

# TECHNICAL GUIDE to access Business Talk & BTIP Cisco CUCM and Webex Calling

versions addressed in this guide: CSR 14.0

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### Table of contents

1	Goal of	f this document	6
2	Certifie	d architectures	7
	2.1 2.2 2.3	Introduction to architecture components and features CUCM without CUBE CUCM with CUBE	7 8 9 10
	2.4	CUCM with Oracle SBC	11 12 12
	2.5	Webex Calling MT & DI         2.5.1       Webex Calling MT - Webex Workplace Together         2.5.2       Webex Dedicated Instance – Local CUBE connection         2.5.3       Webex Dedicated Instance – Multitenant connection	13 13 13 14
3	Parame	eters to be provided by customer to access service	15
	3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	CUCM without CUBE CUCM with CUBE (flow through) CUCM with Oracle SBC BTol & BTIPol	15 15 16 16
		3.4.1       Preliminary configuration         3.4.1.1       Public IP address assignment         3.4.1.2       Public DNS record	16 17 17
		<ul> <li>3.4.1.3 Firewall updates</li> <li>3.4.1.4 Certificate updates</li> <li>3.4.1.5 TLS cipher suites support</li> <li>3.4.1.6 Sizing guidelines</li> </ul>	17 17 17 18
4	Certifie	d software and hardware versions	20
	4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4	CUCM certified versions Cisco Unified Border Element (CUBE) certified versions Oracle ESBC certified versions CUCM certified applications and devices versions	20 20 20 20
5	Cisco (	Call Manager configuration	23
6	Cisco l	Jnity Connection configuration	39
7	Unified	Contact Center Express configuration	40
	7.1	<ul> <li>Provisioning UCCX (CUCM part)</li> <li>7.1.1 Adding agents</li></ul>	40 40 41 41
	7.2	<ul> <li>UCCX part of configuration</li></ul>	42 42 42 42 43 43
8	Cisco l	Jnified Attendant Console configuration	44
9	CUCM	with Cisco Unified Border Element configuration	47
	9.1 9.2 9.3 9.4	General CUBE configuration (flow-through mode by default) Configuration for a CUCM cluster and two CUBEs Configuration for a single CUCM server and one CUBE Configuration for a CUCM cluster and one CUBE	47 48 52 54



	9.5	Design fo	r Local SIP Trunking	56
		9.5.1	Region configuration	56
		9.5.2	Device Pool configuration	57
		9.5.3	Route List configuration	58
		9.5.4	Route Group Configuration	58
		9.5.5	Locations (Call Admission Control)	58
		9.5.6	SIP Trunk Configuration	59
	9.6	CUBE Se	cure configuration (BToI & BTIPoI)	
		9.6.1	NIP server	
		9.6.2	Generate RSA Keypair	
		9.6.3	Create Trustpoints	
			9.6.3.1 SBC ROOT Trustpoint	
		064	9.0.3.2 Internetiate Trustpoint	60
		9.0.4	Assign Trustopint for sin up	62
		9.0.0	Assign nuspoint for sip-ua	
10	CUCM	with Orac	e Session Border Controller configuration	63
	10.1	CUCM co	onfiguration	63
	10.2	Oracle SE	3C configuration	68
		10.2.1	Oracle SBC information required for CUCM interconnection	68
		10.2.2	Oracle SBC information required for a new IPBX	69
		10.2.3	Information required for BTIP / Btalk SIP Infrastructure	70
		10.2.4	SBC Object naming convention	
		10.2.5		
		10.2.6	Licenses & ESBC entitlement setup	
11	Express	sway		72
	11.1	Architectu	ıre overview	72
	11.2	Call Flows	5	72
	11.3	Endpoint	Authentication & Encryption	73
		11.3.1	Authentication	73
		11.3.2	Directory integration	73
		11.3.3	Telephony features	74
	11.4		onfiguration update	75
	11.5	Expressw	ay specific configuration	
12	Fax			79
	12.1	Configura	tion for BT/BTIP SIP trunking	79
		12.1.1	T.38 global settings	79
		12.1.2	Codec configuration	79
		12.1.3	Example of VoIP dial-peer configuration	79
		12.1.4	POTS dial-peer	80
		12.1.5	CUCM Configuration	80
		12.1.6	CUBE Configuration	82
			12.1.6.1 Media Passing through CUBE (media flow-through vs. media flow-	
			around)	83
			12.1.6.2 Codecs	83
	10.0	late and the	12.1.6.3 SIP user agent	83
	12.2	Integrating	g Sagem Xiviedius Fax Server Enterprise 9.0 With CUCM	84
		12.2.1	Rupperted fav fastures with RTIP Service	04
	10.2	IZ.Z.Z Sagem VI	Supported las realures with DTF Service	CO
	12.0	12.2.1	CLICM Configuration	00 Q5
		12.0.1	12.3.1.1 SIP Trunk Configuration	
			12.3.1.2 Route Pattern Configuration	
	Confir	mation test	S	
	12.4	Validation	overview	
	12.5	Validation		98

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12.5.1	Functional	
12.5.2	Statistical	98

# 1 Goal of this document

The aim of this document is to list technical requirements to ensure the interoperability between Cisco CUCM IPBX with Business Talk IP SIP, hereafter so-called "service".

# 2 Certified architectures

### 2.1 Introduction to architecture components and features

This document describes "only" the main supported architectures either strictly used by our customers or that are used as reference to add specific usages often required in enterprise context (specific ecosystems, redundancy, multi-codec and/or transcoding, recording...)

Concerning fax communications, Orange supports the following usage :

fax servers connected to the IPBX\* -and sharing same dial plan-, or as sperate ecosystems -and separate dial plan-

analog fax machines, usually connected on specific gateways\* (seen as IPBX ecosystem or not)
 Fax flows are handled via T.38 transport only through BTIP and Business Talk.
 Note: Fax communications via Business Talk will still be allowed but will no longer be officially supported by the Orange support teams from April 2023 for new customer implementations.

Concerning the Quality of Service, Business VPN and BTIP/BTalk networks trust the DSCP (Differenciated Services Code Point) values sent by customer voice equipment. That's why Orange strongly recommends to set the IPBX, IP phones and other voice applications with a DiffServ/TOS value = 46 (or PHB value = EF) at least for media.

'BTIP DROM' architectures are now supported. Dedicated aSBC pairs have been installed in Caribbean and Indian Ocean zones for local calls. For a trunking point of view, the mechanism is like 'BTIP out of France', the IPBX must support international dial plans and route local calls to the dedicated aSBC pair.



# 2.2 CUCM without CUBE



Notes :

- in the diagram above, the SIP, proprietary and Webex Teams internal flows are hidden.
- call flows will be the similar with or without CUCM redundancy

In this architecture :

- all 'SIP trunking' signaling flows are carried by the CUCM server and routed on the main BVPN connection.
- Media flows are direct between endpoints and the Business Talk/BTIP but IP routing differs from one site to another :
  - For the Head Quarter site, media flows are just routed on the main BVPN connection
  - For Remote sites on BVPN, media flows are just routed on the local BVPN connection (= **distributed architecture**),
  - For Remote sites on Third Party WAN, media flows are routed through the Head Quarter (but not through the IPBX) and use the main BVPN connection (= **centralized architecture**).



## 2.3 CUCM with CUBE



Notes :

- in the diagram above, the SIP, proprietary and Webex Teams internal flows are hidden.
- call flows will be similar with or without CUCM redundancy.

In this architecture, all SIP trunks are anchored by the CUBE but with 2 modes for the media :

- "Flow-through" mode  $\rightarrow$  signalling and media flows cross the CUBE.
- "Flow-around" mode → signaling flows cross the CUBE, but media flows go directly towards endpoints

**Note:** BTol/BTIPol only work with flow-through mode due to transcoding between RTP and SRTP performed on CUBE.





Media Flow-Through

 Signaling and media terminated by the Cisco Unified Border Element



- Only Signaling is terminated on CUBE
- Media bypasses the Cisco Unified Border Element

### 2.3.1 Business Talk over Internet (BTol) & Business Talk IP over Internet (BTIPol)



In this architecture, all SIP trunks are anchored by the CUBE in flow-through mode for the media. Traffic between CUBE and Orange A-SBC is carried over public internet. The traffic is encrypted with TLS v.1.2 for signalization and SRTP for media. CUBE on ISR G3 chassis performs transcoding between RTP and SRTP by default therefore internal traffic within customer site can be unencrypted.

BTol/BTIPol architecture has been certified with CUCM 12.5/14.0 and CUBE ISR 4000 series running IOS-XE 16.9.5 & 17.3.2 & 17.3.4.

Transcoding and complete IP address hiding require this model



### 2.4 CUCM with Oracle SBC



In this architecture, all SIP trunks are anchored by the Oracle Enterprise SBC. The call flows are very similar to the architecture with Cisco CUBE. Session Border Controller is mostly transparent for SIP traffic. It can also be used for TLS encryption ensuring secure traffic between Oracle ESBC and Orange SBC.

Oracle Enterprise SBC v.8.2 has been validated with Cisco CUCM v.12.0.

The following features have been tested for CUCM with Oracle SBC integration:

- Basic Telephony features (basic calls, CLIR, forward, transfer, MoH, DTMF)
  - o IP Phones
  - o FXS Gateway for analog phones
- Fax
  - o Sagem Xmedius Fax server
  - o SIP Fax on FXS Gateway
- TLS Encryption between Oracle ESBC and Orange SBC



#### 2.4.1 Unsecured SIP Trunk



In this architecture :

- Both 'SIP trunking' and RTP media flows between endpoints and the Business Talk/BTIP are anchored by the "customer SBC". For the Head Quarter & remote sites sites, media flows are routed through the SBC and the main BVPN connection.
- Both 'SIP trunking' on North (OBS Carrier) and South side of the SBC must be configured in "clear" mode though UDP.

#### 2.4.2 Secured SIP Trunk



In this architecture :

- both 'SIP trunking' and RTP media flows between endpoints and the Business Talk/BTIP are anchored by the "customer SBC". For the Head Quarter & remote sites sites, media flows are routed through the SBC then BVPN.
- 'SIP trunking' on North (OBS Carrier) side of the SBC must be configured in "secured" mode through TLS encryption and media SRTP encryption.



#### 2.5 Webex Calling MT & DI

#### 2.5.1 Webex Calling MT - Webex Workplace Together

NOTE: Webex Calling Multi-Tenant is sold by Orange Business only as 'Workplace Together Webex' offer.

A direct "class 4" operator trunk is set up between Orange and Cisco infrastructure. No additional equipment is necessary.



#### 2.5.2 Webex Dedicated Instance – Local CUBE connection

This architecture uses Webex DI with local CUBE deployed on customer site connected via VPN. All supported access options are available between CUBE and Orange access SBC (through Orange BVPN or BTIP/BTalk over InternetI). It is possible to set up this connection without the use of CUBE, however such architecture should be analyzed on demand.





#### 2.5.3 Webex Dedicated Instance – Multitenant connection

This architecture uses interconnection through Cisco backbone infrastructure between Webex DI and Webex Calling MT. Business Talk infrastructure is then reached through Webex Calling as described in sections <u>2.5.1</u>.



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# 3 Parameters to be provided by customer to access service

IP addresses marked in red have to be indicated by the customer, depending on customer architecture scenario.

# 3.1 CUCM without CUBE

Head Quarter (HQ) or Branch		Customer IP addresses used by service		
Office (BO) architecture	Level of Service	Nominal	Backup	
CUCM Business Edition (1 server)	No reduncdancy (1 Publisher)	CUCMBE IP@	N/A	
	Local redundancy Subscriber (Nominal) / Publisher (Backup)			
CUCM (1 Publisher + 1 Subscriber)	Publisher and Subscriber are on different servers)	Subscriber IP@	Publisher IP@	
	- Local redundancy Subscriber1 (Nominal) / Subscriber2 (Backup) - If more than 1 Subscriber, the SIP			
CUCM (1 Publisher + 2 Subscribers) Subscribers Nominal/Backup	trunks are held by the Subscribers. The Publisher holds the database.	Subscriber1 IP@	Subscriber2 IP@	
CUCM (1 Publisher + 2 Subscribers)	- Local redundancy and Load Sharing Subscriber1 / Subscriber2     - The Subscribers share the load in a round robin fashion     (Alex Example 1 - Declarations)	Subscriber1 IP@ Subscriber2		
Subscribers Load Sharing	- Site redundancy: Subscriber and		N/A	
CUCM with clustering over WAN (1 Publisher + 1 Subscriber)	Publisher servers hosted by 2 different physical sites	Subscriber IP@	Publisher IP@	
CUCM with clustering over WAN (1 Publisher + 2 Subscribers)	<ul> <li>Site redundancy: the 2 Subscribers are hosted by 2 different physical sites (Subscriber1(Nominal) / Subscriber2(Backup))</li> <li>If more than 1 Subscriber, the SIP trunks are held by the Subscribers. The</li> </ul>	Subscriber1	Subscriber2	
Subscribers Nominal/Backup	Publisher holds the database.	IP@	IP@	
CUCM with clustering over WAN (1 Publisher + 2 Subscribers) Subscribers Load Sharing	hosted by 2 different physical sites (Subscriber1 + Subscriber2) - The Subscribers share the load in a round robin fashion	Subscriber1 IP@ Subscriber2 IP@	N/A	
		Nominal	Backup	
Remote site without survivability	No survivability, no trunk redundancy	N/A	N/A	
SRST	Local site survivability and trunk redundancy via PSTN only	N/A	N/A	

# 3.2 CUCM with CUBE (flow through)

Head Quarter (HQ) or Branch		Customer IP addresses used by service		
Office (BO) architecture	Level of Service	Nominal	Backup	
CUCM + Single CUBE	No redundancy	CUBE IP@	N/A	
CUCM + 2 CUBES warning: - Site access capacity to be sized adequately on the site carrying the 2nd CUBE in case both CUBEs are based on different sites	<ul> <li>Local redundancy: if both CUBES are hosted by the same site (CUBE1+CUBE2)</li> <li>Geographical redundancy: if each CUBE is hosted by different sites (CUBE1+CUBE2)</li> </ul>	CUBE1 IP@	CUBE2 IP@	
		Nominal	Backup	
Remote site without survivability	No survivability, no trunk redundancy	N/A	N/A	
SRST	Local site survivability and trunk redundancy via PSTN only	N/A	N/A	



## 3.3 CUCM with Oracle SBC

Head Quarter (HQ) or Branch Office		Customer IP addresses used by service	
(BO) architecture	Level of Service	Nominal	Backup
CUCM + Oracle SBC	No redundancy	Oracle IP@	N/A
CUCM + 2 Oracle SBC	- Local redundancy:	Oracle IP@	Oracle2 IP@
Nominal / Backup mode	both SBC are hosted on the same site OR		
	- Geographical redundancy		
	both SBC are hosted on 2 different sites		
CUCM + 2 Oracle SBC	- Local redundancy:	Oracle IP@	Oracle2 IP@
Load Sharing	both SBC are hosted on the same site		
	OR		
	<ul> <li>Geographical redundancy</li> </ul>		
	both SBC are hosted on 2 different sites		
CUCM + 2 Customer SBC	<ul> <li>Local redundancy:</li> </ul>	Oracle Virtual	N/A
HA mode	both SBC are hosted on the same site	IP@	
	OR		
	<ul> <li>Geographical redundancy</li> </ul>		
	both SBC are hosted on 2 different sites		
	warning: Link level 2 between SBC with		
	max delay 50ms required for geo- redundancy		

### 3.4 BTol & BTIPol

Head Quarter (HQ) or Branch		Customer IP addresses used by service		
Office (BO) architecture	Level of Service	Nominal	Backup	
CUCM + Single CUBE	No redundancy	CUBE public FQDN* DNS type A	N/A	
CUCM + 2 CUBES warning: - Site access capacity to be sized adequately on the site carrying the 2nd CUBE in case both CUBEs are based on different sites	<ul> <li>Local redundancy: if both CUBES are hosted by the same site (CUBE1+CUBE2)</li> <li>Geographical redundancy: if each CUBE is hosted by different sites (CUBE1+CUBE2)</li> </ul>	CUBE1 public FQDN* DNS type A	CUBE2 public FQDN* DNS type A	

\*BTIPoI can be reached using FQDN only, whereas BToI can be reached either via FQDN or public IP address.

#### 3.4.1 Preliminary configuration

In order to establish the connection with public interface of A-SBC, several preliminary configuration steps have to be performed not related to CUBE configuration. These involve the following:

- Public IP address assignment
- Public DNS record
- Firewall updates
- Certificate updates

#### 3.4.1.1 Public IP address assignment

The certified solution is using a public IP address directly configured on CUBE interface placed within DMZ. It is possible to use NAT address translation since public IP addresses can be limited, however this is not part of standard configuration and require additional modifications to be included on CUBE. Such setup would require a study and validation on customer's request.

#### 3.4.1.2 Public DNS record

Orange A-SBC can be reached via Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) deployed on public DNS. Customer premises CUBE requires records on public DNS that enable to reach it using FQDN via public internet. BTIPol can be reached using FQDN only, whereas BTol can be reached either via FQDN or public IP address.

#### 3.4.1.3 Firewall updates

Firewalls in the way of traffic between CUBE and A-SBC have to be updated in order to open required ports. BTol and BTIPol vary concerning the UDP port range.

