipulation - Message Table List: User-Agent

5.7 Ribbon FAX configuration checklist

5.7.1 FXS fax with Ribbon configuration

The following guide describes steps which should be followed to enable the use of analogue fax devices on Ribbon Gateway. It is assumed that initial configuration of the Ribbon gateway is already done.

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5.7.2 Media Profile

It is necessary to enable T.38 support by setting T.38 Fax as a codec in Media Profile tab. In order to do that go to SETTINGS > MEDIA > MEDIA PROFILE

Create a new profile by pressing Create Media Profile and then Fax Codec Profile

Parameter	Value	Description
Description	T38 Profile	Profile name
Codec	T.38 Fax	Select T.38 protocol for fax transmission
Signalling Packet Redundancy	4	Signalization redundancy
Payload Packet Redundancy	1	Page transmission redundancy
Fallback to Passthrough	Disabled	FAX transmission cannot fallback to G711
		passthrough. BT does not support G711
		passthrough mode
Super G3 to G3 Fallback	Enabled	Force SG3 Fax calls switch to G3 mode.
		Speed is reduced to 14400bps. ECM is not
		disabled administratively.

5.7.3 Fax Media List

Go to SETTINGS > MEDIA > MEDIA LIST and press to add a new Media List.

Parameter	Value	Description
Description	FAX Media List	Media List name
Media Profiles List	Default G711A T.38 Profile	Add here the voice codec (here: G.711A) and the fax media codec (here: T.38 Profile)
Digit (DTMF) Relay Type	RFC 2833	Specifies how DTMF digits are passed through data network.
Modem Passthrough	Disabled	Specifies whether modem passthrough is enabled when using the G.711 codec.
Fax Passthrough	Disabled	Specifies whether fax passthrough is enabled when using the G.711 codec.
CNG Tone Detection	Disabled	Specifies whether the SONUS-SBC system will detect Fax tones produced by the origination side fax machine.

5.7.4 FXS port configuration

To configure an FXS port go to **SETTINGS > NODE INTERFACES** and select the port to which a Fax machine will be connected.

Parameter	Value	Description
Analog Line Profile	<country></country>	A country dependent parameter

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5.7.5 CAS Signalling Profile

CAS Signalling Profiles control various aspects of loop start, DTMF, tone detection and other features associated with the variants of CAS calls. In order to create a CAS Signaling Profile go to SETTINGS > CAS > CAS SIGNALING PROFILES

Create a new profile by selecting Create CAS Profile and then FXS Profile.

Parameter	Value	Description
Description	<profile name=""></profile>	CAS Signalling Profile name
Loop Start Type	Basic	Specifies the Loop Start method

5.7.6 Transformation Table

FXS FAX Towards BT

Outgoing FXS Fax makes use of the same Transformation Table as standard outgoing BT calls

BT Towards FXS FAX

Create a new Transformation Table for faxes incoming from BT. Go to **SETTINGS > CALL ROUTING > TRANSFORMATION** then press and fill the description field to name the table. Select the newly created table and press to add a new entry.

Parameter	Value	Description
Match Type	Mandatory / Optional	This option states whether the number
		matching should be mandatory or optional
Input Field - Value	<\FXS Fax number>	Number matching rule. The backslash is
		used to treat plus "+" as character and not
		regex special symbol.
Output Field - Value	< FXS Fax number>	Set the same number in transformation
		output.

5.7.7 CAS Signalling Group

New CAS signalling group for fax devices must be created on Ribbon gateway. Calls from CAS dedicated for faxes will be routed differently so existing CAS for analogue phones cannot be used.

Parameter	Value	Description
Description	<cas group<="" signaling="" td=""><td>CAS Signalling Group Name</td></cas>	CAS Signalling Group Name
	Name>	
Channel Hunting	Own Number	Parameter must be set to Own Number to
		send incoming calls to a proper fax machine
Call Routing Table	<call routing="" table<="" td=""><td>Select existing Call Routing Table Towards</td></call>	Select existing Call Routing Table Towards
	Towards BT>	BT
CAS Signaling Profile	<cas profile="" signaling=""></cas>	Select existing CAS Signalling Profile

In Assigned Channels table create a new entry with dedicated phone number for each fax port.

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5.7.8 Call Routing Table

FXS FAX Towards BT

Outgoing FXS Fax makes use of the same Call Routing Table as standard outgoing BT calls

BT Towards FXS FAX

Go to SETTINGS > CALL ROUTING > CALL ROUTING TABLE and select a proper call routing table for outgoing calls towards BT. Afterwards press to add an entry to the table.

Parameter	Value	Description
Number/Name	<transformation table<="" td=""><td>Select proper Transformation Table for</td></transformation>	Select proper Transformation Table for
Transformation Table	BT Towards FXS fax>	incoming FXS fax
Destination Signaling	<cas group="" signaling=""></cas>	Select existing CAS FXS Signalling Group
Groups		
Media Mode	DSP	Enable Ribbon DSP resources for FAX
		transcoding purpose
Media List	FAX Media List	Select media list containing T.38 codec.

5.7.9 Update Codecs

Please make sure that FAX Media List is configured on the following:

Call Routing Table entry from CAS (FXS FAX) to BT

Call Routing Table entry from BT to CAS (FXS FAX)

Business Talk SIP Signaling Group(s)



6 Oracle SBC Configuration Checklist for BTIP/BTalk

6.1 Warning

This configuration checklist is for S-Cz8.4.0 and upper releases. If checklist for S-Cz8.3.0 is required, please ask your sale contact.

6.2 Configuration Requirements

6.2.1 Tenant configuration

Pair the SBC to the tenant:

Command:

New-CsOnlinePSTNGateway
-Fqdn <i><sbc fqdn=""></sbc></i>
-SipSignallingPort 5061
-MaxConcurrentSessions <number></number>
-Enabled \$true
-ForwardPai \$true
-ForwardCallHistory \$true
-SendSipOptions <a>\$true
-MediaBypass \$true
-ProxySBC <mark>\$null</mark>
-BypassMode Always

6.2.2 Firewall and used ports

With media-bypass mode activated, media flow do not more go through Microsoft Media-Processor equipment.

Source	IP	Destination	IP	Protocol	Port	Comment
SBC	Public @IP	Any	Any	UDP	53	Public DNS
SBC	Public @IP	Teams SIP Proxy	52.114.0.0/16	ТСР	5061	SIP/TLS
Teams SIP Proxy	52.114.0.0/16	SBC	Public @IP	ТСР	5061	SIP/TLS
Internet Any		SBC	Public @IP	UDP	49152-65535	Media traffic
SBC	Public @IP	Internet	Any	UDP	49152-53247	Media traffic



6.2.3 SBC network configuration (wired or virtually wired)

Five interfaces will need IP addresses:

- For the Internet facing LAN: 1 private IP NATed to the public IP (if NAT)
- Customer trunk LAN: 1 IP address
- [Optional] HA LAN: 1 or 2 IP address depending if HA is redounded
- Admin configuration: 1 IP address for CLI configuration

6.2.4 Certificates

Following requirements regarding Certificate configuration:

- Certificate of the certification authority, signing the Microsoft Phone System Direct Routing service (DigiCert Global Root G2, format X.509 Base64)
- I cyphered file containing both the private key and the public certificate per domain used on the SBC, signed by a trusted Certificate Authority to be known by Microsoft Phone System Direct Routing service, aka such as Digicert CA which Orange has chosen as CA provider Note: for the multi-tenant SBC solution, this should be a wildcard certificate, aka *.teams.orange.com
- Certificate of the trusted certificate authority, and of each sub-authority having signed the above certificate (format X.509 Base64)

6.2.5 License

• No license is required

6.2.6 User Agent

Within VISIT SIP Teams context, User agent header must have following format:

User-Agent: ORACLE <SBC Model>/v.8.3.0 \ Teams

6.2.7 QoS in Teams Client

QoS management is done by configuring the Teams.exe at Windows level.

