

Business Talk & BTIP for Avaya AURA

version addressed in this guide: 8.1 and 10.1

Information included in this document is dedicated to customer equipment (IPBX, TOIP ecosystems) connection to Business Talk IP service: it shall not be used for other goals or in another context.

Document Version

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2 Goal of this document

The aim of this document is to list technical requirements to ensure the interoperability between Avaya AURA IPBX with OBS service Business Talk IP SIP, hereafter so-called "service".



3 Architectures

3.1 Introduction to architecture components and features

This document describes "only" the main supported architectures either strictly used by our customers or that are used as reference to add specific usages often required in enterprise context (specific ecosystems, redundancy, multi-codec and/or transcoding, recording...)

Concerning the fax support, Business talk and BTIP support the following usage:

- fax servers connected to the IPBX* -and sharing same dial plan-, or as sperate ecosystems -and separate dial plan-
- analog fax machines, usually connected on specific gateways* (seen as IPBX ecosystem or not)

Fax flows are handled via T.38 transport only through BTIP and Business Talk. Note: Fax communications via Business Talk (International) will still be allowed but will no longer be officially supported by the Orange support teams from April 2023 for new customer implementations.

*Warning! Fax transport with Avaya Aura and associated G430/450 gateways is NOT fully supported. Fax transmissions MAY fail depending on the termination carrier.

Concerning the Quality of Service, Business VPN and BTIP/Btalk networks trust the DSCP (Differenciated Services Code Point) values sent by customer voice equipment. That's why Orange strongly recommends to set the IPBX, IP phones and other voice applications with a DiffServ/TOS value** = 46 (or PHB value = EF) at least for media.

**cf QoS parameters in the:

ACM Configuration Checklist → "Network Regions: DIFFSERV/TOS PARAMETERS: Call Control PHB Value / Audio PHB Value" **Note: H.323 phone** series 9600 uses DSCP values for signaling an media from a network region the phone is within.

SM Configuration Checklist → "Session Manager / Device and Location / Device Settings Group". **Note: SIP softphone** (Equinox and Workplace) uses DSCP values for signaling and media set on SM through SMGR. Softphone must be installed with a special parameter to activate DSCP.

ASBCE Configuration Checklist → "Domain Policies / Media Rules" and "Domain Policies / Signaling Rules" sections.

46xxsettings.txt file Configuration Checklist → "SET DSCPAUD / SET DSCPSIG". **Note: SIP phone** series 9600 and J.100 and Vantage K.100 uses DSCP values for signaling and media set on 46xxsettings.txt file.

'BTIP DROM' architectures are now supported. Dedicated aSBC pairs have been installed in Caribbean and Indian Ocean zones for local calls. For a trunking point of view, the mechanism is similar to 'BTIP out of France', the IPBX must support international dial plans and route local calls to the dedicated aSBC pair.

3.2 Supported architecture components

The IP Telephony Avaya Aura has been validated on Business Talk IP / Business Talk with the following architecture components :

- Avaya Aura Communiaction Manager (ACM)
- Avaya Aura Session Manager (ASM)
- Avaya Aura System Manager (SMGR)



- Voice Mails : Avaya Aura Messaging (AAM)
- Avaya Aura Session Border Controller for Enterprise (ASBCE)

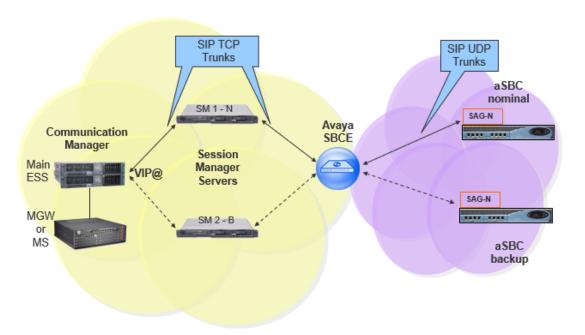
3.3 Architecture: ACM + SM + ASBCE

This solution consists of a G430/G450 gateways or Media Servers and a call controlling server configured as a Processor Ethernet.