#### 3.4.1.4 Certificate updates

In order to ensure the security of traffic, certificates need to be aligned between CUBE and Orange A-SBC. CUBE would require a certificate signed by a public certificate authority and root CA certificate (including any intermediate certificates in the path). This is described in detail in CUBE secure configuration. The customer should retrieve OBS Root/Intermediate certificates and import those in case of using a different Public Certificate Authority on their side. This is described in detail in CUBE secure configuration.

#### 3.4.1.5 TLS cipher suites support

The following cipher suites are supported by Orange SBC for TLS 1.2

- TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384
- TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256
- TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA384
- TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA256
- TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256
- TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384
- TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA256
- TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA256

Currently, Cisco CUBE supports the following cipher suites that are compliant with Orange SBC. At least one cipher suite must be aligned in order for BTol/BTIPol to work.

#### • TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384

#### • TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256

Full list of cipher suites supported by CUBE for TLS 1.2 can be found below:

• TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA

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- TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA1
- TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256
- TLS\_ECDHE\_ECDSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256
- TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384
- TLS\_ECDHE\_ECDSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384
- TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA (IOS 17.3.1a or later)
- TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA (IOS 17.3.1a or later)
- TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA (IOS 17.3.1a or later)

#### 3.4.1.6 Sizing guidelines

The below table displays the sizing guidelines provided by Cisco concerning the impact of RTP-SRTP transcoding running on CUBE. For more details please refer to the VISIT CUBE configuration guide.

Platform 1CSR1Kv - Based on tests using Cisco UCS © C240 host with Intel © Xeon © 6132 2.60GHz processors running VMware ESXi 6.0.	Session Capacity (IOS- XE 16.12+) RTP(G711)-RTP(G711)	Impact of sRTP to IPT	Encrypted Audio calls w/GCM256 sRTP(G711)- RTP(G711)	CPS (Calls per second)
1100 series (Default DRAM)	500	40%	300	2
4321 (4 GB)	500	40%	300	2
4331 (4 GB)	1000	40%	600	4
4351 (4 GB)	2000	62.5%	750	4
4431 (8 GB)	3000	75%	750	4
4451 (8 GB)	6000	65%	1080	6
4461 (8 GB)	10000 (17.2.1r)	46%	5400 (17.3.1)	30
C8200L-1N-4T (4 GB)	1500 (17.5.1)	67%	500 (17.5.1)	3
C8200-1N-4T (8 GB)	2500 (17.4.1)	68%	800 (17.4.1)	5
C8300-1N1S-6T (8 GB)	7000 (17.3.2)	74%	1800 (17.3.2)	10
C8300-2N2S-6T (8 GB)	7500 (17.3.2)	72%	2100 (17.3.2)	12

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C8300-1N1S-4T2X (8 GB)	8000 (17.3.2)	71%	2300 (17.3.2)	13
C8300-2N2S-4T2X (16 GB)	10000 (17.3.2)	52%	4800 (17.3.2)	27
C8000V-S/CSR1Kv – 1 vCPU1 (4 GB)	1000	70%	300	1
C8000V-M/CSR1Kv - 2 vCPU1 (4 GB)	3000	67%	1000	6
C8000V-L/CSR1Kv - 4 vCPU1 (8 GB)	6000	82%	1080	6
ASR1001-X (16 GB)	12000	83%	2000	10
ASR1002-X (16 GB)	14000	68%	4500	25
ASR1004/6/6-X RP2/ESP40 (16 GB)	16000	83%	2700	15

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# 4 Certified software and hardware versions

### 4.1 CUCM certified versions

Cisco IPBX								
Equipment	Equipment Version	validation status	IPBX Version					
CUCM	R12.0	$\checkmark$	Load 12.0.1.21900-7 min					
CBE5000/6000	R12.5	✓	Load 12.5.1.10000-22 min					
	R14.0	✓	Load 14.0.1.11900-132 min					

### 4.2 Cisco Unified Border Element (CUBE) certified versions

Cisco Unified Border Element (CUBE)						
Equip	Equipment Version	validation status	IPBX Version	Comment		
		16.6.3	✓	R12.0		
	BVPN	17.3.4	✓	R12.5		
CUBE - flow-through mode		17.6.4	✓	R14.0		
	BTol & BTIPol	17.6.4	<b>&gt;</b>	R12.5		
			>	R14.0		
			✓	R12.0		
CUBE – flow-around mode	BVPN	17.3.4	✓	R12.5	BTol and BTIPol are not supported in flow-around mode	
		17.6.4	✓	R14.0		

### 4.3 Oracle ESBC certified versions

Oracle ESBC								
Equipment	Equipment Version	validation status	IPBX Version	Comment				
Oracle Enterprise Session Border Controller	8.2 Patch 2 (Build 58)	<b>&gt;</b>	R12.0					

### 4.4 CUCM certified applications and devices versions

Cisco ecosystems					
Equipment		Equipment Version	validation status	IPBX Version	Comment
Attendant Console CUxAC		12.0.x	✓	R12.x	Standard and Advanced editions
	CUXAC	14.0	✓	R14.0	Standard and Advanced editions
		12.0.1000-6	✓	R12.0	
Voice Mail	Unity Connection	12.5	$\checkmark$	R12.5	
		14.0	$\checkmark$	R14.0	



	Unity Express	12.0.x	✓	R12.0	
Contact		12.0.x	✓	R12.0	
center	UCCX	12.5.1SU2	✓	R14.0	
	Cisco IOS Cascaded MediaGateway (ISR 28xx/38xx)		not supported	R14.0	
	Cisco IOS Cascaded MediaGateway (ISB	15.7(3)M	✓	R12.x	SIP Fax and analog phone supported
	29xx/39xx)			R14.0	
	Cisco IOS Cascaded	16.6.3	✓	R12.0	SID Fay and analog phone supported
	43xx/44xx)	17.6.4	✓	R12.5	SIF Fax and analog phone supported
		17.6.4	✓	R14.0	
MGW	Analog GW Cisco	12-0-1SR2-3	✓	R12.5	Analog phone supported. SIP Fax
	ATA191	12-0-1-0301- 002	✓	R14.0	unstable.
	Audiocodes MP112 FXS		on demand	R14.0	
	Analog GW Cisco VG 224		not supported	R14.0	
	Analog GW Cisco VG 202-204		not supported	R14.0	
	Analog GW Cisco VG 202-204 XM	15.5(3)M2	$\checkmark$	R12.x	SIP Fax and analog phone supported
	Analog GW Cisco VG 310-320-350	15.7(3)M	✓	R12.x	SIP Fax and analog phone supported
	Analog GW Cisco VG	17.6.4	✓	R12.5	SIP Fax and analog phone supported
	450	17.0.4	✓	R14.0	SIP Fax and analog phone supported
	Analog GW Cisco	1.2.1(004)	✓	R12.0	SIP Fax and analog phone supported
	ATA190	1.2.2(003)	$\checkmark$	R12.5	on in ax and analog phone supported
VOIR	Cisco VoIP GW		on demand	R14.0	
VOII	OneAccess VoIP GW (Business Livebox)		on demand	R14.0	
	Cisco Unified Communication Manager Assistant (IPMA)		not supported	R14.0	
Dhamaa	All Cisco SCCP phones (skinny)		✓	R14.0	
FIIONES	All Cisco SIP phones		✓	R14.0	
	IPCommunicator SCCP		not supported	R14.0	
	Jabber	14.0	✓	R14.0	
	IP DECT ASCOM		✓	R12.x	



Third Party	Conecteo KIAMO	6.1	✓	R11.x R12.0	Dorsal mode
Equipments					

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# 5 Cisco Call Manager configuration

The checklists below present all the configuration steps required for interoperability between the service and CUCM.

Cisco Call Manager Service Codec and payload configuration		
Menu	Value	
System > Service Parameters > Appropriate server Clusterwide Parameters (System – Location and F	er > Cisco CallManager (Active) > Advanced > Region)	
Preferred G.711 Millisecond Packet Size	20	
Preferred G.729 Millisecond Packet Size	20	
G.722 Codec Enabled	Enabled for All Devices	
Cisco CallManager Service		
Codec and payload configuration		
System > Service Parameters > Appropriate serve Clusterwide Parameters (Service)	er > Cisco CallManager (Active) > Advanced	
Duplex Streaming Enabled	True	
Media Exchange Timer	5	
Silence suppression	False	
Silence suppression for Gateways	False	
Media Exchange Timer	True	
Cisco CallManager Service SIP Parameters		
System > Service Parameters > Appropriate serve Clusterwide Parameters (Device - SIP)	er > Cisco CallManager (Active) > Advanced	
Retry Count for SIP Invite	1	
SIP Session Expires Timer	86400	
Cisco CallManager Service System – QOS Parameters		
System > Service Parameters > Appropriate serve Clusterwide Parameters (System - QOS)	er > Cisco CallManager (Active) > Advanced	
DSCP for Video Calls	34 (100010)	
Cisco CallManager Service Enterprise Parameters		
System > Enterprise Parameters		
Advertise G.722 Codec	Enabled	
Cisco CallManager Service		
System > Service Parameters > Appropriate serve	er > Cisco IP Voice Media Streaming App (Active)	
MTP Run Flag	False	
Supported MOH Codec	G711alaw/G711ulaw, G729 Annex A	

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Cisco CallManager Service							
Region configuration							
Menu	Valu	le					
System > Region Information > Region							
Regions configuration for customer using G.729							1
			From	HQ	RS	WAN	
		То					
		HQ		G711	G729	G729	
		RS		G729	G711	G729	
		WAN		G729	G729	G729	
Regions configuration for customer using G./11			From	HQ	RS	WAN	
		То					
		HQ		G711	G711	G711	
		RS		G711	G711	G711	
		WAN		G711	G711	G711	]
Ciaso CollMonagor Sonvice							
Device Pool Configuration							
System > Device Pool > Add new							
New Device Pool	Devi	ce Pool c	configuration	1:			
	• Th	ne numbe	r of Device	Pools at I	east shou	uld be the	
	sa	me as th	e number of	f site			
	• E\	very Devic	ce Pool shou	uld have a	appropria	te Regior	and
	Lo	ocation va	alue				
	Note				rata Davi		
	conf	iguration.	erver require	es a sepa	rale Devi		
Cisco CallManager Service							
Locations (Call Admission Control)							
System > Location Info> Location > Add new							
New Location	War	ning! RS\	/P locations	are not s	supported	!!	
	Crea band	ate the ne dwidth for	cessary loca r each.	ations an	d configu	re the	

#### **Media Resources**

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Transcoder configuration : Warning! Hardware MTP resources on IOS Gateway and software MTP resource on CUCM are NOT SUPPORTED. Software MTPs on IOS Gateway are SUPPORTED in BT/BTIP SIP Trunking.

Menu	Value		
Media Resources > Transcoder > Add new			
Transcoder Type	Cisco IOS Enhanced Media Termination Point		
Device Name	Use the name configured in sccp ccm group in the IOS		
Device Pool	Use the appropriate Device Pool		
Trusted Rely Point	Unchecked		
Media Resources			
Conference Bridge configuration			
Media Resources > Conference Bridge > Add new	V		
Conference Bridge Type	Cisco IOS Enhanced Media Termination Point		
Device Name	Use the name configured in sccp ccm group in the IOS		
Device Pool	Use the appropriate Device Pool		
Device Security Mode	Non Secure Conference Bridge		
Media Resources			
Multicast Music on Hold			
CUCM configuration - Region			
System > Region Information > Region > Add nev	V		
New Region	Please refer to chapter on Region configuration for		
	additional information.		
	region will use G.711 as codec for sending RTP packets		
	to devices to all other regions and also for the "WAN"		
	region where codec G.711 will be used.		
Media Resources			
Multicast Music on Hold			
CUCM configuration – Device Pool			
System > Device Pool > Add new			
New Device Pool	Choose a name and associate the Region "MoH Multicast" to this new Device Pool.		
Media Resources			
Multicast Music on Hold			
CUCM configuration - Audio Source Configuration			
Media Resources > Music On Hold Audio Source	> Add new		
Play continuously (repeat)	Checked		
Allow Multicasting	Checked		

Media Resources			
Multicast Music on Hold			
CUCM configuration - Multicast Mo	oH server configurat	ion	
Menu		Value	
Media Resources > Music On H	lold Server	1	
Device Pool		Checked	
Enable Multi-cast Audio Sources o	n this MoH Server	Checked	
Base Multi-cast IP Address		239.1.1.1 <i>(example)</i>	
Base Multi-cast IP Port		16384 <i>(example)</i>	
Increment Multi-cast on		IP Address	
Max Hops (per Audio Source in Se Sources configuration area)	lected Audio	1	
Media Resources			
Multicast Music on Hold			
CUCM configuration - Multicast Mo	oH server configurat	ion	
Media Resources > Media Reso	ource Group	1	
Appropriate Media Resource Grou	D	Check the Use Multicast for MoH Audio checkbox to allow multicast with this resource group.	
Media Resources			
Multicast Music on Hold			
Router configuration – Audio file			
Frequency		9kHz	
Coded with		8bit	
Audio mode		Mono	
Codec type		CCITT u-law	
Media Resources			
Multicast Music on Hold			
Router configuration – IOS Comma	ands		
Commands	ccm-manager mu	sic-on-hold	
	call-manager-fallb	ack	
	max-conference	95 4 20 10 108 105 054 port 2000	
	ip source-addre	ss 10.108.105.254 port 2000 4	
	max-dn 48	+	
	moh The Journe	AndTheWind alaw way	
	multicast moh 2	39.1.1.1 port 16384 route 210.72.240.13 10.108.105.254	
Media Resources			
Multicast Music on Hold			
Media Resource Group Lists config	guration		
Media resources	Warning! Media Resources, which are not associated with any MRG are available to every device in the cluster by default.		
	Media Resources Resources > Med	> Media Resource Group > Add new ia Resource Group List > Add new	

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Off-net calling via BT/BTIP			
Diversion Header manipulation			
Partition			
Menu	Value		
Call Routing -> Class of Control -> Partition -> Ac	ld new		
Name	DIV-HEADER-PT		
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP			
Called Party Transformation Pattern			
Call Routing -> Transformation -> Transformation	Pattern -> Called PartyTransformation Pattern ->		
Add N	ew		
Pattern	XXXX		
Prefix digits	Site Prefix		
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP			
Diversion Header manipulation			
Calling Search Space			
Call Routing -> Class of Control -> Calling Search	Space -> Add New		
Name	DIV-HEADER-CSS		
Selected Partitions	DIV-HEADER-PT		
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP			
Basic Configuration			
Sip Trunk Security Profile			
System > Security > SIP Trunk Security Profile, se Securit	elect "Non Secure SIP Trunk Profile" from SIP Trunk ty Profile List		
Incoming Transport Type	TCP + UDP		
Outgoing Transport Type	UDP		
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP			
Basic Configuration			
SIP Profile			
Device > Device Settings > SIP Profile			
User-Agent and Server header information	Send Unified CM Version Information as User-Agent Header		
Version in User Agent and Server Header	Full Build		
SIP Rel1XX Options	Send PRACK for 1xx Messages		
Early Offer support for voice and video	Mandatory (insert MTP if needed)		
Send send-receive SDP in mid-call INVITE	Checked		
Ping Interval for In-service and Partially In-service Trunks (seconds)	300		
Ping Interval for Out-of-service Trunks (seconds)	5		
Version in User Agent and Sever Header	Full build		
Session Refresh Method	INVITE or UPDATE		

Version in User Agent and Sever Header - inject info about full version of CUCM



Session Refresh Method - since CUCM 10.0 there is additional method – "UPDATE". "INVITE" should be used by default.

```
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP
Basic Configuration
SIP Normalization Script
Device > Device Settings > SIP normalization script > Add new
SIP Normalization Script is applied to SIP trunk and is required to adapt
the SIP signaling to the form expected by BT/BTIP infrastructure.
The content of the script is given below:
        -- Orange SIP Normalization Script v11
        -- this is normalization script for uc 12.x or later
        M = \{ \}
        -- This is called when an INVITE message is sent
        function M.outbound INVITE(msg)
            local sdp = msg:getSdp()
            if sdp
            then
                -- remove b=TIAS:
               sdp = sdp:gsub("b=TIAS:%d*\r\n", "")
               -- store the updated sdp in the message object
               msg:setSdp(sdp)
            end
        end
        --modifying of Server header in 183 messages
        function M.outbound 183 INVITE (msg)
        -- change 183 to 180 if sdp
         local sdp = msg:getSdp()
         if sdp
         then
          msg:setResponseCode(180, "Ringing")
         end
        end
        --modifying of Server header in 488 messages
        function M.outbound 488 INVITE(msg)
         -- change 488 to 503 if sdp
         msg:setResponseCode(503, "Service Unavailable")
        end
        --handling of 400 errors
        function M.inbound 400 INVITE(msg)
         local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
         if reason
         then
          msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=27")
         else
```

```
msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=27")
 end
end
--handling of 403 errors
function M.inbound 403 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
then
 msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
end
end
--handling of 408 errors
function M.inbound 408 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
then
 msg:removeHeader("Reason")
end
end
-- handling of 480 errors
function M.inbound 480 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if not reason
then
 msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=20")
end
end
--handling of 481 errors
function M.inbound 481 INVITE(msg)
 local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
 then
 msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=27")
 else
 msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=27")
 end
end
--handling of 487 errors
function M.inbound 487 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if not reason
 then
 msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=16")
end
end
--handling of 488 errors
function M.inbound 488 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if not reason
then
 msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=127")
 end
```

end

```
--handling of 500 errors
function M.inbound 500 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
then
 msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
else
 msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
end
end
--handling of 501 errors
function M.inbound 501 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
then
 msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
else
 msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
end
end
--handling of 502 errors
function M.inbound 502 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
then
 msg:removeHeader("Reason")
end
end
-- handling of 503 errors
function M.inbound 503 INVITE (msg)
 local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
 then
 msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
 else
 msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
 end
end
-- handling of 505 errors
function M.inbound 505 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
 then
 msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
else
 msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
end
end
-- handling of 513 errors
function M.inbound 513 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
```

```
if reason
 then
 msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
 else
 msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
 end
end
-- addition of PAI header if incoming INVITE includes Privacy
header
function M.inbound INVITE(msg)
 -- get Privacy header
 local privacy = msg:getHeader("Privacy")
 if privacy
 then
 -- get From and Pai
 from = msg:getHeader("From")
 pai = msg:getHeader("P-Asserted-Identity")
  --check if Pai header is not present
 if pai==nil
 then
  -- add Pai header filled with From URI value
  local uri = string.match(from, "(<.+>)")
  msg:addHeader("P-Asserted-Identity", uri)
 end
 end
end
return M
```