This configuration is done either locally or by GPO:

 Locally: Use policy-based Quality of Service (QoS) within Group Policy, and create a policy for Teams Audio with following parameters:



Parameter	Value	Description	
Policy Name	Teams Audio		
Application Name	Teams.exe		
Protocol	Both	TCP and UDP	
Source Port Start	50000	Source ports used by Teams desktop	
Source Port End	50019	clients are managed in the Teams	
		Admin center. Microsoft recommends	
		to keep this initial port range.	
DSCP value	46	DSCP=46 Expedited Forwarding (EF)	

 By GPO: #new-NetQosPolicy -Name "Teams Audio" -AppPathNameMatchCondition "Teams.exe" -IPProtocolMatchCondition Both -IPSrcPortStartMatchCondition 50000 -IPSrcPortEndMatchCondition 50019 -DSCPAction 46 -NetworkProfile All



6.3 ORACLE SBC - Standalone

6.3.1 First step

> Setup Entitlements

Configure SBC features:

Element	Configuration
Setup entitlements	OracleSBC1# setup entitlements

	Entitlements for Session Border Controller Last Modified: 2019-04-23 09:58:38	
	1 : Session Capacity 2 : Accounting	: 12000 : ena <u>ble</u> d
	3 : IPv4 - IPv6 Interworking	
	4 : IWF (SIP-H323)	: enabled
	5 : Load Balancing	: enabled
	6 : Policy Server	: enabled
	7 : Quality of Service	: enabled
	8 : Routing	: enabled
	9 : SIPREC Session Recording	: enabled
	10: Admin Security	
	11: ANSSI R226 Compliance	
	12: IMS-AKA Endpoints	: 0
	13: IPSec Trunking Sessions	: 0
	14: MSRP B2BUA Sessions	: 0
_	15: SRTP Sessions	: 2000
	16: Transcode Codec AMR Capacity	: 0
	17: Transcode Codec AMRWB Capacity	: 0

To "unlock" SRTP feature like "media-sec-policy" you must give a number for "SRTP Sessions".

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6.3.2 IP Network configuration

> Physical interface configuration

Three network interfaces:

- wancom0: admin interface (CLI)
- s0p0: media interface to Teams (media)
- > s0p1: media interface to BTIP (media)

Interface	Configuration
Wancom0	Configured at first initial boot
S0p0	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# system OracleSBC1 (system)# phy-interface OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# name s0p0 OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# operation-type Media OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# port 0 OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# slot 0 OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# slot 0 OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# done
S0p1	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# system OracleSBC1 (system)# phy-interface OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# name s0p1 OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# operation-type Media OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# port 0 OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# slot 1 OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# slot 1 OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# done

> Network interface configuration

Interface	Configuration
Wancom0	Configured at first initial boot
S0p0	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# system OracleSBC1 (system)# network-interface OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# name s0p0 OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# hostname <sbc fqdn=""> OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# ip-address <sbc ip="" public=""> OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# netmask <netmask></netmask></sbc></sbc>
To Teams	OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# gateway < <i>GW IP</i> > OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# dns-ip-primary < <i>Primary Public DNS</i> > OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# dns-ip-backup1 < <i>Backup Public DNS</i> > OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# dns-domain < <i>DNS Domain</i> > OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# add-hip-ip < <i>SBC Public IP</i> > OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# add-icmp-ip < <i>SBC Public IP</i> >



	OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# add-ssh-ip <sbc ip="" public=""> OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# gw-heartbeat OracleSBC1 (getway-heartbeat)# select OracleSBC1 (getway-heartbeat)# state enabled OracleSBC1 (getway-heartbeat)# heartbeat 1 OracleSBC1 (getway-heartbeat)# retry-count 2 OracleSBC1 (getway-heartbeat)# retry-timeout 1 OracleSBC1 (getway-heartbeat)# health-score 30 OracleSBC1 (getway-heartbeat)# done OracleSBC1 (getway-heartbeat)# exit OracleSBC1 (getway-heartbeat)# done</sbc>
S0p1 To BTIP	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# system OracleSBC1 (system)# network-interface OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# name s0p1 OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# ip-address <sbc ip="" private=""> OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# netmask <netmask> OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# gateway <gw ip=""> OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# gateway <gw ip=""> OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# add-hip-ip <sbc ip="" private=""> OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# add-icmp-ip <sbc ip="" private=""> OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# gw-heartbeat OracleSBC1 (getway-heartbeat)# select OracleSBC1 (getway-heartbeat)# state enabled OracleSBC1 (getway-heartbeat)# heartbeat 1 OracleSBC1 (getway-heartbeat)# netry-count 2 OracleSBC1 (getway-heartbeat)# netry-timeout 1 OracleSBC1 (getway-heartbeat)# health-score 31 OracleSBC1 (getway-heartbeat)# done OracleSBC1 (getway-heartbeat)# done OracleSBC1 (getway-heartbeat)# exit OracleSBC1 (getway-heartbeat)# done</sbc></sbc></gw></gw></netmask></sbc>



6.3.3 Teams configuration

> Certificate

Microsoft Teams Direct Routing Interface only allows TLS connections from SBCs for SIP traffic with a certificate signed by one of the trusted certification authorities. The step below describes how to request a certificate for SBC External interface and configure it based on the example of Symantec | DigiCert. The process includes the following steps:

1. Create a certificate-record "Certificate-record" is configuration element on Oracle SBC which captures information for a TLS certificate – such as common-name, key-size, keyusage etc. Following certificate-records are required on the Oracle ESBC in order for the SBC to connect with Microsoft Teams:

- SBC 1 certificate-record assigned to SBC
- IntermediateCA 1 certificate-record for intermediateCA

- Root 1 certificate-record for root cert (DigiCert Global Root G2 for Teams SIP proxy)

2. Generate a Certificate Signing Request (CSR) and obtain the certificate from a supported Certification Authority

3. Deploy the SBC and Root/Intermediary certificates on the SBC

Step 1 – Creating the certificate

Navigate to certificate-record config element under security and then configure a certificate record for SBC as shown below

Element	Configuration
Certificate-record SBCCertificate	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# security OracleSBC1 (security)# certificate-record OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# name SBCCertificate OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# name SBCCertificate OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# country <country> e.g. FR OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# state <state> e.g. Paris OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# locality <locality> e.g. Paris OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# organization <organization> e.g. Orange OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# unit <unit> e.g. "Orange Business Services" OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# common-name <sbc fqdn=""> OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# key-size 2048 OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# trusted enabled OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# key-usage-list (digitalSignature keyEncipherment) OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# extended-key-usage-list (serverAuth ClientAuth) OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# key-algor rsa OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# digest-algor sha256 OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# digest-algor sha256 OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# done</sbc></unit></organization></locality></state></country>