On a Session Manager (SM), Avaya Communication Manager (ACM) will be considered as a single SIP entity. SIP entity towards ACM will be configured as a single IP address representing Processor Ethernet. SIP entity towards Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise (ASBCE) will be configured as a single IP address representing internal ASBCE IP address. ASBCE is used as an intermediate point between SM located in customer's site and Acme Session Border Controller (SBC) in Business Talk / Business Talk IP. SBCs are in Nominal/Backup mode (there is no load balancing and one is being the alternate destination of the other).

Avaya architecture with BT/BTIP SIP trunk

Processor Ethernet architecture (ACM Main/ESS + SM + ASBCE)

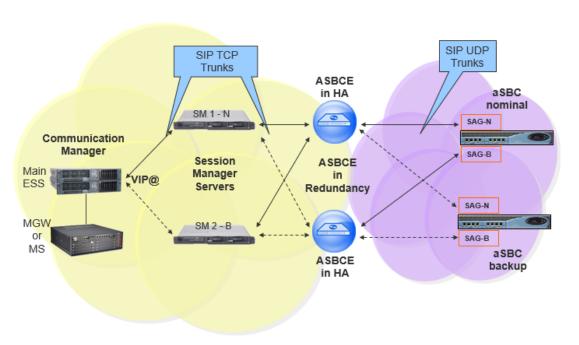


When the Survivable Core Server (ESS) is implemented in the architecture and the communication to the Primary Controller (main ACM server) is lost then all the IP telephones and Media Gateways and Media Servers register to a Survivable Core Server (ESS).



ASBCE architecture in High Availability and Redundancy

Processor Ethernet architecture (ACM Main/ESS + SM + ASBCE)

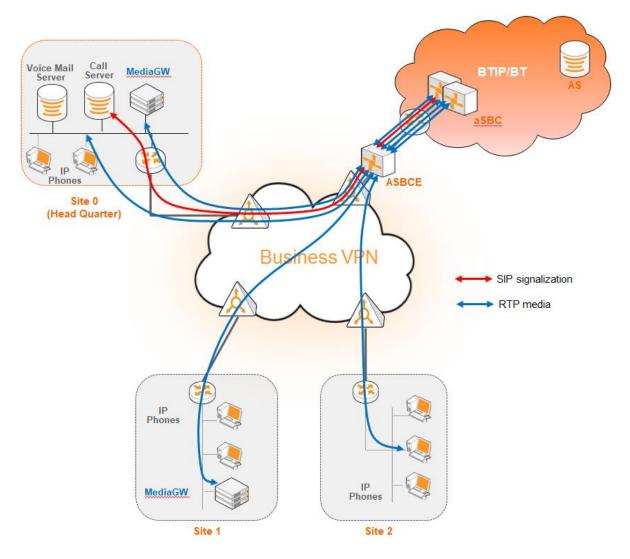


ASBCE in Redundancy mode deployment (Geographic-redundant deployment) is a multiple ASBCE deployment. ASBCE in redundancy can be deployed in the HA (High Availability) or non-HA mode. ASBCEs in redundancy are available at the same time and the calls can be routed over them depending on the dialplan on ACM/SM or AS (Application Server).

Call Admission Control analysis

Here below is a table with a Call Admission Control analysis, for the architecture with ASBCE.