Off-net	calling	via	BT/	<b>BTIP</b>
---------	---------	-----	-----	-------------

Basic Configuration

orange

SIP Trunk Configuration			
Menu	Value		
Device > Trunk > Add new			
Device Pool	Choose Device Pool which include Region and Location value		
Media Resource Group List	MRGL		
Redirecting Diversion Header Delivery - Inbound	Checked		
Redirecting Diversion Header Delivery - outbound	Checked		
Destination Address	SBC IP Address		
SIP Trunk Security Profile	SIP Trunk Security Profile name		
SIP Profile	Standard SIP Profile with PRACKs, EO, Send-recv		
DTMF Signaling Method	RFC 2833		
Normalization Script	SIP Normalization Script name (currently v8)		
Enable Trace	Unchecked		
Redirecting Party Transformation CSS	DIV-HEADER-CSS		
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP Basic Configuration Route Group			
Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Route group > Add I			
	both SIP trunks to OBACLE/ACMEs		
Off not calling via BT/BTID	BOUT OIL TUINS TO OT AOLE/ AOIVIES		
Basic Configuration Route List			
Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Route list > Add new			
Selected Groups	Route Group with SIP trunks to BT/BTIP		
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP Basic Configuration Route Pattern			
Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Route Pattern > Add	l new		
Route Pattern	Specific Route Pattern		
Gateway/Route List	Route List name		
Call Classification	OffNet		
Discard Digits	PreDot Trailing#		
On-net calling Basic Configuration			
The configuration of such intercluster SIP Trunk is that on trunk between sites there is <b>no SIP Norm</b> a	the same as the one described for off-net calls except alization Script.		

SME Architecture (ON CUSTOMER DEMAND) Off-net calling via BT/BTIP orange<sup>™</sup>

SIP Trunk Security Profile (at CUCM SME and CUCM)			
Menu	Value		
System > Security > SIP Trunk Security Profile > A	Add new		
Incoming Transport Type	TCP + UDP		
Outgoing Transport Type	UDP		
SME Architecture			
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP			
SIP Trunk Security Profile (at CUCM SME and CUCM)			
Device > Device Settings > SIP Profile			
User-Agent and Server header information	Send Unified CM Version Information as User-Agent Header		
Version in User Agent and Server Header	Full Build		
SIP Rel1XX Options	Send PRACK for 1xx Messages		
Early Offer support for voice and video calls (insert MTP if needed)	Checked		
Send send-receive SDP in mid-call INVITE	Checked		
Ping Interval for In-service and Partially In-service Trunks (seconds)	300		
Ping Interval for Out-of-service Trunks (seconds)	5		
SME Architecture			
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP			
SIP Normalization Script (at CUCM SME)			
Device > Device Settings > SIP normalization script > Add new			
SIP Normalization Script is applied to SIP trunk at CUCM SME and is required to adapt the SIP			
signaling to the form expected by BT/BTIP infrastructure. Create the script.			
Orange SIP Normalization Script v11			
this is normalization script for uc 12.x or later			
This is called when an IN function M outbound INVITE(	NVITE message is sent		
<pre>local sdp = msg:getSdp()</pre>			
if sdp			
then remove b=TIAS.			
sdp = sdp:gsub("b=TIA	sdp = sdp:gsub("b=TIAS:%d*\r\n", "")		
store the updated sdp in the message object			
msg:setSap(sap) end			
end			
modifying of Server header	r in 183 messages		
function M.outbound_183_INVI	TE(msg)		
change 183 to 180 if sdp local sdp = msg:getSdp()			
if sdp			

```
then
 msg:setResponseCode(180, "Ringing")
 end
end
--modifying of Server header in 488 messages
function M.outbound 488 INVITE (msg)
-- change 488 to 503 if sdp
 msg:setResponseCode(503, "Service Unavailable")
end
--handling of 400 errors
function M.inbound 400 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
then
 msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=27")
else
 msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=27")
end
end
--handling of 403 errors
function M.inbound 403 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
then
 msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
end
end
--handling of 408 errors
function M.inbound 408 INVITE(msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
then
 msg:removeHeader("Reason")
 end
end
-- handling of 480 errors
function M.inbound 480 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
 if not reason
 then
 msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=20")
end
end
--handling of 481 errors
function M.inbound 481 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
 if reason
 then
 msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=27")
 else
 msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=27")
 end
```

end

--handling of 487 errors function M.inbound 487 INVITE (msg) local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason") if not reason then msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=16") end end --handling of 488 errors function M.inbound 488 INVITE (msg) local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason") if not reason then msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=127") end end --handling of 500 errors function M.inbound 500 INVITE (msg) local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason") if reason then msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2") else msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2") end end --handling of 501 errors function M.inbound 501 INVITE (msg) local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason") if reason then msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2") else msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2") end end --handling of 502 errors function M.inbound 502 INVITE (msg) local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason") if reason then msg:removeHeader("Reason") end end -- handling of 503 errors function M.inbound 503 INVITE (msg) local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason") if reason then msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38") else

```
msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
 end
end
-- handling of 505 errors
function M.inbound 505 INVITE(msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
then
 msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
else
 msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
 end
end
-- handling of 513 errors
function M.inbound 513 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
 then
 msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
else
 msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
end
end
-- addition of PAI header if incoming INVITE includes Privacy
header
function M.inbound INVITE(msg)
 -- get Privacy header
 local privacy = msg:getHeader("Privacy")
 if privacy
 then
 -- get From and Pai
 from = msg:getHeader("From")
  pai = msg:getHeader("P-Asserted-Identity")
  --check if Pai header is not present
 if pai==nil
  then
   -- add Pai header filled with From URI value
   local uri = string.match(from, "(<.+>)")
  msg:addHeader("P-Asserted-Identity", uri)
  end
 end
end
return M
```

SME Architecture Off-net calling via BT/BTIP SIP Trunk Configuration to offnet (at CUCM SME)		
Menu	Value	
Device > Trunk > Add new		
Device Pool	Choose Device Pool which include Region and Location value	

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orange<sup>™</sup>

Media Resource Group List	None			
Redirecting Diversion Header Delivery - Inbound	Checked			
Destination Address	SBC IP Address			
SIP Trunk Security Profile	SIP Trunk Secure Profile name			
SIP Profile	Standard SIP Profile with PRACKs, EO and Send-recv			
Normalization Script	SIP Normalization Script name			
Enable Trace	Unchecked			
SME Architecture				
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP				
Route group (at CUCM SME)				
Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Route group > Add new				
Distribution algorithm	Top Down			
Selected devices	both SIP trunks to ORACLE/ACMEs			
SME Architecture				
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP				
Route list (at CUCM SME)				
Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Route list > Add new	1			
Selected Groups	Route Group with SIP trunks to BT/BTIP			
SME Architecture				
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP				
Route pattern (at CUCM SME)				
Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Route Pattern > Add new				
Route Pattern	Specific Route Pattern			
Gateway/Route List	Route List name			
Call Classification	OffNet			
Discard Digits	PreDot Trailing#			

#### SME Architecture

#### On-net calling

The configuration of such intercluster SIP Trunk is the same as the one described for off-net calls except for:

- Media Resource Group List should be set to the group containing following resources: conference, transcoder, annuciator (Subscribers), MOH Server (Subscribers), software MTP
- SIP Normalization Script should not be added to this trunk

SIP Trunks should be between CUCM of independent site and CUCM SME (there is no direct SIP Trunks between independent sites in SME Architecture – all on-net calls are managed by CUCM SME).

# Emergency number support for Extension Mobility Partitions

Menu	Value
Call Routing > Class of Control > Partition > Add new	Create a partition for emergency numbers for each site, for example: EN_HQ_PT, EN_RSA_PT, EN_RSB_PT.
Route Patterns	

Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Route Pattern > Add new			
Route Partition Choose Partition for appropriate Route Pattern			
Urgent Priority	Checked		
Calling Party Transform Mask	Enter valid office attendant phone number (unique for each site)		

#### Calling search spaces

Call Routing > Class of Control > Calling Search Space > Add new

Create a CSS for emergency numbers for each site and another one for non-emergency numbers.

• CSS\_LINE associated to the line deals with general call right except emergency numbers.

Device > Phone > Calling Search Space

Associate the calling search spaces for emergency numbers with particular phones (deivces), and calling search spaces for non-emergency numbers with lines.

Device > Phone -> find a phone ->Calling Search Space field	select the proper CSS		
Device > Phone -> find a phone ->select the line on the left menu -> Calling Search Space field	select the proper CSS		
Survivable Remote Site Telephony configuration			
SBST mode is not supported with BT/BTIP infrastructure but with local PSTN gateway configured on			

SRST mode is not supported with BT/BTIP infrastructure but with local PSTN gateway configured on CE router

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<sup>•</sup> CSS\_PHONE associated to the phone deals with emergency calls. This CSS should be unique for each site.

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# 6 Cisco Unity Connection configuration

Cisco Unified Communication Manager Configuration			
Menu Value			
System > Device Pool > Add New	Add new Device pool		
Advanced FeaturesVoice Mail > Cisco Voice Mail Port Wizard >	Create a new Cisco Voice Mail Server and add ports to it		
Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Line Group	add/configure the Answering Voice Mail Ports to a Line Group		
Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Hunt List > Add New	include the Line Group created earlier		
Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Hunt Pilot > Add New	include the Hunt List created earlier		
Advanced Features > Voice Mail > Message Waiting	add one number for turning MWIs on and one for turning MWIs off		
Advanced Features > Voice Mail > Voice Mail Pilot > Add New	Configure the voice mail pilot		
Advanced Features > Voice Mail > Voice Mail Profile > Add New	Associate Voice Mail Pilot number created earlier with this profile		
Cisco Unity Connection Configuration			
Telephony Integrations > Phone System	Configure the phone system		
Phone System Basics > Related Links drop- down box > Add Port Group > Go	Port group configuration		
Port Group Basics > Related Links drop-down box > Add Ports > Go	Add and configure required number of ports		
Cisco Unity Connection Administration > Telephony Integrations > Port Group	On Search Port Groups page click the display name of the port group that you created with the phone system integration		
Port Group Basics page > Edit > Servers >	add backup CUCM servers if needed		
BT/BTIP specific parameters			
Telephony Integrations -> Port Group -> choose appropriate -> Edit -> Codec Advertising	change the codec list used for calls to CUC - select G.711 A-law / G.711ulaw/G.722 or G.729 codecs in advertised codecs.		
System Setting > General Configuration	Select G.711 a-law, G.711 u-law or G.729 codec as specified for Recording Format parameter		

# **Business**

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# 7 Unified Contact Center Express configuration

# 7.1 Provisioning UCCX (CUCM part)

### 7.1.1 Adding agents

Unified CM users in Unified CCX are assigned an agent's role when an **agent extension** is associated to the user in the Unified CM User Configuration page. Consequently, this role can only be assigned or removed for the user using Unified CM Administrator's End User configuration web page. These users cannot be assigned or removed in Unified CCX Administration.

Configuring Unified CM users who will be agents in your Unified CCX system:

Step 1 From the Unified CM Administration menu bar, choose User Management > End User.

Step 2 In the Controlled Devices list box below the Device Information section, select the agent's phone device.

**Step 3** In the **Primary Extension** field drop-down list and the **IPCC Extension field** drop-down list, choose the required agent extension for this device.

Step 4 Define permissions and roles information:

#### Groups:

- Standard AXL API Access
- Standard CCM Admin Users
- Standard CTI Allow Call Monitoring
- Standard CTI Allow Call Park Monitoring
- Standard CTI Allow Call Recording
- Standard CTI Allow Calling Number Modification
- Standard CTI Allow Control of All Devices
- Standard CTI Enabled
- Standard Confidential Access Level Users

#### Roles:

- Standard AXL API Access
- Standard CCM Admin Users
- Standard CTI Allow Call Park Monitoring
- Standard CTI Allow Call Recording
- Standard CTI Allow Calling Number Modification
- Standard CTI Allow Control of All Devices



- Standard CTI Enabled
- Standard CUReporting
- Standard CUReporting Authentication
- Standard Confidential Access Level Users

Step 5 Adding End User to IP phone - End user related to UCCX has to be associated to ip phone profile and ip phone line

## 7.1.2 Activation and Configuring IP Phone Agent service

Step 1 Activate IP Phone Agent service (URL can be found in CAD administration guide: http:// UCCX\_IP\_address or FQDN:8082/fippa/#DEVICENAME#): CUCM administration > Device > Device Settings > Phone services

Step 2 Create parameters which will be used to log in IP Phone Agent service: extension, id and password.

Step 3 Subscribe agent phone to this newly created service (Phone > Subscribe services drop-box list)

**Step 4** (Optional, if needed) Create an application user named "telecaster" with "telecaster" as the password (or whatever BIPPA user ID and password was specified in the CAD Configuration Setup utility).

Step 5 (Optional, if needed) Assign the telecaster application user to all the IP agent phones

#### 7.1.3 UCCX Application Users on CUCM

When UCCX will be properly configured two Application Users should be created automatically on CUCM:

• RMCM user

Go to CUCM administration > User Management > Application User > RMCM user

IP Phone (which will be used as the agent) manually associates with "Device Association" to RMCM user Controlled Device.

• JTAPI user

Go to CUCM administration > User Management > Application User > JTAPI user

Automatic creation of this user should take place on CUCM (after proper configuration of UCCX) and then UCCX CTI ports should appear automatically in the list "Controlled Devices".



# 7.2 UCCX part of configuration

# 7.2.1 Provisioning Call Control Group (CCC)

Provision Unified CM Telephony call control groups (Subsystems > Unified CM Telephony > Call Control Group). They are CTI ports which will be used by UCCX to handle calls

- Define Description
- o Define Number of CTI Ports
- Define Name Prefix
- Define Starting Directory Number unique and not used on CUCM
- Define Device Pool

 o (optionally – if needed) Synchronize Cisco JTAPI Client and Unified CM Telephony Data (this creates all necessary CTI devices on CUCM using AXL interface)

**Note!** Correct behavior - CTI ports should be created and assigned automatically into CCC. CTI ports should be also automatically created and registered on CUCM via AXL integration. If not then perform step 6.

#### 7.2.2 Resources and assignment of skills

**Step 1** Check if resources exist – it should exist if former steps of configuration on CUCM and UCCX were performed properly (**Subsystems > RmCm > Resources**)

- Step 2 Create skills (Subsystems > RmCm > Skills)
- Step 3 Choose Resource Name and click Add Skill (Subsystems > RmCm > Assign Skills).
- Step 4 Assigning skills to agents

Before assigning the skill competence level of the skill should be defined (default is 5)

#### 7.2.3 Configuring Customer Service Queues (CSQ)

Step 1 Creating Contact Service Queues.( Subsystems > RmCm > Contact Service Queues)

- Step 2 Define name of CSQ
- Step 3 Define type of Resource Pool Selection Model (drop-down list)



**Step 4** Click "next" and change default values of parameters of CSQ (if needed), if not just click "update".

**Note!** Minimum Competence Level shouldn't be higher than formerly defined Competence Level during assigning skills into Resources.

## 7.2.4 Application and Script configuration

Step 1 Add a new Cisco script application, go to: Applications > Application Management>Add New and choose Cisco Script Application:

Step 2 From the Application Type drop-down menu select your script or the standard ICD script SSCRIPT[icd.aef] and click "Next"

- Step 3 Describe maximum number of sessions (should be "inline" with numbers of CTI ports)
- Step 4 Mark checkbox CSQ and enter the name.
- Step 5 Define Description

#### 7.2.5 Trigger configuration

Step 1 Add a new Trigger, go to: Applications > Application Management and choose application from the list.