Certificate-record IntermediateCA	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# security OracleSBC1 (security)# certification-record OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# name SBCInter OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# country <country> e.g. FR OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# state <state> e.g. Paris OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# locality <locality> e.g. Paris OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# organization <organization> e.g. Orange OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# unit <unit> e.g. "Orange Business Services" OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# unit <unit> e.g. "Orange Business Services" OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# common-name SBCInter OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# trusted enabled OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# trusted enabled OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# key-usage-list (digitalSignature keyEncipherment) OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# extended-key-usage-list (serverAuth ClientAuth) OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# key-algor rsa OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# digest-algor sha256 OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# digest-algor sha256 OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# done</unit></unit></organization></locality></state></country>
Certificate-record DigiCert Global Root G2	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# security OracleSBC1 (security)# certification-record OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# name GlobalRootG2 OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# country <country> e.g. FR OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# state <state> e.g. Paris OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# locality <locality> e.g. Paris OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# locality <locality> e.g. Paris OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# organization <organization> e.g. Orange OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# unit <unit> e.g. "Orange Business Services" OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# common-name "DigiCert Global Root G2" OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# key-size 2048 OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# key-size 2048 OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# key-usage-list (digitalSignature keyEncipherment) OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# extended-key-usage-list serverAuth OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# key-algor rsa OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# key-algor sha256 OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# ecdsa-key-size p256 OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# digest-algor sha256 OracleSBC1 (certificate-record)# done</unit></organization></locality></locality></state></country>

Step 2 – Generating a certificate signing request

Generate a certificate signing request only for SBCCertificate to create a certificate request and upload it to Digicert for signage:

Element	Configuration		
Certificate signing OracleSBC1# generate-certification-request SBCCertificate			
request	Should return something like this :		



BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST
MIIC7zCCAdcCAQAwgYsxCzAJBgNVBAYTAkZSMQ4wDAYDVQQIEwVQYXJpczEOMAwG
A1UEBxMFUGFyaXMxDzANBgNVBAoTBk9yYW5nZTEhMB8GA1UECxMYT3Jhbmd1IEJ1
c2luZXNzIFNlcnZpY2VzMSgwJgYDVQQDEx9ocTYwNmd3Lm1zdmlzaXQ2Lm9uZS51
cXVhbnQubmV0MIIBIjANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFAAOCAQ8AMIIBCgKCAQEAv/NxxJUw
2JeNE3NBvYFkYC0kniJkaB3r4Y+QCPolgkL5qK9bsVTwop7mHmpon4N1gZQwfKqA
UigABDIVwiSOavpLpo98FM5fCFg0J1GZXe/E9UReK9g4NV8D1yyDgZoeDWBtuq6h
S/n1ob96NjuHO+wSaxWviOeQk0icB+7+o9YZ1tCS Sgym7WAy7UKyJ
7b6FQ7DYJifsd6hAfASx9xfnDRW9RaWr1Qn1kjXeFXwJRSLALaWVn6vaFznAkXGL
5thaEi3MirbinRJQXdtmBqd5hF4wZxIQpZS4qVtVS00+EjQ7+mxvXyBQo08mzmSy
vSmWu3Yw3jZREwIDAQABoB4wHAYJKoZIhvcNAQkOMQ8wDTALBgNVHQ8EBAMCBaAw
DQYJKoZIhvcNAQELBQADggEBALZ1iCeQjm0ovxprVjFf2NPnVEbYUcs2t8vJnCZr
1a6NxdBT5sF/100fss67X/X8TAIgOWX1It81xC7ydoItohpUtiII4R1zL6nJC5oP
brCHHnqFRJbQxdnCFpWYDV3Rff8HsmicizHNv3cYbGyTWwbySuOpiA+RCTPST1Rg
vr1hdSVuCrzRCrt51nEE5X+Vmb0RK2nJ+4CGgNGy6MLyRQOaIFxnRF/wCWdr+zjQ
rDjrRknTc0tB/QaQk1VgpcvZG3XJ90Q3toqXpo6F2Fq8q99/75aUg1680G8J3CMu
mZ5K+yldScQuS6Dq1EJt0RZ8IUrNYcn8sB/uhGWxm4Qy79c=
END CERTIFICATE REQUEST

Step 3 – Deploy SBC & root/intermediate certificates

SBCInter SBCCertifica	te →	→ IntermediateCA → Issl_certificate		03/05/2019 12:06 03/05/2019 12:06	Certificat de sécur Certificat de sécur	2 Ko 3 Ko
Ele		ment		Configuration		
	leave at a set if is sta		OracleSBC1# import-certificate try-all SBCCertificate			
Import-cer		certificate	At this point – paste the sig	ned SBC certificate a	and then issue command '	

> TLS Profile

Create a TLS context for Teams with following parameters:

TLS configuration needs as parameters the name of certificate records.

Element	Configuration
TLSv1.2	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# security OracleSBC1 (security)# tls-profile OracleSBC1 (security)# tls-profile OracleSBC1 (tls-profile)# name TeamsTLS OracleSBC1 (tls-profile)# end-entity-certificate <sbccertificate> OracleSBC1 (tls-profile)# trusted-ca-certificates (<globalrootg2> <sbcinter>) OracleSBC1 (tls-profile)# cipher-list ALL OracleSBC1 (tls-profile)# verify-depth 10 OracleSBC1 (tls-profile)# mutual-authenticate enabled OracleSBC1 (tls-profile)# tls-version tlsv12 OracleSBC1 (tls-profile)# cert-status-check disabled OracleSBC1 (tls-profile)# ignore-dead-responder disabled</sbcinter></globalrootg2></sbccertificate>



OracleSBC1 (tls-profile)# allow-self-signed-cert disabled OracleSBC1 (tls-profile)# done

> Enable media manager

Element	Configuration
Media-manager	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# media-manager OracleSBC1 (media-manager)# media-manager OracleSBC1 (media-manager-config)# state enabled OracleSBC1 (media-manager-config)# options +audio-allow-asymetric-pt OracleSBC1 (media-manager-config)# options +xcode-gratuitous-rtcp- report-generation OracleSBC1 (media-manager-config)# options +dont-terminate-assoc-legs OracleSBC1 (media-manager-config)# done

Steering pool

Element	Configuration
Steering pool Teams	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# media-manager OracleSBC1 (media-manager)# steering pool OracleSBC1 (steering-pool)# ip-address <sbc ip="" public=""> OracleSBC1 (steering-pool)# start-port 49152 OracleSBC1 (steering-pool)# end-port 65535 OracleSBC1 (steering-pool)# realm-id ToTeams OracleSBC1 (steering-pool)# done</sbc>
Steering pool BTIP	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# media-manager OracleSBC1 (media-manager)# steering pool OracleSBC1 (steering-pool)# ip-address < <i>SBC Private IP</i> > OracleSBC1 (steering-pool)# start-port 6000 OracleSBC1 (steering-pool)# end-port 65535 OracleSBC1 (steering-pool)# realm-id ToBTIP OracleSBC1 (steering-pool)# done

Session agent

Microsoft Teams use different SIP Proxy who can send/receive traffic from the SBC.