		Nb of Voice channels/media resources and bandwidth used on :						
	Call scenario	Media Gateway Voice Channels	Bandwidth G.711A on BT/BTIP G.711MU on BT	Bandwidth G.729 on BT/BTIP				
	1 BTIP offnet call from/to site 1 (1)	0 in site 0 0 in site 1 0 in site 2	0kbit/s in site 0 86kbit/s in site 1 0kbit/s in site 2	0kbit/s in site 0 30kbit/s in site 1 0kbit/s in site 2				
	1 onnet call from site 1 to site 2 (1)	0 in site 0 0 in site 1 0 in site 2	0kbit/s in site 0 86kbit/s in site 1 86kbit/s in site 2	0kbit/s in site 0 30kbit/s in site 1 30kbit/s in site 2				
Basic calls	1 onnet call from site 2 to site 1 through BTIP ("forced-onnet")	0 in site 0 0 in site 1 0 in site 2	0kbit/s in site 0 86kbit/s in site 1 86kbit/s in site 2	0kbit/s in site 0 30kbit/s in site 1 30kbit/s in site 2				
	1 BTIP offnet call to IVR	1 in site 0 0 in site 1 0 in site 2	86kbit/s in site 0 0kbit/s in site 1 0kbit/s in site 2	30kbit/s in site 0 0kbit/s in site 1 0kbit/s in site 2				
	1 BTIP offnet call from/to site 1 with put on hold	0 in site 0 1 in site 1 0 in site 2	0kbit/s in site 0 86kbit/s in site 1 0kbit/s in site 2	0kbit/s in site 0 30kbit/s in site 1 0kbit/s in site 2				
	1 BTIP offnet call from/to site 1 with put on hold + 1 onnet call to site 2	0 in site 0 1 in site 1 0 in site 2	0kbit/s in site 0 172kbit/s in site 1 86kbit/s in site 2	0kbit/s in site 0 60kbit/s in site 1 30kbit/s in site 2				
Transfers	1 BTIP offnet call from/to site 1 after transfer to site 2	0 in site 0 0 in site 1 0 in site 2	0kbit/s in site 0 0kbit/s in site 1 86kbit/s in site 2	0kbit/s in site 0 0kbit/s in site 1 30kbit/s in site 2				
Hallsters	1 BTIP offnet call from/to site 1 with put on hold + 1 offnet call to BTIP	0 in site 0 1 in site 1 0 in site 2	0kbit/s in site 0 172kbit/s in site 1 0kbit/s in site 2	0kbit/s in site 0 60kbit/s in site 1 0kbit/s in site 2				
	1 BTIP offnet call from/to site 1 after transfer to BTIP	0 in site 0 0 in site 1 0 in site 2	0kbit/s in site 0 0kbit/s in site 1 0kbit/s in site 2	0kbit/s in site 0 0kbit/s in site 1 0kbit/s in site 2				
	1 BTIP offnet call to site 1 forwarded to Voicemail	0 in site 0 0 in site 1 0 in site 2	86kbit/s in site 0 0kbit/s in site 1 0kbit/s in site 2	30kbit/s in site 0 0kbit/s in site 1 0kbit/s in site 2				
Forwards	1 BTIP offnet call to site 1 forwarded to site 2	0 in site 0 0 in site 1 0 in site 2	0kbit/s in site 0 0kbit/s in site 1 86kbit/s in site 2	0kbit/s in site 0 0kbit/s in site 1 30kbit/s in site 2				
	1 BTIP offnet call to site 1 forwarded to BTIP	0 in site 0 0 in site 1 0 in site 2	0kbit/s in site 0 0kbit/s in site 1 0kbit/s in site 2	Okbit/s in site 0 Okbit/s in site 1 Okbit/s in site 2				

(1) sites 0 & 1 with IP phones and media resources, site 2 with IP phones only



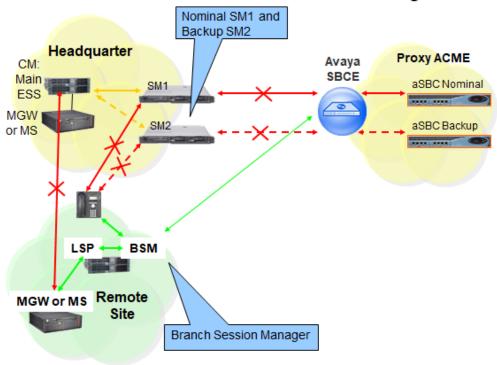
3.4 Architecture: Survivability in Remote Site with ASBCE

Below architecture shows multisite environment: Headquarter with BT/BTIP SIP trunk and Remote Site controlled by this HQ. In case there is a WAN failure between Remote Site and Headquarter:

- Branch Session Manager (also called Survivable Remote Session Manager) provides a SIP survivability solution and service to SIP users in Remote Site
- Local Survivable Processor (also called Survivable Remote Server) is a survivable processor for the Remote Site Media Gateway/Media Server. LSP provides telephony features to SIP users via application sequencing.
- Remote Site Media Gateway/Media Server provides media services such as conferencing, tones and announcements.