- Step 2 Choose "Add new trigger"
- Step 3 Define Trigger Type and click Next

Step 4 Define **unique** directory number and trigger information (don't forget to assign Call Control Group formerly defined)

Step 5 Perform JTAPI and Data resynchronization (Subsystems > Cisco Unified CM Telephony)

Step 6 Check CUCM configuration – CTI Route Point should be automatically created with Trigger number defined on UCCX (Devices > CTI Route Point)

Step 7 Check CUCM configuration – this CTI Route Point should be also automatically assigned on JTAPI user (User Management > Application User)

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# 8 Cisco Unified Attendant Console configuration

CISCO UNIFIED COMMUNICATION MANAGER					
Device>CTI Route Point>Add New					
Menu	Value				
User ID	CUDAC				
Password	Enter password				
Confirm Password	Confirm entered password				
User Management > Application User > Add new					
User ID	CUDAC				
Password	Enter password				
Confirm Password	Confirm entered password				
BLF Presence Group	Standard Presence Group				
Permissions Information	-Standard Access AXL API -Standard CTI Allow Car Park Monitoring -Standard CTI Allow Calling Number Modification -Standard CTI Allow Control of All Devices -Standard CTI Allow Reception of SRTP Key Material -Standard CTI Allow Reception of Phones supporting Rollover Mode -Standard CTI Allow Control of Phones supporting Connected Yer and conf				
CISCO UNIFIED ATTENDAND ADMIN					
Menu	Value				
Installation	<ul> <li>When asked enter the IP address of the machine server is being installed on</li> <li>If SQL Server Express is already installed enter the SQL Server name, User Name, ale password. If you don't have SQL installed it will be installed automatically</li> <li>Enter the IP address of CUCM</li> <li>Enter port number (443)</li> <li>Enter Application User credentials created before</li> <li>If certificate security alert from CUCM will be displayed it means connection was successful, accept the certificate</li> <li>Follow on screen instructions</li> </ul>				
Database Wizard	• Once installation is completed the database is started, let the wizard to perform necessary configuration, when done, click finish, and restart the computer.				
http://< <ip.address.of.unified.attendand.server>&gt;/webadmin/login.aspx</ip.address.of.unified.attendand.server>	Login to the Attendant Server administration User name: ADMIN Password: CISCO				

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Engineering > Administrator Management	Let's you change default password
Engineering > Database Management	Parameters for the SQL server, if blank enter IP address of machine where SQL server is installed, specify user name, and password,

Menu	Value		
Engineering > CUCM connectivity	CUCM parameters, if blank, enter CUCM IP address in name field, port number (443), and user name and password of application user.		
Engineering > Database Management	Parameters for the SQL server, if blank enter IP address of machine where SQL server is installed, specify user name, and password of application user		
System Configuration > System Device Menagme	nt		
CT Gateway Devices> From	6301 ( <i>example)</i>		
CT Gateway Devices> To	6302 ( <i>example)</i>		
Service Devices> From	6401 ( <i>example)</i>		
Service Devices>To	6402 ( <i>example)</i>		
Park Devices>From	6501 ( <i>example)</i>		
Park Devices>To	6502 ( <i>example)</i>		
System Configuration > System Device Menagment	Synchronize with CUCM (Devices will be added automatically to CUCM)		
User Configuration > General Properties			
Minimum internal device digit length	1		
Maximum internal device digit length	7		
External access number	8		
<b>Note!</b> Such configuration is necessary to perform successful delayed transfer. Although etting external access number makes it impossible to perform onnet connections to numbers beginning with 8 (i.e. LO BLB) as even though they are seven digits numbers, they are traeted as external numbers. Refer to mantis ticket 2462.			
User Configuration > Queue Management			
Team	Dev1		
DDI	6100 (example)		
Synchronize with CUCM	Will be automatically added to CUCM as CTI port		
User Configuration > Operator Management			
Login Name	OPERATOR1 (example)		
Password	Set password		
Confirm Password	Confirm password		
Associated Queues	Associate queue created in previous step		
CISCO UNIFIED ATTENDAND CONSOLE			
Menu	Value		
Installation	<ul> <li>When asked enter the IP address of Cisco Unified Attendant Server</li> <li>Select the language for application</li> </ul>		



	<ul> <li>Follow on screen instruction until installation I completed</li> </ul>		
Login With credentials created in previous step			
CISCO UNIFIED COMMUNICATION MANAGER			
User Management > Application User > CUDAC			
Controlled Devices Associate devices added by CUDAC Admin			
Device > CTI route point > Route point created by CUDAC Admin			
Media Resource Group List MRGL_MTP_XCODE			

# 9 CUCM with Cisco Unified Border Element configuration

# 9.1 General CUBE configuration (flow-through mode by default)

```
network interface
Note : for two SIP trunks two IP addresses must be configured.
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
description CUBE Voice Interface
no ip address
duplex auto
speed auto
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0.<INTERFACE>
description *** CUBE ***
encapsulation dot1Q <INTERFACE>
ip address <IP_ADDR> <Mask>
```

SNMP Server

```
snmp-server community public RO
snmp-server manager
```

#### **Global settings**

```
voice service voip
mode border-element license capacity [session count]
allow-connections sip to sip
sip
header-passing
error-passthru
pass-thru headers unsupp
no update-callerid
early-offer forced
midcall-signaling passthru
sip-profiles 1
ip address trusted list
ipv4 A.B.C.D ! primary SBC IP address
ipv4 E.F.G.H ! backup SBC IP address
```

Codecs

For customers using G.711 alaw codec:

voice class codec 1 codec preference 1 g711alaw

For customers using G.711 ulaw codec:

voice class codec 1 codec preference 1 g711ulaw

For customers using G.729 codec use following configuration:



```
sip-ua
retry invite 1
retry by 2
```

```
retry cancel 2
reason-header override
connection-reuse
g729-annexb override
timers options 1000
```

#### Support for Privacy and P-Asserted Identity

To enable the privacy settings for the header on a specific dial peer, use the voice-class sip privacy id command in dial peer voice configuration mode:

```
dial-peer voice tag voip
voice-class sip privacy id
```

To enable the translation to PAID privacy headers in the outgoing header on a specific dial peer, use the voice-class sip asserted-id pai command in dial peer voice configuration mode:

```
dial-peer voice tag voip
    voice-class sip asserted-id pai
```

# 9.2 Configuration for a CUCM cluster and two CUBEs

CUBE needs to be configured with physical interface will be configured with a secondary IP address.

```
interface FastEthernet 0/0.<INTERFACE>
ip address <PRIMARY_IP_ADDR> <Mask>
ip address <SECONDARY IP ADDR> <Mask> secondary
```

CUCM cluster will be configured with 4 different SIP trunks :

- 1st SIP trunk pointing to the primary address of Primary CUBE
- 2nd SIP trunk pointing to the secondary address of Primary CUBE
- 3rd SIP trunk pointing to primary address of Secondary CUBE
- 4th SIP trunk pointing to secondary address of Secondary CUBE

CUCM will be configured with a Route List composed of (at least) 4 Route Groups. Each route group will include SIP trunk to one of CUBE IP Address (Primary or Secondary). On each route group parameters, a specific prefix should be defined (one prefix for each RG). This way the CUBE will be able to route the outgoing calls to the right SBC, depending on this prefix value:

For incoming and outgoing calls for CUCMs side

```
dial-peer voice 1 voip
 description ** to/from site devices - Primary CUCM **
 answer-address <INTERFACE>....
 destination-pattern <INTERFACE>....
 session protocol sipv2
 session target ipv4:<PRIMARY CUCM IP ADDR>
 voice-class codec 1
 voice-class sip options-keepalive up-interval 300 down-interval 300 retry 5
 dtmf-relay rtp-nte
 no vad
dial-peer voice 2 voip
 description ** to/from site devices - Backup CUCM **
preference 1
 answer-address <INTERFACE>....
 destination-pattern <INTERFACE>....
 session protocol sipv2
 session target ipv4:<SECONDARY CUCM IP ADDR>
 voice-class codec 1
 voice-class sip options-keepalive up-interval 300 down-interval 300 retry 5
 dtmf-relay rtp-nte
 no vad
!For outgoing calls (with a prefix to select the target SBC)
dial-peer voice 102 voip
 description ** Outgoing calls - Outbound dial peer - Primary SBC side **
```

# **Business**

```
translation-profile outgoing 113
huntstop
destination-pattern 113T
 session protocol sipv2
session target ipv4:<PRIMARY_SBC_IP_ADDR>
voice-class codec 1
voice-class sip options-keepalive up-interval 300 down-interval 300 retry 5
voice-class sip send 180 sdp
dtmf-relay rtp-nte
no vad
dial-peer voice 103 voip
description ** Outgoing calls - Outbound dial peer - Backup SBC side **
translation-profile outgoing 114
huntstop
destination-pattern 114T
session protocol sipv2
session target ipv4:<SECONDARY_SBC_IP_ADDR>
voice-class codec 1
voice-class sip options-keepalive up-interval 300 down-interval 300 retry 5
voice-class sip send 180 sdp
dtmf-relay rtp-nte
no vad
!For incoming calls
dial-peer voice 100 voip
description ** Incoming calls - Inbound dial peer - SBC side **
answer-address +.T
session protocol sipv2
voice-class codec 1
voice-class sip send 180 sdp
dtmf-relay rtp-nte
```



1

# no vad

The prefix should be stripped using voice translation rules before sending the call to the infrastructure.

**Business** 

# 9.3 Configuration for a single CUCM server and one CUBE

CUBE needs to be configured with physical interface will be configured with a secondary IP address.

```
interface FastEthernet 0/0.<INTERFACE>
ip address <PRIMARY_IP_ADDR> <Mask>
ip address <SECONDARY_IP_ADDR> <Mask> secondary
```

CUCM will be configured with 2 different SIP trunks :

- 1st SIP trunk pointing to the primary address of the CUBE
- 2nd SIP trunk pointing to the secondary address of the CUBE

CUCM will be configured with a Route List composed of (at least) 2 Route Groups. Each route group will include one of the SIP trunk configured. On each route group parameters, a specific prefix should be defined. This way the CUBE will be able to route the outgoing calls to the right SBC, depending on this prefix value:

```
dial-peer voice 1 voip
  description **CUCMBE**
  answer-address 227....
  destination-pattern 227....
  session target ipv4:<CUCMBE_IP>
  [...]
!For outgoing calls (with a prefix to select the target SEC)
dial-peer voice 11 voip
  description ** Outgoing calls - Outbound dial peer - SEC1 side **
  answer-address 227....
  destination-pattern 11T
  session-target <SEC1_IP>
  [...]
dial-peer voice 12 voip
  description ** Outgoing calls - Outbound dial peer - SEC2 side **
```

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```
answer-address 227....
destination-pattern 12T
session-target <SBC2_IP>
[...]
dial-peer voice 101 voip
description ** Incoming calls - Inbound dial peer - SBC side **
answer-address +.T
voice-class codec 1
voice-class sip send 180 sdp
session protocol sipv2
dtmf-relay rtp-nte
no vad
!
```

**Business** 

# 9.4 Configuration for a CUCM cluster and one CUBE

CUBE needs to be configured with physical interface will be configured with a secondary IP address.

```
interface FastEthernet 0/0.<INTERFACE>
ip address <PRIMARY_IP_ADDR> <Mask>
ip address <SECONDARY_IP_ADDR> <Mask> secondary
```

CUCM cluster will be configured with 2 different SIP trunks :

- 1st SIP trunk pointing to the primary address of the CUBE
- 2nd SIP trunk pointing to the secondary address of the CUBE

CUCM will be configured with a Route List composed of (at least) 2 Route Groups. Each route group will include one of the SIP trunk configured. On each route group parameters, a specific prefix should be defined. This way the CUBE will be able to route the outgoing calls to the right SBC, depending on this prefix value:

For incoming and outgoing calls for CUCMs side

```
dial-peer voice 1 voip
  description **CUCM SUB**
  preference 1
  answer-address 227....
  destination-pattern 227....
  voice-class codec 1
  session target ipv4:<CUCM2_IP>
  [..]
dial-peer voice 2 voip
  description **CUCM PUB**
  preference 2
  answer-address 227....
  destination-pattern 227....
  voice-class codec 1
  session target ipv4:<CUCM1_IP>
```



[...]

For outgoing calls (with a prefix to select the target SBC)

dial-peer	voice 11 voip		
prefere	nce 1		
answer-	address 227		
destina	tion-pattern 11T		
session	-target <sbc1_ip></sbc1_ip>		
[]			
dial-peer	voice 12 voip		
prefere	nce 2		
answer-	address 227		
destina	tion-pattern 12T		
session	-target <sbc2_ip></sbc2_ip>		
[]			

For incoming calls

```
dial-peer voice 101 voip
description ** Incoming calls - Inbound dial peer - SBC side **
answer-address +.T
voice-class codec 1
voice-class sip send 180 sdp
session protocol sipv2
dtmf-relay rtp-nte
no vad
```



# 9.5 Design for Local SIP Trunking

For Local SIP Trunking the CUBE configuration remains mostly the same as for the regular configuration. The core differences concerning call routing are decided on CUCM level.



#### 9.5.1 Region configuration

Regions are configured at **System > Region Information > Region.** They need to be associated with proper device pools later.

Codec preference lists can be configured at **System > Region Information > Audio Codec Preference List.** Codec Preference Lists could be assigned to Region configuration, however default option (**Use System Default**) should be set on all regions.

BT/BTIP services currently support only monocodec configuration, i.e. all customer sites need to use the same code. Only one of the 3 following codecs is supported:

- G.729
- G.711 A-law/u-law CUCM doesn't allow to specify G.711 companding type (A-law or ulaw), so simply choose G.711

Note that CUCM does not allow also to differentiate between G.711 and G.722 in Region settings.

Consider the following customer design:

- central site (HQ) with CUCM cluster
- a single remote site (RS) with local CUBE and call processing on HQ

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Region	Purpose
HQ	Assigned to devices in the HQ site
RS	Assigned to devices in the Remote Site
WAN	Assigned to SIP trunk to BT/BTIP

#### Regions configuration example for customer using G.729

G.711/G.722 for intrasite calls and low-bitrate G.729 for calls over the WAN

	From	HQ	RS	WAN
То				
HQ		G.711/G.722	G.729	G.729
RS		G.729	G.711/G.722	G.729
WAN		G.729	G.729	G.729

#### Regions configuration example for customer using G.711

G.711 or G.722 used for intrasite calls, for calls over the WAN - G.711.

	From	HQ	RS	WAN
То				
HQ		G.711/G.722	G.711/G.722	G.711
RS		G.711/G.722	G.711/G.722	G.711
WAN		G.711	G.711	G.711

#### 9.5.2 Device Pool configuration

Go to System > Device Pool and press Add new button.

Under Device Pool configuration there are several important parameters:

- The number of Device Pools at least should be the same as the number of sites
- Every Device Pool should has appropriate Region and Location value
- Media Resource Group List need to be add with all resources (annuciator, MOH Server, transcoder, conference, software MTP). See Media Resources section- 2.5).
- Standard Local Route Group may be configured in order to enable routing through local CUBE without modifying CSS and partitions. Site-specific Route Group should be set as Standard Local Route Group. If Standard Local Route Group is used, then it should be configured for every device pool depending on the expected trunk to be used. Note that the Local Route Group used is based on the call originator's device pool in case the call is forwarded.

Note: MOH server requires a separate Device Pool configuration.



#### 9.5.3 Route List configuration

Standard Local Route Group is configured under the Route List used for offnet calls

Route List Information	I	
Registration:		Registered with Cisco Unified Communications Manager hq506pub.obslab.tpnet.pl
IPv4 Address:		6.5.6.1
IPv6 Address:		None
Device is trusted		
Name*		RL_CUBE
Description		Offnet calls through CUBE
Cisco Unified Communica	ations Manager Group*	HQ506 ~
Enable this Route List	(change effective on S	ave; no reset required)
Run On All Active Unif	fied CM Nodes	
Route List Member Inf	ormation	
Selected Groups** St	andard Local Route Gro	pup(Local Route Group)
		Add Bouto Crown
		Add Route Group
		$\checkmark$
	**	
Removed Groups***		^
		$\vee$

## 9.5.4 Route Group Configuration

Route Groups should be configured for each site with trunks used for Offnet calling – either via CUBE or directly towards Orange SBC.

Ì	Route Group Name*	RG CUBE RS9
	Distribution Algorithm*	Top Down
	Route Group Member	Information
	Find Devices to Add	to Route Group
	Device Name contains	Find
	Available Devices**	CIMP
		CUBE
		RS9_CUBE
		SBC112
		350112
	Port(s)	All
		Add to Route Group
	Current Route Group	Members
	Selected Devices (orde	ared by priority)* RS9_CUBE (All Ports)
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		Reverse Order of Selected Devices

#### 9.5.5 Locations (Call Admission Control)

Go to System > Location Info > Location and press Add new button.

Warning! RSVP locations are not supported!

For customers using IP VPN to connect all their locations, Static Locations CAC feature in CUCM is well-suited. In such case, the default Hub\_None location with unlimited bandwidth should be



used to represent the IP VPN cloud (no devices should be associated with it). Each site should have a dedicated location to track bandwidth used on its WAN link.

#### 9.5.6 SIP Trunk Configuration

The configuration of SIP Trunks remains standard. Additional SIP Trunks have to be configured toward the Local CUBE. Device Pool used for the trunks toward Local CUBE should be site-specific and contain Standard Local Route Group corresponding to that CUBE. For details on SIP Trunk configuration consult CUCM Configuration Checklist.

## 9.6 CUBE Secure configuration (BTol & BTIPol)

Connect to the CUBE configuration CLI and enable administrative rights.

#### 9.6.1 NTP server

These commands synchronize the clock of the router. Ideally, NTP requires 3 servers. Configuration adjusts the GMT time to the France time zone, taking into account the change between winter and summer and vice-versa. It should be adjusted as needed. NTP clock synchronization is necessary for correct management of certificates. clock timezone GMT+1 1 clock summer-time GMT+2 recurring last Sun Mar 3:00 last Sun Oct 3:00 ntp server {IP\_NTP\_server}

#### 9.6.2 Generate RSA Keypair

The below configuration is performed from global configuration level. <<u>RSA NAME></u> in the command below is a label for convenience, this can be any name.

crypto key generate rsa general-keys label <RSA NAME> modulus 2048

#### 9.6.3 Create Trustpoints

Trustpoints are used for SIP TLS communication and have to be created according to the internal Certificate Authority structure and certificate deployment method. Below configuration example is created for a certificate chain consisting of a Root CA certificate and Intermediate certificate and manual certificate deployment. Depending on internal security rules, deployment and revocation configuration may be different. Two trustpoints must be created – one for Root CA certificate, the other for intermediate certificate and external communication between CUBE and Orange SBC.

#### 9.6.3.1 SBC Root Trustpoint

crypto pki trustpoint <ca enrollment terminal revocation-check none</ca 	ROOT TRUSTPOINT	NAME>	
Parameter	Descript	ion	

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< CA ROOT TRUSTPOINT	The name of trustpoint used for SBC
NAME>	Root CA certificate, this is just a label
	for convenience

#### 9.6.3.2 Intermediate Trustpoint

```
crypto pki trustpoint <CA INTERMEDIATE TRUSTPOINT NAME>
enrollment terminal pem
serial-number none
ip-address none
subject-name CN=<CUBE HOSTNAME>
chain-validation continue <CA ROOT TRUSTPOINT NAME>
revocation-check none
rsakeypair <RSA NAME>
```

Parameter	Description
<ca intermediate<br="">TRUSTPOINT NAME&gt;</ca>	The name of trustpoint, this is just a label for convenience
<cube hostname=""></cube>	X.509 Subject name, this value must be configured on a public DNS for CUBE to be reachable from Internet
<rsa name=""></rsa>	The name of RSA Keypair generated in previous step

#### 9.6.4 Generate CUBE Certificate Signing Request (CSR)

 The crypto pki enroll <CA INTERMEDIATE TRUSTPOINT NAME> command produces the CSR that is provided to the Enterprise CA to get the signed certificate. The output between BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST and END CERTIFICATE REQUEST (including these lines) must be copied and saved into notepad file or pasted directly into CA certificate signing submission. Below is an example of the output of this command.