Element	Configuration
Session agent sip.pstnhub.microsoft.com	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router OracleSBC1 (session-router)# session-agent OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# hostname sip.pstnhub.microsoft .com OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# port 5061

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	OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# transport-method StaticTLS OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# realm-id ToTeams OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# ping-method OPTIONS OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# ping-interval 180 OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# refer-call-transfer enabled OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# done
Session agent sip2.pstnhub.microsoft.com	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router OracleSBC1 (session-router)# session-agent OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# hostname sip2.pstnhub.microsoft .com OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# port 5061 OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# transport-method StaticTLS OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# realm-id ToTeams OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# ping-method OPTIONS OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# ping-interval 180 OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# refer-call-transfer enabled OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# done
Session agent sip3.pstnhub.microsoft.com	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router OracleSBC1 (session-router)# session-agent OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# hostname sip3.pstnhub.microsoft .com OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# port 5061 OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# transport-method StaticTLS OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# realm-id ToTeams OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# ping-method OPTIONS OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# ping-interval 180 OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# refer-call-transfer enabled OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# done

Session group

Defined session group with all session agents configured earlier to prevent connectivity issue when the active session agent became unreachable:

Element	Configuration
Session group	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router OracleSBC1 (session-router)# session-group OracleSBC1 (session-group)# group-name TeamsGrp OracleSBC1 (session-group)# dest (sip.pstnhub.microsoft.com sip2.pstnhub.microsoft.com sip3.pstnhub.microsoft.com) OracleSBC1 (session-group)# sag-recursion enabled OracleSBC1 (session-group)# stop-sag-recurse 300-407,409-599 OracleSBC1 (session-group)# done



Local policy

Create local policy to manage the traffic between different realm (BTIP to Teams / Teams to BTIP):

Element	Configuration
Local policy From Teams to BTIP	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router OracleSBC1 (session-router)# local-policy OracleSBC1 (local-policy)# from-address * OracleSBC1 (local-policy)# to-address * OracleSBC1 (local-policy)# source-realm ToTeams OracleSBC1 (local-policy)# policy-attribute OracleSBC1 (local-policy)# policy-attribute OracleSBC1 (local-policy-attribute)# next-hop sag:BTIPGrp OracleSBC1 (local-policy-attribute)# realm ToBTIP OracleSBC1 (local-policy-attribute)# done OracleSBC1 (local-policy)# done
Local policy From BTIP to Teams	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router OracleSBC1 (session-router)# local-policy OracleSBC1 (local-policy)# from-address * OracleSBC1 (local-policy)# to-address * OracleSBC1 (local-policy)# source-realm ToBTIP OracleSBC1 (local-policy)# policy-attribute OracleSBC1 (local-policy)# next-hop sag:TeamsGrp OracleSBC1 (policy-attribute)# next-hop sag:TeamsGrp OracleSBC1 (local-policy-attribute)# done OracleSBC1 (local-policy)# done
Local policy From ANY to Teams (REFER Method)	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router OracleSBC1 (session-router)# local-policy OracleSBC1 (local-policy)# from-address * OracleSBC1 (local-policy)# to-address * OracleSBC1 (local-policy)# source-realm * OracleSBC1 (local-policy)# policy-attribute OracleSBC1 (local-policy)# methods REFER OracleSBC1 (policy-attribute)# methods REFER OracleSBC1 (policy-attribute)# next-hop sag:TeamsGrp OracleSBC1 (policy-attribute)# realm ToTeams OracleSBC1 (local-policy-attribute)# done OracleSBC1 (local-policy)# done

Codec policy

Element	Configuration
Codec policy	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# media-manager OracleSBC1 (media-manager)# codec-policy OracleSBC1 (codec-policy)# name CodecToTeams OracleSBC1 (codec-policy)# allow-codecs (G722 PCMA PCMU G729 telephone-event)



OracleSBC1 (codec-policy)# order-codecs (G722 PCMA PCMU G729)
OracleSBC1 (codec-policy)# done

> Media policy

Signaling DSCP marking 24 (CS3)

Element	Configuration
Codec policy	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# media-manager OracleSBC1 (media-manager)# media-policy OracleSBC1 (media-policy)# name DSCP OracleSBC1 (media-policy)# tos-settings OracleSBC1 (tos-settings)# media-type message OracleSBC1 (tos-settings)# media-sub-type sip OracleSBC1 (tos-settings)# tos-value 0x60 OracleSBC1 (tos-settings)# done

Audio DSCP marking 46 (EF)

Element	Configuration
Codec policy	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# media-manager OracleSBC1 (media-manager)# media-policy OracleSBC1 (media-policy)# tos-settings OracleSBC1 (tos-settings)# media-type audio OracleSBC1 (tos-settings)# tos-value 0xb8 OracleSBC1 (tos-settings)# done

> Sip manipulation

SIP Manipulation FixCLineNAT:

The following manipulation will change SDP "c" line to change private IP address to public IP address when the SBC is behind NAT device.

Element	Configuration
SIP Manipulation FixCLineNAT	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router OracleSBC1 (session-router)# sip-manipulation OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# name FixCLineNATOutbound
SIP Mime SDP rule MSR_FixCLine	OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# mine-sdp-rules OracleSBC1 (sip-mime-sdp-rules)# name MSR_FixCLine OracleSBC1 (sip-mime-sdp-rules)# msg-type any OracleSBC1 (sip-mime-sdp-rules)# comparison-type case-sensitive OracleSBC1 (sip-mime-sdp-rules)# action manipulate OracleSBC1 (sip-mime-sdp-rules)# sdp-session-rule



	OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-session-rules)# name SR_FixCLine OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-session-rules)# action manipulate OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-session-rules)# comparison-type case-sensitive OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-session-rules)# sdp-line-rules OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# name LR_FixCLine OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# type c OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# action find-replace-all OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# match-value IN IP4 OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# new-value "IN IP4 SBC Public @IP>" OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# done OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# exit OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# exit OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-session-rules)# done OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-session-rules)# done OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-session-rules)# done
SIP Header rule HR_FixCLine	OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# header-rules OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# name HR_FixCLine OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# header-name Content-Type OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# action manipulation OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# element-rule OracleSBC1 (sip-element-rules)# name ER_FixCLine OracleSBC1 (sip-element-rules)# parameter-name application/sdp OracleSBC1 (sip-element-rules)# type mime OracleSBC1 (sip-element-rules)# action find-replace-all OracleSBC1 (sip-element-rules)# match-value <private @ip=""> OracleSBC1 (sip-element-rules)# new-value <public @ip=""> OracleSBC1 (sip-element-rules)# done OracleSBC1 (sip-element-rules)# done OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# done OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# done OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# done</public></private>

SIP Manipulation KeepFirstCodec

Element	Configuration
SIP Manipulation KeepFirstCodec	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router OracleSBC1 (session-router)# sip-manipulation OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# name KeepFirstCodec
	OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# mime-sdp-rules OracleSBC1 (sip-mime-sdp-rules)# name MSR_KeepFirstCodec OracleSBC1 (sip-mime-sdp-rules)# msg-type any OracleSBC1 (sip-mime-sdp-rules)# action manipulate OracleSBC1 (sip-mime-sdp-rules)# sdp-media-rule OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# name MR_keepFirstCodec OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# media-type audio[0] OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# action manipulate OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# action manipulate OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# comparison-type case-sensitive OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# sdp-line-rules OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# sdp-line-rules OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# type m
SIP Mime SDP rule	OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# action store OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# comparison-type pattern-rule