3.4.1 LSP and BSM in Remote Site and ASBCE

Local Survivable Processor and Branch Session Manager + ASBCE



When communication from Remote Site to the Primary Controller (main ACM server) and Survivable Core Server (ESS) is lost then the Remote Site's IP telephones and Media Gateways and Media Servers register to the Survivable Remote Server (LSP) and SIP telephones register to the Branch Session Manager (BSM).



3.4.2 Media unanchoring on ASBCE

It is a feature available on Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise. Unanchoring media benefits in:

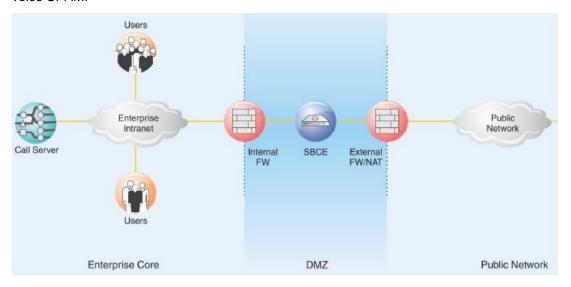
- Reducing media (RTP) delay as the direct media (RTP) is passing by ASBCE.
- Media (RTP) is decentralized resulting in bandwidth saving on Headquarter site as the media (RTP) flow to/from Remote Site call over VISIT SIP trunk is passing by the ASBCE placed in Headquarter.
- Reducing resource consumption on ASBCE as the only signaling messages are going through ASBCE.
- 3.5 Business Talk over Internet(BTol) / Business Talk IP over Internet(BTIPol). Architecture overview for TLS and SRTP over SIP Trunk.

Note: To avoid any security risk the clients should always install on ASBCE the latest mandatory patch/hotfix released by the Avaya vendor.

The two-wire topology, also referred to as inline, is the simplest and most basic deployment of the ASBCE.

Avaya SBCE is positioned at the edge of the network in the DMZ. Avaya SBCE is directly inline with the call servers, and protects the enterprise network against all inadvertent and malicious intrusions and attacks.

In this configuration, the Avaya SBCE performs border access control functionality such as internal and external Firewall or Network Address Translation (FW/NAT) traversal, access management and control. These functions are based on domain policies that the user can configure, and intrusion functionality to protect against DoS, spoofing, stealth attacks, and voice SPAM.



The two-wire Avaya SBCE deployment enables TLS encryption of the signaling traffic and SRTP encryption of the media traffic carried over public internet between ASBCE and Orange A-SBC.

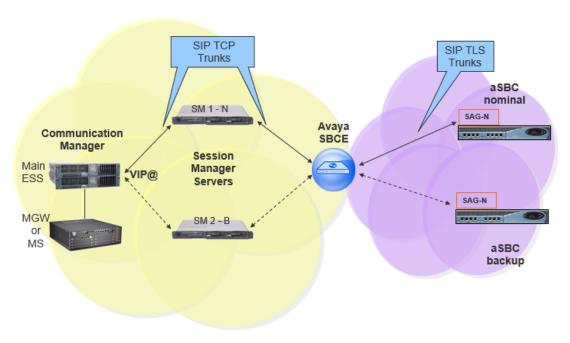


An X.509 v3 public key certificate is used to identify the Avaya SBCE when performing a TLS handshake for incoming and outgoing connections.

Media must be anchored on ASBCE to perform media transcoding between internal RTP and external SRTP.