```
CUBE-2(config) #crypto pki enroll SUBCA1
% Start certificate enrollment ..
% The subject name in the certificate will include: CN=CUBE-2
% The subject name in the certificate will include: CUBE-2
Display Certificate Request to terminal? [yes/no]: yes
Certificate Request follows:
----BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST----
MIICjjCCAXYCAQAwKDEPMA0GA1UEAxMGQ1VCRS0yMRUwEwYJKoZIhvcNAQkCFqZD
VUJFLTIwggEiMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4IBDwAwggEKAoIBAQDAmVvufevAg1ip
Kn8FhWjFlNNUFMqkgh2Cr1IMV+ovR2HyPTFwgr0XDhZHMSsnBw67Ttze3Ebxxoau
cBQcIASZ4hdTSIgjxG+9YQacLm9MXpfxHp5kcICzSfSllrTexArTQglW8+rErYpk
2THN1S0PC4cRlBwoUCgB/+KCDkjJkUy8eCX+Gmd+6ehRKEQ5HdFHEfUr5hc/7/pB
liHietNKSxYEOr9TVZPiRJrtpUPMRMZElRUm7GoxBrCWIXVdvEAGC0Xqd1ZVL1Tz
z2sQQDqvJ9fMN6fngKv2ePr+f5qejWVzGO0DFVQs0y5x+Yl+pHbsdV1hSSnPpJk6
TaaBmX83AgMBAAGgITAfBgkqhkiG9w0BCQ4xEjAQMA4GA1UdDwEB/wQEAwIFoDAN
BgkqhkiG9w0BAQUFAAOCAQEArWMJbdhlU8VfaF1cMJIbr569BZT+tIjQOz3OqNGQ
QpzHwclLoaKuC5pc/u0hw14MGS6Z440Iw4zK2/5bb/KL47r8H3d7T7PYMfK6lAzK
sU9Kf96zTvHNWl9wXImB5blJfRLXnFWXNsVEF4FjU74plxJL7siaa5e86eNy9deN
20iKjvP8o4MgWewILrD01YZMDMDS1Uy82kWI6hvXG5+xBT5A1lo2xCj1S9y6/D4d
f0ilDZvaQk+7jjBCzLv5hET+1neoQBw52e7RWU8s2biQw+7TEAdO8NytF3q/mA/x
bUKw5wT4pgGUJcDAWej3ZLqP91g5yyd9MiCdCRY+3mLccQ==
```



----END CERTIFICATE REQUEST-------End - This line not part of the certificate request---Redisplay enrollment request? [yes/no]: no CUBE-2(config)#

- 2. Get CUBE signed by Certificate Authority. Use CSR generated in step 1.
- The Root certificate provided by OBS can be opened in notepad and copy-pasted into CUBE. In order to import CA Root certificate use crypto pki authenticate <CA Root Trustpoint Name> command.



- 4. Using the same procedure as in the previous step, import the intermediate SBC certificate provided by OBS using crypto pki authenticate <CA Intermediate Trustpoint Name>.
- Import CA signed Certificate. The signed certificate provided by CA can be opened in notepad and copy-pasted into CUBE. To import certificate use crypto pki import <CA Intermediate Trustpoint Name> certificate command. Below is an example of this command:

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#### CUBE-2(config)#crypto pki import SUBCA1 certificate

Enter the base 64 encoded certificate. End with a blank line or the word "quit" on a line by itself

#### -----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----

MIIEAjCCAuqgAwIBAgIKQZZrHQABAAAAEzANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQUFADBJMRIwEAYK CZImiZPyLGQBGRYCbGkxFjAUBgoJkiaJk/IsZAEZFgZzb3BoaWExGzAZBgNVBAMT EnNvcGhpYS1FWENIMjAxMC1DQTAeFw0xNTA0MDEwMDEzNDFaFw0xNjA0MDEwMDIz NDFaMBExDzANBgNVBAMTBkNVQkUtMjCCASIwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADggEPADCC AQoCggEBAMCZW+5968CDWKkqfwWFaMWU01QUyqSCHYKvUgxX6i9HYfl9MXCCvRcO FkcxKycHDrtO3N7cRvHGhq5wFBwgBJniF1NliCPEb71hBpwub0xel/EenmRwgLNJ 9KWWtN7ECtNCCVbz6sStimTZMc3VLQ8LhxGUHChQKAH/4oIOSMmRTLx4Jf4aZ37p 6FEoRDkd0UcR9SvmFz/v+kGWleJ600pLFgQ6v1NVk+JEmu2lQ8xExkSVFSbsajEG sJYhdV28QAYLRep3VIUuVPPPaxBAOq8n18w3p+eAq/Z4+v5/mp6NZXMY7QMVVCzT LnH5iX6kdux1XWFJKc+kmTpNpoGZfzcCAwEAAaOCASlwggEeMA4GA1UdDwEB/wQE AwlFoDAdBgNVHQ4EFgQU9PbHMHSkYrjJ2+/+hSSMEoma0QlwHwYDVR0jBBgwFoAU rHWCWSFPSF8hpvWi+u/vLg4TPxMwTwYDVR0fBEgwRjBEoEKgQIY+ZmlsZTovL0VY Q0gyMDEwLnNvcGhpYS5saS9DZXJ0RW5yb2xsL3NvcGhpYS1FWENIMjAxMC1DQSgx KS5jcmwwbQYIKwYBBQUHAQEEYTBfMF0GCCsGAQUFBzAChlFmaWxlOi8vRVhDSDlw MTAuc29waGlhLmxpL0NlcnRFbnJvbGwvRVhDSDlwMTAuc29waGlhLmxpX3NvcGhp YS1FWENIMjAxMC1DQSgxKS5jcnQwDAYDVR0TAQH/BAlwADANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQUF AAOCAQEAe7EAoXKIAij4vxZuxROOFOfsmjcojU31ac5nrLCbq/FyW7eNblphL0NI Dt/DlfZ5WK2q3Di+/UL1IDt3KYt9NZ1dLpmccnipbbNZ5LXLoHDkLNqt3qtLfKjv J6GnnWCxLM18lxm1DzZT8VQtiQk5XZ8SC78hbTFtPxGZvfX70v22hekkOL1Dqw4h /3mtagxfnslB/J3Fgps1och45BndGiMAWavzRjjOKQaVLgVRvVrPly3ZKDBaUleR gsy5uODVSrhwMo3z84r+f03k4QarecgwZE+KfXoTpTAfhiCbLKw0ZyRMXXzWqNfl iotEQbs52neCwXNwV24aOCChQMw2xw== -----END CERTIFICATE-----

% Router Certificate successfully imported

### 9.6.5 Assign Trustpoint for sip-ua

This configuration has to be done for all CUCM nodes. The configuration can be done on IP address basis, or a default trustpoint can be configured for all sip signaling from CUBE.

sip-ua

crypto signaling default trustpoint <CA Intermediate Trustpoint name>

orang

# 10 CUCM with Oracle Session Border Controller configuration

# 10.1 CUCM configuration

Below is the configuration required on the CUCM side to setup SIP trunk to Oracle SBC. Please note that if some of this configuration has been previously done – for example SIP Profile, it can be reused and there is no need to create separate objects.

Off-net calling via BT/BTIP				
Diversion Header manipulation Partition				
Menu	Value			
Call Routing -> Class of Control -> Partition -> Ad	d new			
Name	DIV-HEADER-PT			
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP				
Diversion Header manipulation				
Called Party Transformation Pattern				
Call Routing -> Transformation -> Transformation Add Ne	Pattern -> Called PartyTransformation Pattern ->			
Pattern	XXXX			
Prefix digits	Site Prefix			
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP Diversion Header manipulation Calling Search Space				
Call Routing -> Class of Control -> Calling Search	Space -> Add New			
Name	DIV-HEADER-CSS			
Selected Partitions	DIV-HEADER-PT			
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP Basic Configuration Sip Trunk Security Profile				
System > Security > SIP Trunk Security Profile, se Securit	lect "Non Secure SIP Trunk Profile" from SIP Trunk y Profile List			
Incoming Transport Type	TCP + UDP			
Outgoing Transport Type	UDP			
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP Basic Configuration SIP Profile				
Device > Device Settings > SIP Profile				
User-Agent and Server header information	Send Unified CM Version Information as User-Agent Header			
Version in User Agent and Server Header	Full Build			
SIP Rel1XX Options	Send PRACK for 1xx Messages			
Early Offer support for voice and video	Mandatory (insert MTP if needed)			
Send send-receive SDP in mid-call INVITE	Checked			

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Ping Interval for In-service and Partially In-service Trunks (seconds)	300
Ping Interval for Out-of-service Trunks (seconds)	5
Version in User Agent and Sever Header	Full build
Session Refresh Method	INVITE or UPDATE

Version in User Agent and Sever Header - inject info about full version of CUCM Session Refresh Method - since CUCM 10.0 there is additional method – "UPDATE". "INVITE" should be used by default.

```
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP
Basic Configuration
SIP Normalization Script
Device > Device Settings > SIP normalization script > Add new
SIP Normalization Script is applied to SIP trunk and is required to adapt
the SIP signaling to the form expected by BT/BTIP infrastructure.
The content of the script is given below:
        -- Orange SIP Normalization Script v11
        -- this is normalization script for uc 12.x or later
        M = \{ \}
        -- This is called when an INVITE message is sent
        function M.outbound INVITE (msg)
            local sdp = msg:getSdp()
            if sdp
            then
                -- remove b=TIAS:
               sdp = sdp:gsub("b=TIAS:%d*\r\n", "")
                -- store the updated sdp in the message object
               msg:setSdp(sdp)
            end
        end
         --modifying of Server header in 183 messages
        function M.outbound_183_INVITE(msg)
         -- change 183 to 180 if sdp
         local sdp = msg:getSdp()
         if sdp
         then
          msg:setResponseCode(180, "Ringing")
         end
        end
        --modifying of Server header in 488 messages
        function M.outbound 488 INVITE(msg)
         -- change 488 to 503 if sdp
```

```
msg:setResponseCode(503, "Service Unavailable")
end
--handling of 400 errors
function M.inbound 400 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
then
 msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=27")
else
 msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=27")
end
end
--handling of 403 errors
function M.inbound 403 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
then
 msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
end
end
--handling of 408 errors
function M.inbound 408 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
then
 msg:removeHeader("Reason")
end
end
-- handling of 480 errors
function M.inbound 480 INVITE(msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if not reason
 then
 msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=20")
 end
end
--handling of 481 errors
function M.inbound 481 INVITE (msg)
 local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
 if reason
 then
 msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=27")
else
 msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=27")
 end
end
--handling of 487 errors
function M.inbound 487 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
 if not reason
 then
 msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=16")
```

#### Business Talk & BTIP Cisco CUCM

# **Business**

end

```
end
--handling of 488 errors
function M.inbound 488 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if not reason
then
 msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=127")
end
end
--handling of 500 errors
function M.inbound 500 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
then
 msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
else
 msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
end
end
--handling of 501 errors
function M.inbound 501 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
then
 msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
 else
 msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
 end
end
--handling of 502 errors
function M.inbound 502 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
 then
 msg:removeHeader("Reason")
 end
end
-- handling of 503 errors
function M.inbound 503 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
 then
 msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
else
 msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
 end
end
-- handling of 505 errors
function M.inbound_505_INVITE(msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
 if reason
```

# **Business**