MSR_ KeepFirstCodec	OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# match-value ^(.*RTP/SAVP)([0- 9]{1,3})(.*)\$
	OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# done
	OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# exit
	OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# sdp-line-rule
	OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# name LR_mLineFirstCodecOnly
	OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# type m
	OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# action replace
	OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# comparison-type boolean
	OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# match-value
	\$MSR_keepFirstCodec.\$MR_keepFirstCodec.\$LR_firstCodec
	OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# new-value
	\$MSR_keepFirstCodec.\$MR_keepFirstCodec.\$LR_firstCodec.\$1+\$MSR_
	keepFirstCodec.\$MR_keepFirstCodec.\$LR_firstCodec.\$2+" 101"
	OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# done
	OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# exit
	OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# sdp-line-rule
	OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# name LR_aLineFirstCodecOnly
	OracleSBC1 (sip-sop-line-rules)# type a
	OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# action delete
	OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# comparison-type pattern-rule
	OracleSBCT (sip-sop-line-rules)# match-value
	(rtpmap(imtp):(?!({\$WSK_keepFirstCodec.\$WK_keepFirstCodec.\$LK_
	TITSTCOdec.\$2}[101]) OracleSPC1 (ain add line rules)# done
	OracleSBC1 (sip-sup-line-rules)# done
	OracleSBC1 (sip-sup-lifie-rules)# exit
	OracleSBC1 (sip-filline-sup-fules)# uoffe

SIP Manipulation AddAnnexBNo

Element	Configuration
SIP Manipulation	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router
AddAnnexBNo	OracleSBC1 (session-router)# sip-manipulation OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# name AddAnnexBNo
SIP Mime SDP rule MSR_AddAnnexBNo	OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# mine-sdp-rules OracleSBC1 (sip-mime-sdp-rules)# name MSR_AddAnnexBNo OracleSBC1 (sip-mime-sdp-rules)# msg-type any OracleSBC1 (sip-mime-sdp-rules)# methods INVITE OracleSBC1 (sip-mime-sdp-rules)# action manipulate OracleSBC1 (sip-mime-sdp-rules)# sdp-media-rule OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# name MR_TestG729 OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# media-type audio OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# action manipulate OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# action manipulate OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# comparison-type case-sensitive OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# sdp-line-rules OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# sdp-line-rules OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# sdp-line-rules OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# type m OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# type m OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# comparison-type pattern-rule OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# match-value \s18\b OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# done


Oracle CDC4 (sin ada line miles)# exit
OracleSBC1 (sip-sop-line-rules)# exit
OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# sdp-line-rule
OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# name LR_Delete
OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# type a
OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# action delete
OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# comparison-type pattern-rule
OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# match-value ^.*annexb.*\$
OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# done
OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# exit
OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# name MR_AddAnnexBno0
OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# media-type audio[0]
OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# action manipulate
OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# comparison-type boolean
OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# match-value
\$MSR_AddAnnexBNo.\$ MR_TestG729.\$LR_MatchG729[0]
OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# sdp-line-rule
OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# name LR_AddAnnexbNo
OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# type a
OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# action add
OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# new-value "fmtp:18 annexb=no"
OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# done
OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-line-rules)# exit
OracleSBC1 (sip-mime-sdp-rules)# done
OracleSBC1 (sip-mime-sdp-rules)# exit

SIP Manipulation DelReasonCause34:

Element	Configuration
SIP Manipulation	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router
DelReasonCause34	OracleSBC1 (session-router)# sip-manipulation OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# name DelReasonHeaderCause34
SIP Header rule HR_ DelReasonHeader	OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# header-rules OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# name HR_is486 OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# header-name @status-line OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# action store OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# comparison-type pattern-rule OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# msg-type reply OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# mage-type reply OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# element-type OracleSBC1 (sip-element-rule)# name is486Code OracleSBC1 (sip-element-rule)# type status-code OracleSBC1 (sip-element-rule)# match-val-type any OracleSBC1 (sip-element-rule)# match-val-type any OracleSBC1 (sip-element-rule)# match-value 486 OracleSBC1 (sip-element-rule)# done OracleSBC1 (sip-element-rule)# done OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# name HR_isCause34 OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# header-name Reason OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# action store OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# action store OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# mage-type pattern-rule



OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# match-value ^.*cause=34.*\$
OracieSBCT (sip-neader-rule)# done
OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# name HR_DelReasonHeader
OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# header-name Reason
OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# action delete
OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# comparison-type pattern-rule
OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# msg-type reply
OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# match-value
"\$HR_is486.\$is486Code & \$HR_isCause34"
OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# done
OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# exit
OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# done

SIP Manipulation RemovePrivacy:

Element	Configuration
SIP Manipulation	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router
RemovePrivacy	OracleSBC1 (session-router)# sip-manipulation OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# name RemovePrivacy
SIP Header rule HR_RemovePrivacy	OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# header-rules OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# name HR_ RemovePrivacy OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# header-name Privacy OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# action delete OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# comparison-type boolean OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# msg-type out-of-dialog OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# methods INVITE,BYE,REFER OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# match-value \$FROM_USER.\$0!=anonymous OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# done OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# exit OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rule)# done

SIP Manipulation FixALineNATInbound:

Element	Configuration
SIP Manipulation	OracleSBC# configure terminal
	OracleSBC (configure)# session-router
Fix AL ineNATInbound	OracleSBC (session-router)# sip-manipulation
TIXALIIICIATIIIDUUIIU	OracleSBC (sip-manipulation)# name FixALineNATInbound
	OracleSBC (sip-manipulation)# header-rules
	OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# name HR_FixALineNATInbound
	OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# header-name Content-Type
	OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# action manipulate
Header rule	OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# msg-type any
	OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# element-rule
HR_ FIXALINENA I INDOUND	OracleSBC (sip-element-rules)# name ER_FixALineNATInbound
	OracleSBC (sip-element-rules)# parameter-name application/sdp
	OracleSBC (sip-element-rules)# type mime
	OracleSBC (sip-element-rules)# action find-replace-all



OracleSBC (sip-element-rules)# match-value <sbc @ip="" public=""></sbc>
OracleSBC (sip-element-rules)# new-value <sbc @ip="" private=""></sbc>
OracleSBC (sip-element-rules)# done
OracleSBC (sip-element-rules)# exit
OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# done
OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# exit
OracleSBC (sip-manipulation)# done

SIP Manipulation ChangeUserAgent:

Element	Configuration
SIP Manipulation	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router
ChangeUserAgent	OracleSBC1 (session-router)# sip-manipulation OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# name ChangeUserAgent
Header rule HR_ChangeUserAgent	OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# header-rules OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# name HR_ChangeUserAgent OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# header-name User-Agent OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# action manipulate OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# msg-type request OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# methods INVITE OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# new-value "ORACLE SBC/v.8.4.0 \\ Teams" OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# done OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# done OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# exit OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# done

SIP Manipulation ChangeServer:

Element	Configuration
SIP manipulation ChangeServer	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router OracleSBC1 (session-router)# sip-manipulation OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# name ChangeServer
Header rule ChangeServer	OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# header-rules OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# name HR_ChangeServer OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# header-name Server OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# action manipulate OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# msg-type reply OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# new-value "ORACLE SBC/v.8.4.0 \\ Teams" OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# done OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# done OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# exit OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# done