Avaya architecture with BTol/BTIPol SIP trunk

Processor Ethernet architecture (ACM Main/ESS + SM + ASBCE)



3.5.1 Prerequisites

In order to establish the connection with public interface of A-SBC, several preliminary configuration steps have to be performed. These involve the following:

- · Public IP address assignment
- Public DNS record
- Firewall updates
- Certificate updates
- TLS v1.2 cypher suites compliance
- SRTP encryption
- Supported codecs on BTIPol/BTol

3.5.2 Public IP address assignment

The certified solution is using a public IP address directly configured on ASBCE interface placed within DMZ. It is possible to use NAT address translation since public IP addresses can be limited, however this is not part of standard configuration and require additional modifications to be included on ASBCE. Such setup would require a study and validation on customer's request.



3.5.3 Public DNS record

Orange A-SBC can be reached via Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) type SRV or type A deployed on public DNS. Customer premise ASBCE requires a record on public DNS that enables to reach it using FQDN via public internet. BTIPol can be reached using FQDN only, whereas BTol can be reached either via public IP address or FQDN.

- BTIPol supports type SRV & type A for DNS resolution and do not support direct public IP connections.
- BTol supports both public IP and type A for DNS resolution and do not provide any type SRV record connections.

3.5.4 Firewall updates

Firewalls in the way of traffic between ASBCE and A-SBC have to be updated in order to open required ports. BToI and BTIPoI vary concerning the UDP port range.

The media UDP port ranges required by **Orange BTIPol SIP Trunk** is **6000-38000** and for **Orange BTol SIP Trunk** is **6000-20000**.

BTIPol/BTol port matrix								
Source device	Source ports	Destination device	Destination ports	Purpose				
ASBCE public @IP	Defined Signaling port range on ASBCE: Network & Flows -> Advanced Options e.g. TCP 51001-55000 Depending on customer context or needs.	A-SBC public TCP 5061		ASBCE: & Flows -> d Options P 51001-55000 ng on customer A-SBC TCP 5061		TLS SIP signaling		
A-SBC public @IP	TCP Any	ASBCE public @IP	TCP 5061					
ASBCE public @IP	BTIPol: UDP 6000- 38000 BTol: UDP 6000- 20000	A-SBC public @IP	BTIPol: UDP 6000-38000 BTol: UDP 6000-20000	SRTP				
A-SBC public @IP	BTIPol: UDP 6000- 38000 BTol: UDP 6000- 20000	ASBCE public @IP	BTIPol: UDP 6000-38000 BTol: UDP 6000-20000	media				

3.5.5 Certificate updates

In order to ensure the security of traffic, public root & intermediate certificates need to be exchanged between ASBCE and Orange A-SBC. ASBCE would require an identity certificate signed by a public root CA certificate (including any intermediate certificates in the path). The customer should send public Root & Intermediate certificates which signed ASBCE identity certificate to OBS to be uploaded on Orange A-SBC in case of using a different Public Certificate Authority on their side. This is described in details in following chapters of ASBCE secure configuration.

In case of different public Root & intermediate certificates used by Orange (Digicert) Customer should retrieve ours which signed Orange A-SBC's certificates and upload them to ASBCE. This is described in detail in following chapters of ASBCE secure configuration.



3.5.6 TLS v1.2 cipher suites compliance

The following cipher suites are supported by Orange SBC for TLS 1.2. Compliant cypher suites with Orange SBC are marked in bold.

- TLS ECDHE RSA WITH AES 256 GCM SHA384 (0xc030)
- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 (0xc02f)
- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384 (0xc028)
- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 (0xc027)
- TLS DHE RSA WITH AES 128 GCM SHA256 (0x009e)
- TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 (0x009f)
- TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 (0x0067)
- TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256 (0x006b)

Cipher suites supported by ASBCE version 8.1.2 hotfix1 and 10.1 hotfix 1 for TLS 1.2 are listed below. Compliant cipher suites with Orange SBC are marked in bold. At least one ASBCE cipher suite must be compliant with BTol/BTIPol to work.

- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 (0xc030)
- TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 (0xc02c)
- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384 (0xc028)
- TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384 (0xc024)
- TLS ECDHE RSA WITH AES 256 CBC SHA (0xc014)
- TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA (0xc00a)
- TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 (0xc032)
- TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 (0xc02e)
- TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384 (0xc02a)
- TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384 (0xc026)
- TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA (0xc00f)
- TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA (0xc005)
- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 (0x009d)
- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256 (0x003d)
- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA (0x0035)
- TLS_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA (0x0084)
- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 (0xc02f)
- TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 (0xc02b)
- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 (0xc027)
- TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 (0xc023)
- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA (0xc013)
- TLS ECDHE ECDSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA (0xc009)
- TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 (0xc031)
- TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 (0xc02d)
- TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 (0xc029)
- TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 (0xc025)
- TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA (0xc00e)
- TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA (0xc004)
- TLS RSA WITH AES 128 GCM SHA256 (0x009c)
- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 (0x003c)
- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA (0x002f)
- TLS_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA (0x0041)

ASBCE and A-SBC will negotiate the most secure matched cipher suite (TLS ECDHE RSA WITH AES 256 GCM SHA384) to establish TLS connection.



Note: The Avaya "ASBCE encryption license" is required to activate TLS on ASBCE SIP trunk.

3.5.7 SRTP encryption on BTIPol/BTol

Media encryption preferred format: AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_80

Note: The Avaya "ASBCE encryption license" is required to activate SRTP (media encryption) on ASBCE SIP trunk.

3.5.8 Supported codecs on BTIPol/BTol

Supported codec is G.711A (20ms) for BTIPol and BTol.

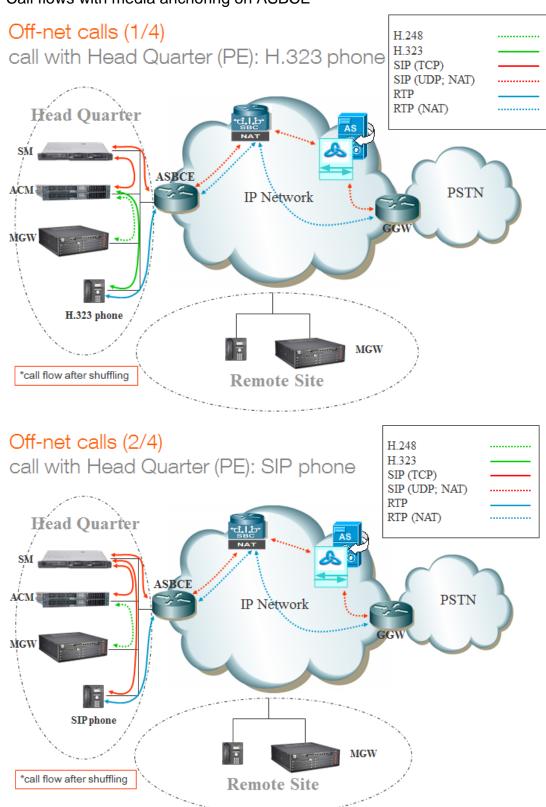
G.711u (20ms) can be requested on specific case for BTol.

Enable appropriate codec on ACM (Avaya Communication Manager).