```
then
 msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
 else
 msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
 end
end
-- handling of 513 errors
function M.inbound 513 INVITE (msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
then
 msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
else
 msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
end
end
-- addition of PAI header if incoming INVITE includes Privacy
header
function M.inbound INVITE(msg)
-- get Privacy header
local privacy = msg:getHeader("Privacy")
if privacy
then
 -- get From and Pai
 from = msg:getHeader("From")
 pai = msg:getHeader("P-Asserted-Identity")
 --check if Pai header is not present
 if pai==nil
 then
  -- add Pai header filled with From URI value
  local uri = string.match(from, "(<.+>)")
  msg:addHeader("P-Asserted-Identity", uri)
 end
 end
end
return M
```

#### Off-net calling via BT/BTIP

Basic Configuration	
	Volue
menu	value
Device > Trunk > Add new	
Device Pool	Choose Device Pool which include Region and Location value
Media Resource Group List	MRGL
Redirecting Diversion Header Delivery - Inbound	Checked
Redirecting Diversion Header Delivery - outbound	Checked
Destination Address	Oracle SBC IP Address
SIP Trunk Security Profile	SIP Trunk Security Profile name
SIP Profile	Standard SIP Profile with PRACKs, EO, Send-recv

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DTMF Signaling Method	RFC 2833
Normalization Script	SIP Normalization Script name (currently v11)
Enable Trace	Unchecked
Redirecting Party Transformation CSS	DIV-HEADER-CSS
Media Termination Point Required	Checked
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP	
Basic Configuration	
Route Group	
Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Route group > Add r	new
Distribution algorithm	Top Down
Selected devices	SIP trunk to ORACLE SBC
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP	
Basic Configuration	
Route List	
Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Route list > Add new	/
Selected Groups	Route Group with SIP trunk to Oracle SBC
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP	
Basic Configuration	
Route Pattern	
Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Route Pattern > Add	Inew
Route Pattern	Specific Route Pattern
Gateway/Route List	Route List name
Call Classification	OffNet
Discord Digits	

# 10.2 Oracle SBC configuration

For detailed information regarding Oracle ESBC configuration, please refer to Annex A and dedicated VISIT SIP Configuration Guideline for Oracle ESBC 8.2.

# 10.2.1 Oracle SBC information required for CUCM interconnection

The pieces of information needed to create a new customer on the SBC are the following ones:

Customer related data		
Code	Content	Example
<vendor_ipbx></vendor_ipbx>	Unique identifier of the CISCO CUCM IPBX in the	CISCO
	SBC. This field must follow 7 alphabetical characters	
	format.	
<vlan_id></vlan_id>	It corresponds to the VLAN tag allocated to the	110
	customer. This field must follow 3 digits format.	
	NOMINAL SBC related data	
<esbc_south_nominal_gw></esbc_south_nominal_gw>	IP address of the gateway in front of the nominal SBC	138.132.169.1
	(PE router) on access side.	
<esbc_south_nominal_ip></esbc_south_nominal_ip>	IP address of the nominal SBC South Side on the	138.132.169.2
	interconnection network.	

	Cisco IPBXs will send/receive their signaling and media traffic to/from this IP address (on default port 5060 for signaling). This SBC IP address is located in /29 network provided by the customer. It is used to interconnect the nominal SBC on the customer private network.	
	BACKUP SBC related data	
<esbc_south_backup_gw></esbc_south_backup_gw>	IP address of the gateway in front of the backup SBC (PE router) on access side.	138.132.179.1
<esbc_south_backup_ip></esbc_south_backup_ip>	IP address of the backup SBC SBC South Side on the interconnection network. Cisco IPBXs will send/receive their signaling and media traffic to/from this IP address (on default port 5060 for signaling). This SBC IP address is located in /29 network provided by the customer. It is used to interconnect the backup SBC on the customer private network.	138.132.179.2

# 10.2.2 Oracle SBC information required for a new IPBX

This chapter specifies which IP addresses need to be indicated in the session agents and the distribution of the session agents in the session agent groups.

The information indicated in the document will help you to fill in the table here after.

IPBX related data		
Code	Content	Example
<pbx type=""></pbx>	PBX type, version and configuration. Information needed	Cisco CUCM 12.0
	to define which SA and SAG need to be created, and if specific profile is required	
<sip_pboeile></sip_pboeile>	This identifier is used to differentiate several SIP profiles	05
	It depends on the type of IPBX (Vendor & version).	
	Specific SBC configuration is linked to each profile, each	
	one corresponding to a Prod+ template. The profile	
	follows 2 digits format. Values:	
	00: Default profile is number 00	
	05: Cisco CUCM	
<number elements="" for<="" of="" td=""><td>Number of signaling entities to be declared as SA and</td><td>2</td></number>	Number of signaling entities to be declared as SA and	2
nominal IPBX>	included in the nominal SAG.	
<number elements="" for<="" of="" td=""><td>Number of signaling entities to be declared as SA and</td><td>2</td></number>	Number of signaling entities to be declared as SA and	2
LIDBY NOMINAL SAT IDS to	IP addresses of the IPRV signaling antition. These antition	0501
	heleng to nominal accession agent group	0.0.0.1
<ipdx_inuiviiinal_saii_ip></ipdx_inuiviiinal_saii_ip>	belong to nominal session agent group.	6.5.6.2
<ipbx_backup_sa1_ip> to</ipbx_backup_sa1_ip>	IP addresses of the IPBX signaling entities. These entities	6.5.6.1
<ipbx_backup_san_ip></ipbx_backup_san_ip>	belong to backup session agent group.	6.5.6.2
<sa_x></sa_x>	It is a 2 digits number representing the element number	01
	within the nominal IPBX. X is varying from 1 to < Number	
	of Elements for nominal IPBX>	
<sa_y></sa_y>	It is a 2 digits number representing the element number	01
	within the backup IPBX. Y is varying from 1 to < Number	
	of Elements for backup IPBX>.	

The pieces of information needed to create a new IPBX on the e SBC are the following ones:

**Business** 

# 10.2.3 Information required for BTIP / Btalk SIP Infrastructure

This chapter specifies which IP addresses need to be indicated in the session agents and the distribution of the session agents in the session agent groups.

The information indicated in the document will help you to fill in the table here after.

The pieces of information needed to create a new IPBX on the e SBC are the following ones:

IPBX related data		
Code	Content	Example
<bt_nominal_sa_ip></bt_nominal_sa_ip>	IP addresses of the BT/BTIP signaling entities. These	172.22.246.33
	entities belong to nominal session agent group.	X.X.X.X.
<bt_backup_sa_ip></bt_backup_sa_ip>	IP addresses of the BT/BTIP signaling entities. These	172.22.246.73
	entities belong to backup session agent group.	X.X.X.X
<sa_x></sa_x>	It is a 2 digits number representing the element number	01
	within the nominal C-SBC. X is varying from 1 to <	
	Number of Elements for nominal ESBC>	
<sa_y></sa_y>	It is a 2 digits number representing the element number	01
	within the backup C-SBC. Y is varying from 1 to <	
	Number of Elements for backup ESBC>.	

#### 10.2.4 SBC Object naming convention

Based on previous information, the following table presents identifiers that will be created in SBC configuration. These unique identifiers are mandatory to configure the SBC. The rules presented below are valid for both Nominal and Backup A-SBC.

SBC OBJECTS		
Name	Description	
Customer identifier	Unique identifier of the customer within the SBC on the access part. It is used to configure the name of the access parent realm. Rule is: ACC_ <vlan_id>_<ipbx_vendor></ipbx_vendor></vlan_id>	
Nominal IPBX identifier	Unique identifier of the Nominal IPBX within the SBC. It is used to configure the nominal Session-Agent-Group. It is proposed to used the SIP profile, VLAN Id and the T1T7 parameters to configure it. Rule is: N_ <vlan_id>_<ipbx_vendor>_SIP_PROFILE&gt;</ipbx_vendor></vlan_id>	
Backup IPBX identifier	Unique identifier of the Backup IPBX within the SBC. It is used to configure the backup Session-Agent-Group. It is proposed to used the SIP profile, VLAN Id and the T1T7 parameters to configure it. Rule is: <b>B_<vlan_id>_<ipbx_vendor>_<sip_profile></sip_profile></ipbx_vendor></vlan_id></b>	
Element [X] identifier for the Nominal IPBX	Unique identifier of the Element X of the Nominal IPBX within SBC. It is used to configure the nominal Session-Agent that will be included in the nominal Session-Agent-Group. It is proposed to used the VLAN Id and the T1T7 parameters to configure it. Rule is: N- <vlan_id>-<ipbx_vendor>-<sa_x> Note that underscores are not allowed in hostnames of Session-Agents. Hence, hyphens are used instead.</sa_x></ipbx_vendor></vlan_id>	
Element [Y] identifier for the Backup IPBX	Unique identifier of the Element Y of the Backup IPBX within SBC. It is used to configure the backup Session-Agent that will be included in the backup Session-Agent-Group. It is proposed to used the VLAN Id and the T1T7 parameters to configure it. Rule is: B- <vlan_id>-<ipbx_vendor>-<sa_y></sa_y></ipbx_vendor></vlan_id>	

Maximum size of any identifier is not larger than 24.

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# 10.2.5 Certificate

In "TLS/ Secured SIP Trunking" context, following requirements regarding Certificate configuration:

- Certificate of the certification authority (CA), signing the ESBC certificate( format X.509 Base64)
- 1 cyphered file containing both the private key and the public certificate per domain used on the ESBC, signed by a public trusted Certificate Authority to be known, aka such as Digicert CA which Orange has chosen as CA provider
- Certificate of the trusted certificate authority, and of each sub-authority having signed the above certificate (format X.509 Base64)

## 10.2.6 Licenses & ESBC entitlement setup

Configuration which will enable the support of the new license model based on provisioned entitlements are not covered in this configuration Guideline such as :

- adding session capacity (based on purchased capacity)
- adding new features (based on purchased license as well). Typically the case for enabling SRTP session.

# 11 Expressway

# 11.1 Architecture overview

#### Server components description

- <u>Expressway Control server (Expressway C)</u>: This server is deployed on the same Datacenter LAN than UC applications inside the datacenter. The Expressway C is a SIP proxy and communication Gateway for CUCM.
- <u>Expressway Edge server (Expressway E)</u>: This server is deployed on a DMZ inside the datacenter. The Expressway E is a SIP Proxy for devices which are located outside the internal network.



Figure Erreur ! Il n'y a pas de texte répondant à ce style dans ce document.-1 – Expressway Firewall Traversal Basics

- 1. Expressway E is the traversal server installed in DMZ. Expressway C is the traversal client installed inside the enterprise network.
- 2. Expressway C initiates traversal connections outbound through the firewall to specific ports on Expressway E with secure login credentials.
- 3. Once the connection has been established, Expressway C sends keep-alive packets to Expressway E to maintain the connection.
- 4. When Expressway E receives an incoming call, it issues an incoming call request to Expressway C.
- 5. Expressway C then routes the call to Unified CM to reach the called user or endpoint.
- 6. The call is established and media traverses the firewall securely over an existing traversal connection.

# 11.2 Call Flows

All mobile traffic from the internet is seen with the private Expressway-C IP address on the Customer Network.

All Mobile traffic from the customer network will be seen with the Expressway-E public IP address on the Internet.

The couple Expressway-C and Expressway-E can be seen as a proxy for call flows.

Within VISIT scope, the traffic from the internet would pass through Expressway-C and Expressway-E, through customer managed Call Manager cluster and routed further towards SIP trunk to BT/BTIP infrastructure.

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# 11.3 Endpoint Authentication & Encryption

# 11.3.1 Authentication

Expressway use TLS which is a protocol on top of TCP layer:



# 11.3.2 Directory integration

Remote Jabber clients will have access to directory look-up services. Cisco Expressway uses the UDS integration model. UDS model relies on the CUCM database for directory search and phone number lookup





# 11.3.3 Telephony features

Cisco Jabber endpoints can be deployed using a model in which Cisco Unified Presence and Cisco Unified Communications Manager provide client configuration, instant messaging and presence, user and device management while Microsoft Active Directory provides user lookup/directory search services.

NOTE: Within VISIT scope, all currently supported features continue to function with Expressway infrastructure deployed.

Restriction: An issue has been identified that causes Jabber users registered through Expressway to not fall back to backup server in case nominal server is down.



# 11.4 CUCM configuration update

Mobile and remote access provided by Expressway is, for most part, transparent to Cisco Unified Communications Manager. There is:

- No requirement to build a SIP trunk on CUCM to Expressway C or E,
- No requirement to make dial plan changes ,
- No remote access policy mechanism to limit edge access to certain Jabber users or devices.

Remote Jabber clients or Tele-Presence Endpoints registering to CUCM through Expressway will appear to CUCM as Expressway C IP address (opportunity for CUCM Device Mobility feature usage).



# 11.5 Expressway specific configuration

This solution allows Jabber clients to securely traverse the enterprise firewall and access collaboration services deployed on the enterprise network. Remote Jabber clients will have access to voice/video, instant messaging and presence, visual voicemail, and directory look-up services.

This section describes the configuration steps required on the Expressway-C.

# Configuring DNS and NTP settings

Check and configure the basic system settings on Expressway:

- 1. Ensure that System host name and Domain name are specified (System > DNS).
- 2. Ensure that local DNS servers are specified (System > DNS).
- 3. Ensure that all Expressway systems are synchronized to a reliable NTP service (System > Time). Use an Authentication method in accordance with your local policy.

If you have a cluster of Expressways you must do this for every peer.

#### Configuring the Expressway-C for Unified Communications

To enable mobile and remote access functionality:

1. Go to Configuration > Unified Communications > Configuration.

**Business** 

- 2. Set Unified Communications mode to Mobile and remote access.
- 3. Click Save.

Unified Communications	You are here: Configuration > Unified Communications > Configuration
Configuration	
Unified Communications mode	Mobile and remote access 👻 🥡

#### Mobile and Remote Access

Note that you must select *Mobile and remote access* before you can configure the relevant domains and traversal zones.

## Configuring the domains to route to Unified CM

You must configure the domains for which registration, call control, provisioning, messaging and presence services are to be routed to Unified CM.

- 1. On Expressway-C, go to Configuration > Domains.
- 2. Select the domains (or create a new domain, if not already configured) for which services are to be routed to Unified CM.
- 3. For each domain, turn On the services for that domain that Expressway is to support. The available services are:
  - SIP registrations and provisioning on Unified CM: endpoint registration, call control and provisioning for this SIP domain is serviced by Unified CM. The Expressway acts as a Unified Communications gateway to provide secure firewall traversal and line-side support for Unified CM registrations.
  - IM and Presence services on Unified CM: instant messaging and presence services for this SIP domain are provided by the Unified CM IM and Presence service.

Turn On all of the applicable services for each domain.

Domains	You are here: Configuration > Domains > Edit
Configuration	
Domain name *	example.com
Supported services for this domain	
SIP registrations and provisioning on Unified CM	0n 👻 (1)
IM and Presence services on Unified CM	On 👻 👔
Save Delete Cancel	



## Discovering IM&P and Unified CM servers

The Expressway-C must be configured with the address details of the IM&P servers and Unified CM servers that are to provide registration, call control, provisioning, messaging and presence services. Note that IM&P server configuration is not required in the hybrid deployment model.

## Uploading the IM&P / Unified CM tomcat certificate to the Expressway-C trusted CA list

If you intend to have **TLS verify mode** set to *On* (the default and recommended setting) when discovering the IM&P and Unified CM servers, the Expressway-C must be configured to trust the tomcat certificate presented by those IM&P and Unified CM servers.

- 1. Determine the relevant CA certificates to upload:
  - If the servers are using self-signed certificates, the Expressway-C's trusted CA list must include a copy of the tomcat certificate from every IM&P / Unified CM server.
  - If the servers are using CA-signed certificates, the Expressway-C's trusted CA list must include the root CA of the issuer of the tomcat certificates.
- 2. Upload the trusted Certificate Authority (CA) certificates to the Expressway-C (Maintenance > Security certificates > Trusted CA certificate).
- Restart the Expressway-C for the new trusted CA certificates to take effect (Maintenance > Restart options).

#### Configuring IM&P servers

To configure the IM&P servers used for remote access:

- 1. On Expressway-C, go to Configuration > Unified Communications > IM and Presence servers. The resulting page displays any existing servers that have been configured.
- 2. Add the details of an IM&P publisher:
  - a. Click New.
  - Enter the IM and Presence publisher address and the Username and Password credentials required to access the server. The address can be specified as an FQDN or as an IP address; we recommend using FQDNs when TLS verify mode is On. Note that these credentials are stored permanently in the Expressway database. The IM&P user must have the Standard AXL API Access role.
  - c. We recommend leaving TLS verify mode set to On to ensure Expressway verifies the tomcat certificate presented by the IM&P server for XMPP-related communications.
    - If the IM&P server is using self-signed certificates, the Expressway-C's trusted CA list must include a copy of the tomcat certificate from every IM&P server.
    - If the IM&P server is using CA-signed certificates, the Expressway-C's trusted CA list must include the root CA of the issuer of the tomcat certificate.
  - d. Click Add address.

The system then attempts to contact the publisher and retrieve details of its associated nodes.



i
(i)

IM&P Servers

Note that the status of the IM&P server will show as Inactive until a valid traversal zone connection between the Expressway-C and the Expressway-E has been established (this is configured later in this process).

3. Repeat for every IM&P cluster.

After configuring multiple publisher addresses, you can click Refresh servers to refresh the details of the nodes associated with selected addresses.

#### Configuring Unified CM servers

To configure the Unified CM servers used for remote access:

- 1. On Expressway-C, go to Configuration > Unified Communications > Unified CM servers. The resulting page displays any existing servers that have been configured.
- 2. Add the details of a Unified CM publisher:

Unified	CM serv	/ers

Unified CM server lookup		
Unified CM publisher address	* cucm1.example.com (i)	
Username	* admin	
Password	*	
TLS verify mode	On 👻 👔	
AES GCM support	Off 👻 👔	
Add address Cancel		

# 12 Fax

# 12.1 Configuration for BT/BTIP SIP trunking

The following guide is an addition to standard SIP Trunk configuration between CUCM and VG. For more details about configuration details and steps to be done on CUCM please refer to following document:

BTIP/BT SIP System Release 14.0 IOS Voice Gateway Configuration Guide).

# 12.1.1 T.38 global settings

Below configuration commands are issued under voice gateway's fax subcommand menu.

voice service voip fax fax protocol t38 ls-redundancy 4 hs-redundancy 1 fallback none

Command	Explanation
fax protocol protocol	Choice of global fax protocol with assingment of proprer redundacy
Is-redundancy value	values and fallbak type
hs-redundancy value	
fallback <i>type</i>	

## 12.1.2 Codec configuration

Below configuration commands are issued under voice gateway's voice class codec tag subcommand menu.

voice	clas	s codec	1		
coc	dec p	referen	ce i	1	g711alaw
coc	dec p	referen	ce 2	2	g729r8
coc	dec p	referen	ce (	3	g711ulaw

Command	Explanation
codec preference	<i>number</i> sets priority order (1 = Highest)
number codec	codec sets specific codec format

# 12.1.3 Example of VoIP dial-peer configuration

Below configuration commands are issued under voice gateway's **dial-peer voice** subcommand menu.

```
dial-peer voice 1 voip
  preference 1
  destination-pattern .T
  session protocol sipv2
  session target ipv4:6.3.9.1
  incoming called-number .
  voice-class codec 1
  dtmf-relay rtp-nte
  fax-relay sg3-to-g3
  fax rate 14400 bytes 72
  fax nsf 000000
```

Command	Explanation
fax-relay <i>type</i>	Choice of preffered SG3 to G3 fallback method (CM
	blocking in TDM to IP direction)
fax rate <i>speed</i> bytes	Specifies desired speed of fax page transmission and
payload	payload
fax nsf <i>000000</i>	Specifies the fax not to use "non standard facilities"

# 12.1.4 POTS dial-peer

Below configuration commands are issued under voice gateway's **dial-peer voice** subcommand menu.