SIP Manipulation StripVideo

Element	Configuration
SIP Manipulation StripVideo	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router OracleSBC1 (session-router)# sip-manipulation OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# name StripVideo
SIP Mime SDP rule MSR_StripVideo	OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# mine-sdp-rules OracleSBC1 (sip-mime-sdp-rules)# name MSR_StripVideo OracleSBC1 (sip-mime-sdp-rules)# msg-type request OracleSBC1 (sip-mime-sdp-rules)# methods INVITE OracleSBC1 (sip-mime-sdp-rules)# comparison-type manipulate OracleSBC1 (sip-mime-sdp-rules)# sdp-media-rule OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# name MR_RemoveVideo OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# name MR_RemoveVideo OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# media-type video OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# action delete OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# done OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# done OracleSBC1 (sip-sdp-media-rules)# exit OracleSBC1 (sip-mime-sdp-rules)# done OracleSBC1 (sip-mime-sdp-rules)# done

SIP Manipulation out-teams:

Element	Configuration
SIP manipulation out-teams	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router OracleSBC1 (session-router)# sip-manipulation OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# name out-teams
SIP Header rule HR_CallFixCLineNAT	OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# header-rules OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# name CallFixCLineNATOutbound OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# header-name From OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# action sip-manip OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# new-value FixCLineNATOutbound OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# done OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# exit OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# done
SIP Header rule KeepFirstCodec	OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# header-rules OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# name CallKeepFirstCodec OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# header-name From OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# action sip-manip OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# new-value KeepFirstCodec OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# done OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# exit OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# exit OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# done

SIP Manipulation in-teams:

Element	Configuration



SIP manipulation in-teams	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router OracleSBC1 (session-router)# sip-manipulation OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# name in-teams
SIP Header rule CallRemovePrivacy	OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# header-rules OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# name CallRemovePrivacy OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# header-name Privacy OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# action sip-manip OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# new-value RemovePrivacy OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# done
SIP Header rule CallFixALineNATInbound	OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# name CallFixALineNATInbound OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# header-name From OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# action sip-manip OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# new-value FixALineNATInbound OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# done
SIP Header rule CallAddAnnexBNo	OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# name CallAddAnnexBNo OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# header-name From OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# action sip-manip OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# new-value AddAnnexBNo OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# done OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# done OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# exit OracleSBC (sip-manipulation)# done
SIP Header rule CallDelReasonHeaderCause34	OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# name CallDelReasonHeaderCause34 OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# header-name From OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# action sip-manip OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# new-value DelReasonHeaderCause34 OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# done OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# done OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# exit OracleSBC (sip-manipulation)# done
SIP Header rule CallStripVideo	OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# name CallStripVideo OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# header-name From OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# action sip-manip OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# new-value StripVideo OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# done OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# done OracleSBC (sip-header-rules)# exit OracleSBC (sip-manipulation)# done

SIP Manipulation out-btip:

Element	Configuration
SIP manipulation out-btip	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router OracleSBC1 (session-router)# sip-manipulation OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# name out-btip
SIP Header rule CallChangeUserAgent	OracleSBC1 (sip-manipulation)# header-rules OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# name CallChangeUserAgent OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# header-name User-Agent OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# action sip-manip OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# new-value ChangeUserAgent



	OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# done
SIP Header rule	OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# name CallChangeServer OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# header-name From OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# action sip-manip OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# new-value ChangeServer
Callenaligecontei	OracleSBC1 (sip-header-rules)# done

> Consultative transfer

Element	Configuration
Consultative transfer	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router OracleSBC1 (session-router)# sip-feature OracleSBC1 (sip-feature)# name replaces OracleSBC1 (sip-feature)# realm ToTeams OracleSBC1 (sip-feature)# support-mode-inbound Pass OracleSBC1 (sip-feature)# require-mode-inbound Pass OracleSBC1 (sip-feature)# proxy-require-mode-inbound Pass OracleSBC1 (sip-feature)# support-mode-outbound Pass OracleSBC1 (sip-feature)# support-mode-outbound Pass OracleSBC1 (sip-feature)# require-mode-outbound Pass OracleSBC1 (sip-feature)# require-mode-outbound Pass OracleSBC1 (sip-feature)# proxy-require-mode-outbound Pass OracleSBC1 (sip-feature)# done

> SIP Profile

Element	Configuration
SIP profile	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router OracleSBC1 (session-router)# sip-profile OracleSBC1 (sip-profile)# name foreplaceTeams OracleSBC1 (sip-profile)# redirection inherit OracleSBC1 (sip-profile)# ingress-conditional-cac-admit inherit OracleSBC1 (sip-profile)# egress-conditional-cac-admit inherit OracleSBC1 (sip-profile)# forked-cac-bw inherit OracleSBC1 (sip-profile)# forked-cac-bw inherit OracleSBC1 (sip-profile)# replace-dialogs enabled OracleSBC1 (sip-profile)# done

> SDES profile

Element	Configuration
SDES profile	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# security OracleSBC1 (security)# media-security OracleSBC1 (security)# sdes-profile OracleSBC1 (sdes-profile)# name SDES OracleSBC1 (sdes-profile)# crypto-list AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_80 OracleSBC1 (sdes-profile)# srtp-auth enabled OracleSBC1 (sdes-profile)# srtp-encrypt enabled

Orange SA, with a share capital of 10,640,226,396 euros, 111 Quai du Président Roosevelt, 92130 Issy-les-Moulineaux, France, Frade Register No. 380.129.866 Nanterre



	OracleSBC1 (sdes-profile)# srtcp-encrypt enabled OracleSBC1 (sdes-profile)# mki disabled OracleSBC1 (sdes-profile)# egress-offer-format same-as-ingress OracleSBC1 (sdes-profile)# srtp-rekey-on-re-invite disabled OracleSBC1 (sdes-profile)# done
--	---

> RTCP policy

Element	Configuration
RTCP policy	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# media-manager OracleSBC1 (media-manager)# rtcp-policy OracleSBC1 (rtcp-policy)# name rtcpGen OracleSBC1 (rtcp-policy)# rtcp-generate all-calls OracleSBC1 (rtcp-policy)# hide-cname disabled OracleSBC1 (rtcp-policy)# done

Net Management Control

Element	Configuration
Net-Management-Control	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router OracleSBC1 (session-router)# net-management-control OracleSBC1 (net-management-control)# name Emergency OracleSBC1 (net-management-control)# type priority OracleSBC1 (net-management-control)# treatment apply-local- policy OracleSBC1 (net-management-control)# protocol-next-hop SIP OracleSBC1 (net-management-control)# destination-identifier (+33112 +3318 +3317 +3315 +33114) OracleSBC1 (net-management-control)# done

Session constraint

Element	Configuration
Session-constraint	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router OracleSBC1 (session-router)# session-constraints OracleSBC1 (session-constraints)# name SessionConstraintEmergency OracleSBC1 (session-constraints)# max-sessions <x> e.g. 50 OracleSBC1 (session-constraints)# done</x>

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> Media sec policy

Element	Configuration
Media sec policy	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# security OracleSBC1 (security)# media-security OracleSBC1 (media-security)# media-sec-policy OracleSBC1 (media-sec-policy)# name RTP OracleSBC1 (media-sec-policy)# pass-through disabled OracleSBC1 (media-sec-policy)# inbound OracleSBC1 (inbound)# mode rtp OracleSBC1 (inbound)# protocol none OracleSBC1 (inbound)# hide-egress-media-update enabled OracleSBC1 (inbound)# hide-egress-media-update enabled OracleSBC1 (inbound)# exit OracleSBC1 (inbound)# exit OracleSBC1 (outbound)# protocol none OracleSBC1 (outbound)# protocol none OracleSBC1 (outbound)# protocol none OracleSBC1 (outbound)# protocol none OracleSBC1 (outbound)# done OracleSBC1 (outbound)# protocol none OracleSBC1 (outbound)# done OracleSBC1 (outbound)# done OracleSBC1 (media-sec-policy)# name SRTP OracleSBC1 (media-sec-policy)# pass-through disabled OracleSBC1 (inbound)# profile SDES OracleSBC1 (inbound)# protocol sdes OracleSBC1 (inbound)# done OracleSBC1 (inbound)# protocol sdes OracleSBC1 (inbound)# done OracleSBC1 (inbound)# done OracleSBC1 (inbound)# done OracleSBC1 (inbound)# protocol sdes OracleSBC1 (inbound)# done OracleSBC1 (inbound)# mode srtp OracleSBC1 (outbound)# mode srtp OracleSBC1 (outbound)# protocol sdes OracleSBC1 (outbound)# protocol sdes