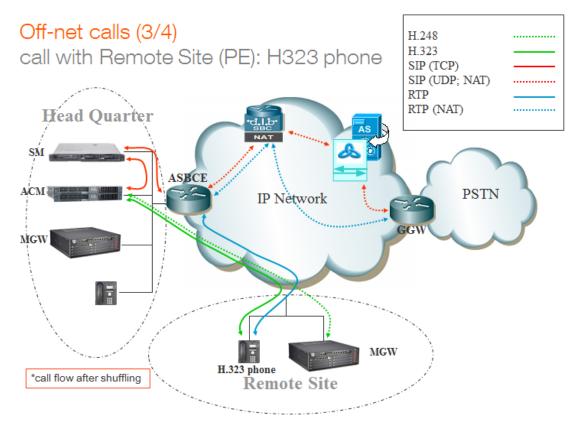


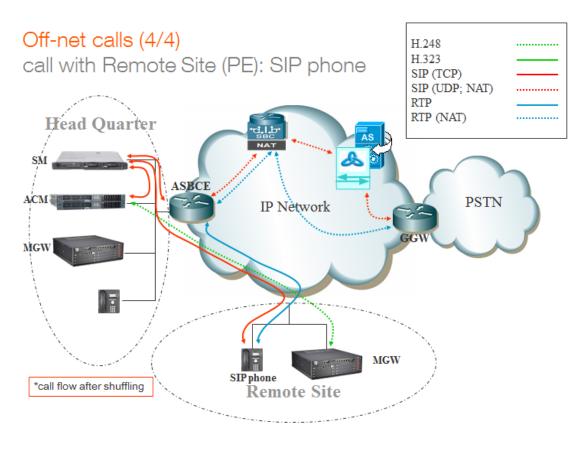
4 Call Flows

4.1 Call flows with media anchoring on ASBCE











4.2 Call flows with media bypass

*call flow after shuffling

Off-net call with media unanchoring on ASBCE
call with Head Quarter (PE): SIP phone
Media bypass ASBCE

Head Quarter

Head Quarter

ASBCE

IP Network

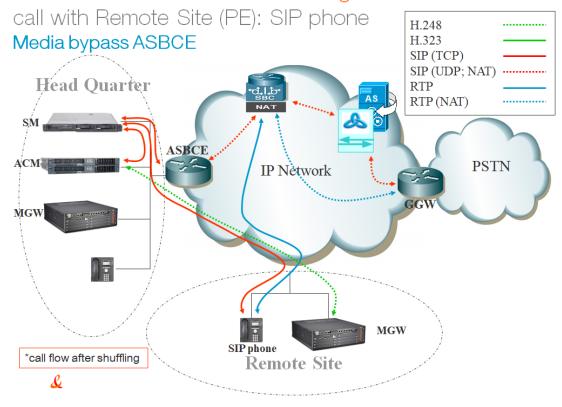
PSTN

ASBCE

RIP phone

RIP (NAT)







5 Integration Model

IP addresses marked in red have to be indicated by the Customer, depending on Customer architecture scenario.

Integration model applicable to Avaya Aura + ASBCE with: BT/BTIP (ASBCE IP@)

			AS		
Head Quarter (HQ)	Level of Service	SAG Nominal	SAG Backup	Associated T1T7	Site Access
ACM + Single Session Manager (SM)	No redundancy	ASBCE IP@	N/A	T1T7 HQ	T1T7 HQ
ACM + ESS + 2 Session Managers warning: - Site access capacity to be sized adequately on the site carrying the 2nd SM in case both SMs are based on different sites	- ACM redundancy by ESS server in Head Quarter - Local redundancy if both Session Managers (SM) are hosted by the same site OR - Geographical redundancy if each SM is hosted by 2 different sites (SM1 + SM2) - Both SMs must be in the same region	ASBCE1 IP@	ASBCE2 IP@	T1T7 HQ	T1T7 HQ

Remote Site (RS)			AS		
architecture**	Level of Service	SAG Nominal	SAG Backup	SAG Nominal	SAG Backup
Remote site without survivability	No survivability, no trunk redundancy	ASBCE IP@	N/A	T1T7 HQ	T1T7 HQ
LSP	Local site survivability and trunk redundancy via PSTN only	N/A	N/A	T1T7 RS	T1T7 RS
Branch Session Manager	Local site survivability and SIP trunk redundancy	ASBCE IP@	N/A	T1T7 RS	T1T7 RS

All architectures with		a-SBC		AS	a-SBC
ASBCE	Level of Service	SAG Nominal	SAG Backup	SAG Nominal	SAG Backup
Single ASBCE	No redundancy	ASBCE IP@	N/A	T1T7 HQ	T1T7 HQ
ASBCE in High Availability: a pair of ASBCE consisting of one SBCE server acting as primary (active) and another one server acting as secondary (standby). Both SBCE servers share the same IP@ (ASBCE VIP@).	Local vendor redundancy with nominal/backup behavior. The 2 SBCE servers can be located on two different geographic sites but Layer 2 connection between servers 150 ms max round Trip is required. Loss of audio for all active calls on primary SBCE by only 1 second when it fails and its connection with the secondary ASBCE server is up. Loss of audio for all active calls on primary SBCE by 15 seconds when it fails and its connection with the secondary ASBCE server is down.	ASBCE VIP@	N/A	T1T7 HQ	T1T7 HQ
Multiple ASBCE: two ASBCE (ASBCE1 and ASBCE2) in Nominal/Backup mode on vendor side.	Local vendor redundancy with nominal/backup behavior. Both ASBCE are hosted on the same site. Nominal/Backup mode on Orange a-SBC side for incoming trafic to the customer ASBCE. Loss of active calls handled by the ASBCE that fails. Geographical vendor redundancy with nominal/backup behavior. The two ASBCE are hosted on 2 different	ASBCE1 IP@	ASBCE2 IP@	T1T7 HQ	T1T7 HQ