```
dial-peer voice 102 pots
description fax
destination-pattern 39001
progress_ind alert strip
port 0/0/0
forward-digits all
```

Command	Explanation
description description	Adds a description to the dial peer.
destination-pattern pattern	Sets the destination pattern.
progress_ind alert strip	Allows the media gateway to send a 180 ringing instead of 183 progress SDP. Used to fix RBT generation issues.
port <i>voice-port</i>	Specifies the voice port, which should be used to route the call
forward-digits all	Specifies that all digits will be forwarded to the endpoint connected to FXS port.

# 12.1.5 CUCM Configuration

Below are the steps necessary in order to configure a connection to a VG in a non-standard architecture.

<u>SIP Trunk</u> configuration (*Device -> Trunk*):

Parameter	Value
Trunk Type	SIP Trunk
Device Protocol	SIP
Trunk Service Type	Default
Device Name	TRK- <site>-<vg name=""></vg></site>
Description	SIP trunk to specific VG
Device Pool	DPO-SIPTRK- <site></site>
Location	LOC- <site></site>
Call Classification	OnNet
Media Resource Group List	< None >

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SRTP Allowed	Not Checked	
Run On All Active Unified CM Nodes	Not Checked	
Call Routing Information – Inbound Calls		
Significant digits	All	
Calling Search Space	CSS-VCGVLG- Enhanced- <cty><site></site></cty>	
Redirecting Diversion Header Delivery - Inbound	Checked	
Call Routing	g Information – Outbound Calls	
Calling Party selection	Originator	
Redirecting Diversion Header Delivery – Outbound	Checked	
Use Device Pool Called Party Transformation CSS	Checked	
Use Device Pool Calling Party Transformation CSS	Checked	
SIP Information		
Destination Address	<ip address="" of="" vg=""></ip>	
Destination Address is an SRV	Not Checked	
Destination Port	5060	
Rerouting Calling Search Space	CSS-VCGVLG- Enhanced- <cty><site></site></cty>	
Out-of-Dialog Refer Calling Search Space	CSS-VCGVLG- Enhanced- <cty><site></site></cty>	
SIP Trunk Secure Profile	SIPT-GW	
SIP Profile	SIPP-GW	
DTMF Signaling Method	RFC 2833	

**<u>Route Group</u>** configuration (*Call Routing -> Route/Hunt -> Route Group*):

Route Group Name	ROG- <site>-<vg name=""></vg></site>
Distribution Algorithm	TopDown
Selected Devices	TRK- <site>-<vg name=""></vg></site>

<u>**Route List**</u> configuration (*Call Routing -> Route/Hunt -> Route List*):

Name	ROL- <site>-<vg name=""></vg></site>
Description	RL for specific OnNet range to VG SIP controlled device
CUCM Group	CMG01
Enable this Route List	Checked
Run On All Active Unified CM Nodes	Checked
Selected Groups	ROG- <site>-<vg name=""></vg></site>
Dente Detterre de l'anti-	

**<u>Route Pattern</u>** configuration (*Call Routing -> Route/Hunt -> Route Pattern*):

Route Pattern	Private Directory Number toward Fax
Route Partition	PAR-Shared
Description	Route Pattern to Fax
Route Class	Default
Gateway / Route List	ROL- <site>-<vg name=""></vg></site>

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Route option	Route this pattern
Call Classification	OnNet
Urgent Priority	Not Checked
Use Calling Party's EPNM	Checked

<u>**Translation Pattern**</u> configuration (*Call Routing -> Translation Pattern*):

Translation Pattern	Private range toward Fax range i.e. \+4822538.XXXX	
Partition	PAR-ForcedOnNet	
Description	OnNet calls to VG Fax	
Calling Search Space	CSS-AutoAnswer	
Route option	Route this pattern	
Urgent Priority	Not Checked	
Called Party Transformation		
Discard option	Predot	
Prefix	InterSite Prefix + SLC (Site Location Code)	

# 12.1.6 CUBE Configuration

In order to enable CUBE IP2IP gateway functionality, following command has to be entered:

```
voice service voip
mode border-element license capacity [session count]
allow-connections sip to sip
sip
header-passing
error-passthru
no update-callerid
early-offer forced
midcall-signaling passthru
sip-profiles 1
ip address trusted list
ipv4 A.B.C.D ! primary SBC IP address
ipv4 E.F.G.H ! backup SBC IP address
```

#### Explanation

Command	Description
mode border-element license capacity [session count]	[session count] – indicate the session count based on the license purchased for CUBE
allow-connections sip to sip	Allow IP2IP connections between two SIP call legs
header-passing error-passthru	Error messages are passed through CUBE (SIP error transparency)
no update-callerid	Transparency regarding Caller ID

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early-offer forced	Enables SIP Delayed-Offer to Early-Offer globally
midcall-signaling passthru	Passes SIP messages from one IP leg to another IP leg
sip-profiles 1	Apply sip profile at global level

Please note that there is a difference between 12.4T and 15.4(3)M2 trains regarding two commands "header-passing" and "error-passthru", which should be taken into account while making an update between the two IOS versions. With 12.4T they should be invoked together as "header-passing error-passthru" while in 15.4(3)M2 they should be invoked as 2 separate commands: "header-passing" and "error-passthru"

#### 12.1.6.1 Media Passing through CUBE (media flow-through vs. media flow-around)

Default CUBE configuration enables CUBE to work in flow-through mode. In order to enable flow-around mode, please perform the following actions:

```
voice service voip
media flow-around
```

#### 12.1.6.2 Codecs

BT/BTIP requires currently monocodec configuration. That means, that only a single codec should be offered by CUBE. This is configured using codec class which is then applied to specific dial-peer.

For customers using G.711 alaw codec:

```
voice class codec 1
codec preference 1 g711alaw
For customers using G.711 ulaw codec:
```

```
voice class codec 1
codec preference 1 g711ulaw
```

#### 12.1.6.3 SIP user agent

SIP signaling parameters are configured in the sip user agent section.