> ICE-Profile

Element	Configuration
ICE-Profile	OracleSBC# configure terminal OracleSBC (configure)# media-manager OracleSBC (media-manager)# ice-profile OracleSBC (ice-profile)# name ice-profile OracleSBC (ice-profile)# stun-conn-timeout 0 OracleSBC (ice-profile)# stun-keep-alive-interval 0 OracleSBC (ice-profile)# stun-rate-limit 100 OracleSBC (ice-profile)# done

> Teams Realm

Element	Configuration
Realm	OracleSBC1# configure terminal

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	OracleSBC1 (configure)# media-manager
ToTeams	OracleSBC1 (media-manager)# realm-config
	OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# identifier ToTeams
	OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# network-interfaces s0p0:0
	OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# mm-in-realm enabled
	OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# qos-enable enabled
	OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# net-management-control enabled
	OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# refer-call-transfer enabled
	OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# media-sec-policy SRTP
	OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# rtcp-policy rtcpGen
	OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# rtcp-mux enabled
	OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# codec-policy CodecToTeams
	OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# ice-profile ice-profile
	OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# media-realm-list ToTeams
	OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# teams-fqdn <sbc fqdn=""></sbc>
	OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# teams-fqdn-in-uri enabled
	OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# sdp-inactive-only enabled
	OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# done

> SIP interface

Element	Configuration
SIP interface ToTeams	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router OracleSBC1 (session-router)# sip-interface OracleSBC1 (sip-interface)# state enabled OracleSBC1 (sip-interface)# realm-id ToTeams OracleSBC1 (sip-interface)# in-manipulationid in-teams OracleSBC1 (sip-interface)# out-manipulationid out-teams OracleSBC1 (sip-interface)# sip-profile foreplaceTeams OracleSBC1 (sip-interface)# add-sdp-invite reinvite OracleSBC1 (sip-interface)# sip-port OracleSBC1 (sip-interface)# sip-port OracleSBC1 (sip-port)# address <sbc ip="" public=""> OracleSBC1 (sip-port)# port 5061 OracleSBC1 (sip-port)# transport-protocol TLS OracleSBC1 (sip-port)# tls-profile TeamsTLS OracleSBC1 (sip-port)# allow-anonymous agents-only OracleSBC1 (sip-port)# done</sbc>



6.3.4 BTIP configuration

> Enable SIP config

Element	Configuration
SIP config	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router OracleSBC1 (session-router)# sip-config OracleSBC1 (sip-config)# home-realm-id ToBTIP OracleSBC1 (sip-config)# registrar-domain * OracleSBC1 (sip-config)# registrar-host * OracleSBC1 (sip-config)# registrar-port 5060 OracleSBC1 (sip-config)# dialog-transparency disabled OracleSBC1 (sip-config)# options +inmanip-before-validate OracleSBC1 (sip-config)# options +max-udp-length=0 OracleSBC1 (sip-config)# options +reinvite-trying=yes OracleSBC1 (sip-config)# options +multiple-dialogs-enhancement

> SIP Profile

Element	Configuration
SIP profile	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router OracleSBC1 (session-router)# sip-profile OracleSBC1 (sip-profile)# name foreplaceBTIP OracleSBC1 (sip-profile)# redirection inherit OracleSBC1 (sip-profile)# ingress-conditional-cac-admit inherit OracleSBC1 (sip-profile)# egress-conditional-cac-admit inherit OracleSBC1 (sip-profile)# forked-cac-bw inherit OracleSBC1 (sip-profile)# forked-cac-bw inherit OracleSBC1 (sip-profile)# replace-dialogs disabled OracleSBC1 (sip-profile)# done

Codec policy

Element	Configuration
Codec policy : CodecBTIP	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# media-manager OracleSBC1 (media-manager)# codec-policy OracleSBC1 (codec-policy)# name CodecBTIP OracleSBC1 (codec-policy)# allow-codecs (G722 PCMA G729 telephone-event) OracleSBC1 (codec-policy)# done



Element	Configuration
Codec policy : CodecBT	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# media-manager OracleSBC1 (media-manager)# codec-policy OracleSBC1 (codec-policy)# name CodecBT OracleSBC1 (codec-policy)# allow-codecs (G722 PCMA PCMU G729 telephone-event) OracleSBC1 (codec-policy)# done

Session agent

Element	Configuration
Session agent active	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router OracleSBC1 (session-router)# session-agent OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# hostname <@IP aSBC 1> OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# port 5060 OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# transport-method StaticTCP OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# realm-id ToBTIP OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# ping-response enabled OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# ping-method OPTIONS OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# ping-interval 300 OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# refer-call-transfer enabled If session agent = BTIP (France). Then : OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# codec-policy CodecBTIP Else If session agent = BT(Int). Then : OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# codec-policy CodecBT OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# done
Session agent backup	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router OracleSBC1 (session-router)# session-agent OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# hostname <@IP aSBC 2> OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# port 5060 OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# transport-method StaticTCP OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# realm-id ToBTIP OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# ping-response enabled OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# ping-method OPTIONS OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# ping-interval 300 OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# refer-call-transfer enabled If session agent = BTIP (France). Then : OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# codec-policy CodecBTIP Else If session agent = BT(Int). Then : OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# codec-policy CodecBT OracleSBC1 (session-agent)# codec-policy CodecBT

Session group

Element	Configuration
Session group	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router



OracleSB OracleSB OracleSB OracleSB OracleSB OracleSB OracleSB	C1 (session-router)# session-group C1 (session-group)# group-name BTIPGrp C1 (session-group)# dest (<@IP aSBC 1> <@IP aSBC 2>) C1 (session-group)# sag-recursion enable C1 (session-group)# stop-sag-recurse 300-407,409-599 C1 (session-group)# done
--	--

Realm

Element	Configuration
Realm ToBTIP	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# media-manager OracleSBC1 (media-manager)# realm-config OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# identifier ToBTIP OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# network-interfaces s0p1:0 OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# network-interfaces s0p1:0 OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# qos-enabled enabled OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# qos-enabled enabled OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# refer-call-transfer enabled OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# media-sec-policy RTP OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# codec-policy CodecBTIP OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# rtcp-policy rtcpGen OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# merge-early-dialog enable OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# hide-egress-media-update enabled OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# netge-early-dialog enable OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# netge-early-dialog enable OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# netge-early-dialog enable OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# netge-early-dialog enable OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# nide-egress-media-update enabled OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# ringback-trigger refer OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# ringback-trigger refer OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# ringback-file <ringback .raw="" file="">* OracleSBC1 (realm-config)# done</ringback>

> SIP interface

Element	Configuration
SIP interface	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# session-router OracleSBC1 (session-router)# sip-interface OracleSBC1 (sip-interface)# state enabled OracleSBC1 (sip-interface)# realm-id ToBTIP OracleSBC1 (sip-interface)# sip-profile foreplaceBTIP OracleSBC1 (sip-interface)# initial-inv-trans-expire 6 OracleSBC1 (sip-interface)# out-manipulationid out-btip OracleSBC1 (sip-interface)# sip-port OracleSBC1 (sip-interface)# sip-port OracleSBC1 (sip-port)# address <private @ip=""> OracleSBC1 (sip-port)# port 5060 OracleSBC1 (sip-port)# transport-protocol TCP OracleSBC1 (sip-port)# allow-anonymous agents-only OracleSBC1 (sip-port)# done</private>



6.4 ORACLE SBC - HA configuration

This section describes the Oracle SBC configuration in HA mode (Two SBC in a high availability mode). The HA topology validated within VISIT Teams offer is displayed in the figure below:



Only the Active SBC is used, while the second SBC is considered as a backup device (standby).

Following steps have to be performed to ensure correct integration within VISIT Teams offer:

- First SBC configuration
 - NTP synchronization
 - Virtual MAC address
 - Primary & Secondary utility address
 - Wancom1 & Wancom2 physical configuration
 - Wancom1 & Wancom2 network configuration
 - o Redundancy
- Secondary SBC configuration



6.4.1 First SBC configuration

> NTP synchronization

Element	Configuration
NTP sync	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# ntp-sync OracleSBC1 (ntp-config)# add-server <ntp @ip=""> OracleSBC1 (ntp-config)# done</ntp>

Virtual MAC address

Element	Configuration	
Virtual MAC address	OracleSBC1# show interfaces	

Identify "Ethernet address is 00:08:25:XX:YY:ZN", 00:08:25 refers to Acme Packet, XX:YY:Z refers to the specific SBC. N is a 0-f hexadecimal value available for Oracle SBC. To create a virtual MAC address replace the "N" value with unused hexadecimal values for Oracle SBC: 8,9,e or f. Example:

Ethernet address s0p0: 00:08:25:A2:45:BF Virtual MAC 1: 00:08:25:A2:45:B8 Virtual MAC 2: 00:08:25:A2:45:B9

Element	Configuration
Virtual MAC address	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# system OracleSBC1 (system)# phy-interface OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# select <name>: 1: s0p0 2: s0p1 Selection: 1 OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# virtual-mac <virtual 1="" mac=""> OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# done OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# select <name>: 1: s0p0 2: s0p1 Selection: 2 OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# virtual-mac <virtual 2="" mac=""> OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# virtual-mac <virtual 2="" mac=""> OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# virtual-mac <virtual 2="" mac=""></virtual></virtual></virtual></name></virtual></name>



Primary & Secondary utility address

Primary and Secondary utility addresses have to be in the same subnet than Public @IP (to teams) and Private @IP (to BTIP):

Element	Configuration	
Primary & Secondary utility address	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# system OracleSBC1 (system)# network-interface OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# select <name>:<sub-port-id>: 1: s0p0:0 ip=Public @IP gw= GW @IP 2: s0p1:0 ip=Private @IP gw= GW @IP Selection: 1 OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# pri-utility-addr <@IP> OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# sec-utility-addr <@IP> OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# select <name>:<sub-port-id>: 1: s0p0:0 ip=Public @IP gw= GW @IP 2: s0p1:0 ip=Private @IP gw= GW @IP 2: s0p1:0 ip=Private @IP gw= GW @IP Selection: 2 OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# pri-utility-addr <@IP> OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# bec-utility-addr <@IP></sub-port-id></name></sub-port-id></name>	

> Wancom1 & Wancom2 physical configuration

Element	Configuration
Wancom1 physical configuration	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# system OracleSBC1 (system)# phy-interface OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# name wancom1 OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# operation-type Control OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# port 1 OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# slot 0 OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# slot 0 OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# wancom-health-score 7
Wancom2 physical configuration	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# system OracleSBC1 (system)# phy-interface OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# name wancom2 OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# operation-type Control OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# port 2 OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# slot 0 OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# slot 0 OracleSBC1 (phy-interface)# wancom-health-score 8

> Wancom1 & Wancom2 network configuration

Element	Configuration

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Wancom1 network configuration	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# system OracleSBC1 (system)# network-interface OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# name wancom1 OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# pri-utility-addr 169.254.1.1 OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# sec-utility-addr 169.254.1.2 OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# netmask 255.255.255.252 OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# done
Wancom2 network configuration	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# system OracleSBC1 (system)# network-interface OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# name wancom2 OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# pri-utility-addr 169.254.2.1 OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# sec-utility-addr 169.254.2.2 OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# netmask 255.255.255.252 OracleSBC1 (network-interface)# done

Redundancy

Element	Configuration
Redundancy	OracleSBC1# configure terminal OracleSBC1 (configure)# system OracleSBC1 (system)# redundancy OracleSBC1 (redundancy)# peers OracleSBC1 (redundancy)# peers OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer)# name OracleSBC1 OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer)# destinations OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer)# destinations OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer)# destinations OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer-dest)# address 169.254.1.1:9090 OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer-dest)# network-interface wancom1:0 OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer-dest)# network-interface wancom2:0 OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer-dest)# address 169.254.2.1:9090 OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer-dest)# done OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer-dest)# done OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer-dest)# done OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer)# destinations OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer)# type Secondary OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer-dest)# address 169.254.1.2:9090 OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer-dest)# address 169.254.1.2:9090 OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer-dest)# network-interface wancom1:0 OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer-dest)# network-interface wancom2:0 OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer-dest)# address 169.254.2.2:9090 OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer-dest)# address 169.254.2.2:9090 OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer-dest)# network-interface wancom2:0 OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer-dest)# network-interface wancom2:0 OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer-dest)# done OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer-dest)# done OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer)# done OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer)# done OracleSBC1 (rdncy-peer)# done

Reboot primary SBC, redundancy configuration require reboot to take effect:



Element	Configuration
Reboot	OracleSBC1 # save-config OracleSBC1 # activate-config OracleSBC1 # reboot

6.4.2 Secondary SBC configuration

Get the wancom0 IP address for the SBC1, try to ping this address on the secondary SBC and acquire its configuration:

Element	Configuration
Acquire config	OracleSBC2# ping <wancom0 @ip="" sbc1=""> OracleSBC2# acquire-config <wancom0 @ip="" sbc1=""> OracleSBC2# reboot force activate</wancom0></wancom0>

Issuing "show health" and "display-current-cfg-version" commands to display the state of redundancy. The same numbers of current configuration version indicate that both SBCs are synchronized.

Element	Configuration
SBC state	OracleSBC1# show health OracleSBC1# display-current-cfg-version
	OracleSBC2# show health OracleSBC2# display-current-cfg-version

Redundancy Protocol Process (v3): State Health Lowest Local Address 169.254.1.1:9090 1 peer(s) on 2 socket(s): OracleSBC2: v3, Standby, health=100, max silence=1050 last received from 169.254.1.2 on wancom1:0	Redundancy Protocol Process (v3): State Health Lowest Local Address 0 racleSBC1: v3, Active, health=100, max silence=1050 last received from 169.254.2.1 on wancom2:0
OracleSBC1# display-current-cfg-version	OracleSBC2# display-current-cfg-version
Current configuration version is 57	Current configuration version is 57