```
sip-ua
retry invite 1
retry response 2
retry bye 2
retry cancel 2
reason-header override
connection-reuse
g729-annexb override
timers options 1000
Explanation
```



Command	Description
retry	Specifies number of retries for different SIP message types
reason-header override	Enable cause code passing from one SIP leg to another
connection-reuse	Always use the same port for both source and destination (UDP 5060)
g729-annexb override	Required for interoperability with BT/BTIP infrastructure, when G.729 codec is used

# 12.2 Integrating Sagem XMedius Fax Server Enterprise 9.0 with CUCM

In this section, we will present the steps necessary to integrate Sagem XMedius fax server with Cisco Unified Communications Manager (CUCM).

The XMediusFAX Enterprise edition is field proven to manage large fax volumes and deliver high levels of security, advanced integration, and monitoring & reporting capabilities. It is targeted for small and large enterprises and contains a number of key features.

# 12.2.1 Highlights for Sagem XMediusFax Server Enterprise 9.0:

- XMediusFAX is Sagemcom's innovative and patented IP fax server solution supporting the robust and standardized T.38 Fax over IP (FoIP) protocol.
- Direct SIP trunking with BTIP
- Simplified application integration through standardized technologies (i.e. XML, Python, Web Services API)
- Business critical system monitoring through application SNMP traps and PerfMon counters
- SQL database scalable to millions of inbound / outbound faxes with easy archiving
- Enhanced LDAP directory integration (i.e., Active Directory, Lotus Domino) with LDAPS support
- Intelligent fax boards and T.38 support
- Virtual machine support using VMware, Microsoft Hypervisor and Citrix
- Supported Document Formats: Adobe PDF, HTML, JPG, GIF, RTF, Microsoft Word, PowerPoint, Excel, Any Windows application that support "Print-To".
- Monitor all faxes sent, received, or in process, as well as server status
- Live graphical fax port usage monitor and integrated network packet capturing utility
- Email notification of service status events to administrator via SMTP
- Administrative audit logging and application services status changes logged in Windows Event Log
- System queue monitoring and alerts through SNMP and Performance Monitor (PerfMon)

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- **Business** 
  - Integrated system reporting with a comprehensive set of 20+ built-in reports
  - SSL authentication and encryption between all server modules and clients
  - HTTPS for secured Web Client communications
  - Built-in Windows Authentication support
  - Support for LDAP over SSL (LDAPS)
  - Enforce usage of billing codes
  - Restricted destination fax number tables
  - Per user/profile security settings (Allow to fax, require password, modify sender information, enforce cover page)

# 12.2.2 Supported fax features with BTIP Service

Please refer to the roadmap, the restriction portal and the INA synopsis portal for more information. List of supported features by XMediusFax Server Enterprise:

- Fax calls using G.711 a-law, G.711 u-law OR G.729 codec can only be proposed in case of specific offers (monocodec configuration – only one codec can be used in WAN for each customer)
- Send fax using XMediusFax SendFax desktop application
- Send fax using XMediusFax Web Panel application
- Incomming fax traffic
  - From standard G3/SG3 Fax machines
- Outgoing fax traffic
  - To standard G3/SG3 Fax machines.
- Sagem XmediusFax server can send G3 or SG3. This is global setting declared in license file and cannot be change without obtaining new license file.



# 12.3 Sagem XMediusFax Server components configuration

## Creating a Profile

Immediately after installation, the **Basic** and **No Faxing Rights** profiles are available, to which you can associate users.

The **Basic profile** allows the user to fax at a normal fax priority, with three retries if a connection cannot be immediately established

The **No Faxing Rights profile** does not allow the transmission of faxes.

You might also create new profiles and assign them to meet the specific fax needs of each user. It is also possible to create different profiles for each department, thereby tailoring fax settings to departmental requirements rather than user requirements.

In the MMC Snap-in, select the **Profiles** node of your site, and click on the **Add** button. The **Profile Properties** dialog appears.

Parameter Name	Parameter Value
• Enter the name of the profile In the	for example: Sagem XMF Warsaw
Profile Name field.	
<ul> <li>Select the Phone Books tab. If you want to assign phone books to the profile:</li> <li>In the Phone Books section.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>click Add. The Phone Book</li> <li>Properties dialog appears.</li> <li>Select a phone book in the</li> <li>Phone Book dropdown list.</li> </ul>	
<b>Note:</b> A phone book must have been previously created. To create and populate a phone book refer to the <b>Administration Guide – Web</b> documentation.	
Select the Billing Codes tab to Associating a Profile and a Billing Group - Once billing groups have been created, administrators can associate a billing group with a profile. The billing group can contain any number of billing codes and sub-billing codes which users can apply when faxing.	Oefault values are used
• Click the <b>Fax Options</b> tab to set the fax priority and how it affects the order in which the faxes are sent. This is however compounded by the number of retry attempts to send a fax.	Default values are used



	<ul> <li>Select the Security tab to apply security settings.</li> <li>Select the Notification tab to set Notifications. By default, incoming fax notifications are sent to the destinations in the Incoming Routing Table, or to the default destination specified in its properties. Outbound fax notifications are sent to the sender's e-mail address.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Default values are used</li> <li>Default values are used</li> </ul>	
S p s S Ir	Sagem XMediusFax number presentation on SIP trunk Configuration of number presentation on SIP trunk from XMF to CUCM. Number presentation – this number will be included in SIP INVITE message send by Sagem server, for example: SIP INVITE SDP() $\rightarrow$ SIP From: sip:3580000@XMF_IP:5060 Sites > Site_name > Configuration > Profiles > Profile properties > Profile tab > Phone Number Information section		
	Deremeter Name	Deremeter V/elue	
	<ul> <li>Phone Number Information section</li> <li>Select Profile Phone Number Information checkbox</li> <li>In Fax field provide phone number "extension" compliant with XMF dialplan</li> <li>Phone field can be empty, not required to provide phone number</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Checkbox must be enabled</li> <li>for example: 3580000</li> <li>empty value</li> </ul>	
	Phone Number Information         Image: Constraint         Phone: Constraint         Fax: 3580000		
	Picture 2: Phone Nu	umber Information configuration in Profile	
(	Preating an Internal User Account		
lr U	h the administration interface, select the <b>Ir</b> I <b>ser Properties</b> dialog appears.	nternal User node of your site and click on the Add button. The	

# **Business**

Parameter Name	Parameter Value
• Enter the SMTP address of the user;	<u>3580001@orange-multimedia.fr</u>
this is a mandatory entry.	
<b>2</b> Use <b>Profile Name</b> to associate the user to a specific profile.	Profile Name: Basic
Note: A profile is mandatory. If no	
profile exists, you can choose Basic or	
No Faxing Rights. If you want to create a	
new profile, refer to Step 1.	
<b>Tips:</b> If the SMTP user has a corresponding Windows Domain account, use <b>AD account</b> to indicate that account in the format <b>domain\username</b> .	
S Navigate to Personal Information tab	Personal Information example:
in User Properties windows. Provide	Phone: <b>3580001</b>
Phone Number Information details	Fax: <b>3580001</b>
(Phone number and Fax number) for	
dial plan	

# T.38 Driver Properties Configuration (Options, T.38, SIP)

In the administration interface, you just need to access the properties of the Driver node of your host to configure general SIP properties and to configure SIP specific properties for listed gateways and associate number patterns to specific gateway.

**Warning:** Parameters locations on Driver Properties tabs can be different. It depends on T.38 driver release installed on the server.

System Configuration > Hosts > XMF\_Host\_name > Driver container > Right Mouse Button click on Driver container and select Properties. In the Driver properties dialog, select the Options tab.

Parameter Name	Parameter Value
• On <b>Options</b> tab enable <b>Enable Log</b>	Checkbox Enable Log Archiving must be enabled.
<b>Archiving</b> property. Enables automatic log archiving for future support use.	Set Archive Retention (in days) to value: 15.
	Disabled
On Options tab Debug checkbox	
should be disabled.	
	When you acquire a new license, you need to update
On Options tab the T.38 Channel	here the number of channels allowed according to this
Configuration Section configuration.	new license



On <b>FolP</b> tab configure ECM (error	ECM may be enabled (Enabled ECM checkbox) or disabled. It depends on customer requirements.
correction mode).	
	If Enabled:
	<ul> <li>Received Document Encoding set to Group 3 (1d)</li> <li>Terminal Resolution Capacity set to High (200x200)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The general SIP properties are the following</li> <li>Local SIP UDP Port - 5060</li> </ul>
	Local SIP TCP Port - 5060
	Local SIP TLS Port – 5061
• In the Driver properties dialog, select	
the <b>SIP</b> tab. Provide port number under	Print SIP Messages – Disabled
UDP, TCP and TLS.	Wait For DTMF Code Input - Disabled
Driver Properties	
Options FoIP SIP	SIP Security   H.323   Dial Plan   Peer List   Netk
Number of Channels:	

Options FoIP SIP SIP Security H.323 Dial Plan Peer List Netv. • •   Options   Number of Channels:     Log Size (MB): 20   Information Logging Level: Information   Image: Sage Archiving   Archive Retention (in days):   15   Debug   Display Name:   SAGEM-XMEDIUS   FoIP Channel Configuration   Maximum Number Of Channels:   2   *Changes to properties marked with an asterisk will take effect when the service is restarted.   OK   Cancel Picture 5: Example of Driver Configuration (Options tab)	river Properties
Number of Channels:       3         Log Size (MB):       20         Information Logging Level:       Information         Image: Information Image:	Options FoIP SIP SIP Security H.323 Dial Plan Peer List Netv
Log Size (MB):       20         Information Logging Level:       Information         Information Logging Level:       Information         Image: Enable Log Archiving       Image:	Number of Channels:
Information Logging Level: Information  Enable Log Archiving Archive Retention (in days): 15 Debug Display Name: SAGEM-XMEDIUS  FoIP Channel Configuration Maximum Number Of Channels:* 2 Preferred Number Of Channels: 2  *Changes to properties marked with an asterisk will take effect when the service is restarted.  OK Cancel  Picture 5: Example of Driver Configuration (Options tab)	Log Size (MB): 20
Enable Log Archiving Archive Retention (in days): 15 Debug Display Name: SAGEM-XMEDIU5 FoIP Channel Configuration Maximum Number Of Channels:* 2 Preferred Number Of Channels: 2 *Changes to properties marked with an asterisk will take effect when the service is restarted.   OK Cancel   Picture 5: Example of Driver Configuration (Options tab)	Information Logging Level: Information
Archive Retention (in days): 15 Debug Display Name: SAGEM-XMEDIUS FoIP Channel Configuration Maximum Number Of Channels: 2 Preferred Number Of Channels: 2 *Changes to properties marked with an asterisk will take effect when the service is restarted. OK Cancel Picture 5: Example of Driver Configuration (Options tab)	Enable Log Archiving
Debug         Display Name:       SAGEM-XMEDIUS         FoIP Channel Configuration         Maximum Number Of Channels:*       2         Preferred Number Of Channels:       2         *Changes to properties marked with an asterisk will take effect when the service is restarted.         OK       Cancel         Picture 5: Example of Driver Configuration (Options tab)	Archive Retention (in days): 15
Display Name:       SAGEM-XMEDIUS         FoIP Channel Configuration       Maximum Number Of Channels:*         Maximum Number Of Channels:       2         Preferred Number Of Channels:       2         *Changes to properties marked with an asterisk will take effect when the service is restarted.         OK       Cancel         Picture 5: Example of Driver Configuration (Options tab)	Debug
FoIP Channel Configuration         Maximum Number Of Channels:         Preferred Number Of Channels:         2         *Changes to properties marked with an asterisk will take effect when the service is restarted.         OK         OK         Cancel         Picture 5: Example of Driver Configuration (Options tab)	Display Name: SAGEM-XMEDIUS
Maximum Number Of Channels:       2         Preferred Number Of Channels:       2         *Changes to properties marked with an asterisk will take effect when the service is restarted.       OK         OK       Cancel         Picture 5: Example of Driver Configuration (Options tab)	FoIP Channel Configuration
Preferred Number Of Channels: 2  *Changes to properties marked with an asterisk will take effect when the service is restarted.  OK Cancel  Picture 5: Example of Driver Configuration (Options tab)	Maximum Number Of Channels:* 2
*Changes to properties marked with an asterisk will take effect when the service is restarted.           OK         Cancel           Picture 5: Example of Driver Configuration (Options tab)	Preferred Number Of Channels: 2
OK Cancel Picture 5: Example of Driver Configuration (Options tab)	*Changes to properties marked with an asterisk will take effect when the service is restarted.
Picture 5: Example of Driver Configuration (Options tab)	OK Cancel
	Picture 5: Example of Driver Configuration (Options tab)



Picture 6: Example of Driver Configuration (FoIP tab) with Disabled ECM

**Note**: If XmediusFAX is installed in high availability mode driver settings **must** be configured on all nodes visible in hosts list.

T.38 Driver Properties Configuration (Managing a Dial Plan and Peer List) By default, XMediusFAX assumes that all faxes are to be sent through a single gateway. The list SIP gateways (in our case it will be CUCM), called the Peer List, therefore displays the single gateway established when XMediusFAX was installed. The corresponding dial plan indicates that all numbers will use the only gateway available. By using a Peer List, you can manage separately the SIP or H.323 properties to use for each known gateway (or proxy) that communicate with the fax server. System Configuration > Hosts > XMF\_Host\_name > Driver container > Right Mouse Button click on Driver container and select Properties. In the Driver properties dialog, select the Peer List tab. Parameter Name Parameter Value

<ul> <li>Click Add SIP Peer button. Adds a new SIP Peer and allows to configure its properties</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Checkbox Enable Log Archiving must be enabled.</li> <li>Set Archive Retention (in days) to value: 15.</li> <li>P address of CUCM, for example: 6.5.6.1.</li> </ul>	
On <b>General</b> tab of Peer Properties window provide <b>Host Name</b> - The host name of the gateway (or proxy) to be added as a Peer.	S Transport: UDP	

• On General tab of Peer Properties window provide the transport type (UDP, TCP or TLS) to be used by this Peer.	<ul><li> <b>④</b> 5060</li></ul>
<ul> <li>On General tab of Peer Properties window provide the port number of this Peer.</li> <li>On General tab of Delay Before Call Completion, Voice Call Timeout and SIP From Header Details.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Delay Before Call Completion – 1 second</li> <li>Voice Call Timeout – 40 seconds</li> <li>Display name – empty</li> <li>User - \$SenderFax\$</li> <li>Host - \$LocalHostIP\$</li> <li>Outbound Initial Media Offer -Audio</li> <li>CNG - Send CNG using RPT</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>On T.38 tab of Peer Properties window configure Outbound Initial Media Offer and CNG options.</li> </ul>	Delay before Re-INVITE - 2 seconds
<ul> <li>On T.38 tab of Peer Properties window configure Delay before Re-INVITE.</li> <li>On T.38 tab of Peer Properties window configure properties of the T38 redundancy section.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>S LS redundancy (possible range 0-2) – 2 HS redundancy (possible range 0-2) – 1</li> <li>It depends on codec requirements, three supported possibilities by Orange Infrastructure:</li> <li>G.711 A-Law 8 kHz</li> <li>G.711 u-law 8 kHz</li> <li>or G.729 8kHz</li> </ul>
On Codecs tab click Add button to choose codec from Available Codecs list.	



	Deer Properties	X	
	General T.38 Codecs Inbound Modification Table		
	Options		
	Host Name:	172.22.246.33	
	Transport:	UDP 👤	
	Port: 5060		
	Media Type:	T.38 Fax Relay	
	G.711 fallback delay after fax detection (milliseconds):	3500	
	Delay Before Call Completion (seconds):	1	
	Voice Call Timeout (seconds):	40	
	"user" parameter in SIP URI:	phone 💌	
	VIA and CONTACT Headers Host Name Override:		
	V.34 Enabled		
	Use Proxy		
	Host Name:		
	SIP From Header Details		
	Display Name:		
	User:	\$5enderFax\$	
	Host	\$LocalHostIP\$	
	Use Session Timer		
	Minimum Timer (seconds):		
	Minimum Timer (seconds);		
		OK Cancel	
Dicture	7: Example of Driver Configuration	now Poor SIP From Hoodors config	uration
T ICIUIE	. Example of Driver Configuration –	new reer on Tront headers coming	
Peer	Properties		×
Ge	neral T.38 Codecs Inbound Modification Table		
	Options		-11
	Outbound Initial Media Offer: Audio		
	CNG: Send using RTP		
	Delay Before Re-INVITE (seconds): 2		
	Leading T 28 "no circal" Deductor		
	Send 1.38 Re-INVITE (Sending Side)		
	Delay Before Re-INVITE (seconds):		
Г	T38 Redundancy		
	Low Speed Redundancy Depth: 2		
	High Speed Redundancy Depth: 1		
	Picture 8: Example of Driver	Configuration - new Peer	
		0	



	Peer Properties	×	
	General T.38 Codecs Inbound Modificati	General T.38 Codecs Inbound Modification Table	
	Options	Options	
	Supported Codecs	Supported Codecs	
	Supported Codecs Add	Supported Codecs Add	
	G.711 A-Law 8 kHz		
	Move Up	Move Up	
	Move Down	Move Down	
	Properties	Properties	
	If the selected media type is "G.711 Passthro	ough" or "T.38 with Fallback to G.711", at least one G.711 codec	
		: G. / I I will be ighored.	
	Picture 9: Example of Dri	iver Contiguration – new Peer Codec	
lr	In the Driver properties dialog, select the Dial P	lan tab.	
	Parameter Name	Parameter Value	
	Click Add button Drovide number     Add button Drovide number		
	<b>pattern</b> you wish to associate with the	e. You must specify the entire tax number anticipated.	
	list of Peers below. Wild		
		dcards can be entered:	
		<ul> <li>dcards can be entered:</li> <li>The asterisk (*) specifies any number of digits</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>dcards can be entered:</li> <li>The asterisk (*) specifies any number of digits</li> <li>The question mark (?) specifies a single digit.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>dcards can be entered:</li> <li>The asterisk (*) specifies any number of digits</li> <li>The question mark (?) specifies a single digit.</li> </ul>	
	2	<ul> <li>dcards can be entered:</li> <li>The asterisk (*) specifies any number of digits</li> <li>The question mark (?) specifies a single digit.</li> </ul>	
	2 F Pre	<ul> <li>dcards can be entered:</li> <li>The asterisk (*) specifies any number of digits</li> <li>The question mark (?) specifies a single digit.</li> </ul> Peer: 6.5.6.1 ference: 1 (Higher)	
	<b>⊘</b> F Pre	<ul> <li>dcards can be entered:</li> <li>The asterisk (*) specifies any number of digits</li> <li>The question mark (?) specifies a single digit.</li> </ul> Peer: 6.5.6.1 ference: 1 (Higher)	
	2 Forest a Depart to Add to the List	<ul> <li>dcards can be entered:</li> <li>The asterisk (*) specifies any number of digits</li> <li>The question mark (?) specifies a single digit.</li> </ul> Peer: 6.5.6.1 ference: 1 (Higher)	
	<ul> <li>Select a Peer to Add to the List</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>dcards can be entered:</li> <li>The asterisk (*) specifies any number of digits</li> <li>The question mark (?) specifies a single digit.</li> </ul> Peer: 6.5.6.1 ference: 1 (Higher)	
	<ul> <li>Select a Peer to Add to the List Associated with a Number Pattern.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>dcards can be entered:</li> <li>The asterisk (*) specifies any number of digits</li> <li>The question mark (?) specifies a single digit.</li> </ul> Peer: 6.5.6.1 ference: 1 (Higher)	
	<ul> <li>Select a Peer to Add to the List Associated with a Number Pattern.</li> <li>Click Add button to select configured</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>dcards can be entered:</li> <li>The asterisk (*) specifies any number of digits</li> <li>The question mark (?) specifies a single digit.</li> <li>Peer: 6.5.6.1</li> <li>ference: 1 (Higher)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Select a Peer to Add to the List Associated with a Number Pattern. Click Add button to select configured Peer (Orange SBC).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>dcards can be entered:</li> <li>The asterisk (*) specifies any number of digits</li> <li>The question mark (?) specifies a single digit.</li> </ul> Peer: 6.5.6.1 ference: 1 (Higher) Fransport: UDP	
	<ul> <li>Select a Peer to Add to the List Associated with a Number Pattern. Click Add button to select configured Peer (Orange SBC).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>dcards can be entered:</li> <li>The asterisk (*) specifies any number of digits</li> <li>The question mark (?) specifies a single digit.</li> </ul> Peer: 6.5.6.1 ference: 1 (Higher) Transport: UDP	
	<ul> <li>② Ferei</li> <li>③ Select a Peer to Add to the List Associated with a Number Pattern. Click Add button to select configured Peer (Orange SBC).</li> <li>③ On General tab of Peer Properties</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>dcards can be entered:</li> <li>The asterisk (*) specifies any number of digits</li> <li>The question mark (?) specifies a single digit.</li> <li>Peer: 6.5.6.1</li> <li>ference: 1 (Higher)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>② Select a Peer to Add to the List Associated with a Number Pattern. Click Add button to select configured Peer (Orange SBC).</li> <li>③ On General tab of Peer Properties window provide the transport type</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>dcards can be entered:</li> <li>The asterisk (*) specifies any number of digits</li> <li>The question mark (?) specifies a single digit.</li> <li>Peer: 6.5.6.1</li> <li>ference: 1 (Higher)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Select a Peer to Add to the List Associated with a Number Pattern. Click Add button to select configured Peer (Orange SBC).</li> <li>On General tab of Peer Properties window provide the transport type (UDP, TCP or TLS) to be used by this</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>dcards can be entered:</li> <li>The asterisk (*) specifies any number of digits</li> <li>The question mark (?) specifies a single digit.</li> <li>Peer: 6.5.6.1</li> <li>ference: 1 (Higher)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Select a Peer to Add to the List Associated with a Number Pattern. Click Add button to select configured Peer (Orange SBC).</li> <li>On General tab of Peer Properties window provide the transport type (UDP, TCP or TLS) to be used by this Deer</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>dcards can be entered:</li> <li>The asterisk (*) specifies any number of digits</li> <li>The question mark (?) specifies a single digit.</li> <li>Peer: 6.5.6.1</li> <li>ference: 1 (Higher)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Select a Peer to Add to the List Associated with a Number Pattern. Click Add button to select configured Peer (Orange SBC).</li> <li>On General tab of Peer Properties window provide the transport type (UDP, TCP or TLS) to be used by this Peer.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>dcards can be entered:</li> <li>The asterisk (*) specifies any number of digits</li> <li>The question mark (?) specifies a single digit.</li> <li>Peer: 6.5.6.1</li> <li>ference: 1 (Higher)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Select a Peer to Add to the List Associated with a Number Pattern. Click Add button to select configured Peer (Orange SBC).</li> <li>On General tab of Peer Properties window provide the transport type (UDP, TCP or TLS) to be used by this Peer.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>and a manufactor of the online factor and applied.</li> <li>The asterisk (*) specifies any number of digits</li> <li>The question mark (?) specifies a single digit.</li> <li>Peer: 6.5.6.1</li> <li>ference: 1 (Higher)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>② Select a Peer to Add to the List Associated with a Number Pattern. Click Add button to select configured Peer (Orange SBC).</li> <li>③ On General tab of Peer Properties window provide the transport type (UDP, TCP or TLS) to be used by this Peer.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>dcards can be entered:</li> <li>The asterisk (*) specifies any number of digits</li> <li>The question mark (?) specifies a single digit.</li> <li>Peer: 6.5.6.1</li> <li>ference: 1 (Higher)</li> </ul>	



Driver Properties	
Options FoIP SIP SIP SEcurity H.323 Dial Plan Peer List Netv ()	
Dial Plan	
Dial Plan	
Number Pattern Peers Add	
00* 172.22.246.33, 172	
Number Pattern Properties	
Dial Plan	
Number Pattern: 00*	
Press	
Peers	
Peer Preference Add	
172.22.240.33 1 (Higher) 172.22.246.73 2 Remove	
Properties	
OK Cancel	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Picture 10: Example of Driver Configuration – Dial Plan configuration

**Note**: If XmediusFAX is installed in high availability mode driver settings **must** be configured on all nodes visible in hosts list.

# Incoming routing table (System Configuration)

XMediusFax > System Configuration > Hosts > Incoming Routing Table

In the MMC Snap-in, select the **Incoming Routing Table** node and then click **Add**. The **Routing Table Entry Properties** dialog appears

Parameter Name	Parameter Value
• Enter a valid DNIS/DID number in the	<b>0</b> 3580000
Lower Bound field.	
Enter a valid DNIS/DID number in the Upper Bound field.	<b>2</b> 3580099
	Note: The Lower Bound and Upper Bound values must
	have the same amount of digits and the <b>Upper Bound</b> value must be higher than the <b>Lower Bound</b> value.
	● Site : Sagem



Select the site to which you want to associate these values, from the list in the <b>Site</b> field.	OSID : sagem
Enter the site Call Station ID in the CSID field.	

# 12.3.1 CUCM Configuration

This section describes the steps necessary to take on CUCM in order to integrate it with Sagem Xmedius Fax server.

#### 12.3.1.1 SIP Trunk Configuration

Go to Device -> Trunk and click Add New. On next page, select following options:

- Trunk Type: SIP Trunk
- Device Protocol: SIP
- Trunk Service Type: None (Default)

Click Next. In next window, configure following options:

Device Information	
Product:	SIP Trunk
Device Protocol:	SIP
Trunk Service Type	None(Default)
Device Name*	TRK-Xmedius
Description	TRK-Xmedius
Device Pool*	HQ v
Common Device Configuration	< None > V
Call Classification*	Use System Default 🗸 🗸
Media Resource Group List	HQ506_MRGL_mtp_all_cfb_xcode <
Location*	HQ ~

- SID Information					
Destination					
Destination Address is an SRV					
Destination Ad	aress	Destinatio	on Add	dress IPv6	Destination Port
1 6.3.58.1					5060
MTP Preferred Originating Codec*	711ulav		$\sim$		
BLF Presence Group*	Standar	d Presence group	$\sim$		
SIP Trunk Security Profile*	Non Secure SIP Trunk Profile		$\sim$	1	
Rerouting Calling Search Space	< None	>	$\sim$	•	
Out-Of-Dialog Refer Calling Search Space	< None	>	$\sim$		
SUBSCRIBE Calling Search Space	< None	>	$\sim$	_	
SIP Profile*	Standar	d SIP Profile with PRACKs,EO,send-recv	~	View Details	
DTMF Signaling Method*	No Pref	rence	$\sim$		

Setting	Value	Description
Device Name	TRK-Xmedius	Name of SIP Trunk
Device Pool	HQ	Device Pool, to which this SIP Trunk belongs
Media Resource Group List	MRGL_MTP_XCODE	Select MRGL which has MTPs, transcoders and other standard media resources.
Destination Address	IP Address of Sagem Xmedius	Specify the IP address of Sagem Xmedius Fax server
Destination Port	5060	Specify the port, which will be used for communication, 5060 is default one.
SIP Trunk Security Profile	Non-Secure SIP Trunk Profile	Standard, built-in SIP Trunk Security Profile.
SIP Profile	Standard SIP Profile with PRACKs, EO, send-recv	Standard SIP Profile.
DTMF Signalling Method	No Preference	Chooses any compliant method of DTMF signals transport.

Select Save - this finishes configuration of SIP Trunk.

## 12.3.1.2 Route Pattern Configuration

In order to have calls routed to Sagem Xmedius, we need to configure the dial-plan element which will allow this. Go to Call Routing -> Route/Hunt > Route Pattern. Click Add New button and configure following options:



Pattern Definition				
Route Pattern*		3580001		
Route Partition		< None > V		
Description		Xmedius		
Numbering Plan		Not Selected V		
Route Filter		< None > V		
MLPP Precedence*		Default ~		
Apply Call Blocking Percentage				
Resource Priority Namespace Network Domain		< None > V		
Route Class*		Default 🗸		
	Gateway/Route List*	RL-Xmedius 🗸	(Edit)	
Route Option		Route this pattern		
		○ Block this pattern No Error ✓		
	Call Classification* OnNet	~		
1				

#### Called Party Transformations

Discard Digits	< None >	
Called Party Transform Mask	463000X	
Prefix Digits (Outgoing Calls)		
Called Party Number Type*	Cisco CallManager	-
Called Party Numbering Plan*	Cisco CallManager	•

Setting	Value	Description
Route Pattern	Depends on deployment Here: 3580001	Dialed number that will be directed to Sagem Xmedius fax server.
Called Party Transform Mask	Depends on deployment Here: 463000X	Called number to which originally dialed number will be transformed to. Can be left blank if no change required.

# **Confirmation tests**

## 12.4 Validation overview

The complete FAX gateway/endpoint validation consists of

- Functional tests mix of tests using G3 and Super G3 machines in both directions. Engineering confirms overall page transmission quality (visual comparison) and technical aspects like T38 profile, transmission speed, T30 negotiation and fallback to G3.
- 2. Statistical tests stress tests of device. FaxLab application connected to ChannelTrap simulators repeats fax calls many times to confirm device stability in longer period of time.

# Business

# 12.5 Validation

orang

# 12.5.1 Functional

It is a list of incoming and outgoing FAX calls going through **Business Talk** infrastructure. Following tests should be done using **non empty page** (full text or simple image).

Test Distribution				
Direction	Gateway	PSTN Fax		
Incoming	G3	G3		
Outgoing	G3	G3		
Incoming	SG3	G3		
Outgoing	SG3	G3		
Incoming	G3	SG3		
Outgoing	G3	SG3		
Incoming	SG3	SG3		
Outgoing	SG3	SG3		

# 12.5.2 Statistical

Statistical tests have been done to confirm live implementation stability. Statistical session as described in following table:

Type of calls		Number of pages
Fax type	Direction	10p
G3	Incoming	100x
	Outgoing	100x
SG3	Incoming	100x
	Outgoing	100x