	geographic sites. Nominal/Backup mode on Orange a-SBC side for incoming trafic to the customer ASBCE. Loss of active calls handled by the ASBCE that fails.				
Multiple ASBCE in High Availability: two ASBCE pairs in High Availabity and in Nominal/Backup mode on vendor side. One ASBCE1 pair (2 ASBCE servers) with shared ASBCE1 VIP@ and one ASBCE2 pair (2 ASBCE servers) with shared ASBCE2 VIP@).	Local/geographical redundancy. The two ASBCE pairs are hosted on the same site or on 2 different geographic sites. Nominal/Backup mode on Orange a-SBC side for incoming trafic to the customer ASBCE pairs. If a full ASBCE pair fails, active calls are lost. Loss of audio for all active calls on primary SBCE of a pair by only 1 second when it fails and its connection with the secondary ASBCE server is up. Loss of audio for all active calls on primary SBCE of a pair by 15 seconds when it fails and its connection with the secondary ASBCE server is down.	ASBCE1 VIP@	ASBCE2 VIP@	T1T7 HQ	T1T7 HQ

Integration model applicable to Avaya Aura + ASBCE with: BT over Internet (ASBCE public IP@ or public FQDN type A)

		a-SBC			AS
Head Quarter (HQ)	Level of Service	SAG Nominal	SAG Backup	Associated T1T7	Site Access
ACM + Single Session Manager (SM)	No redundancy	ASBCE public IP@ or public FQDN type A	N/A	T1T7 HQ	T1T7 HQ
ACM + ESS + 2 Session Managers warning: - Site access capacity to be sized adequately on the site carrying the 2nd SM in case both SMs are based on different sites	- ACM redundancy by ESS server in Head Quarter - Local redundancy if both Session Managers (SM) are hosted by the same site OR - Geographical redundancy if each SM is hosted by 2 different sites (SM1 + SM2) - Both SMs must be in the same region	ASBCE1 public IP@ or public FQDN type A	ASBCE2 public IP@ or public FQDN type A	T1T7 HQ	T1T7 HQ

Remote Site (RS)		a-SBC			AS
architecture**	Level of Service	SAG Nominal	SAG Backup	SAG Nominal	SAG Backup
Remote site without survivability	No survivability, no trunk redundancy	ASBCE public IP@ or public FQDN type A	N/A	T1T7 HQ	T1T7 HQ
LSP	Local site survivability and trunk redundancy via PSTN only	N/A	N/A	T1T7 RS	T1T7 RS
Branch Session Manager	Local site survivability and SIP trunk redundancy	ASBCE public IP@ or public FQDN type A	N/A	T1T7 RS	T1T7 RS

All architectures with	Level of Service	a-SBC	AS	a-SBC
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ASBCE		SAG Nominal	SAG Backup	SAG Nominal	SAG Backup
Single ASBCE	No redundancy	ASBCE public IP@ or public FQDN type A	N/A	T1T7 HQ	T1T7 HQ
ASBCE in High Availability: a pair of ASBCE consisting of one SBCE server acting as primary (active) and another one server acting as secondary (standby). Both SBCE servers share the same IP@ (ASBCE VIP@).	Local vendor redundancy with nominal/backup behavior. The 2 SBCE servers can be located on two different geographic sites but Layer 2 connection between servers 150 ms max round Trip is required. Loss of audio for all active calls on primary SBCE by only 1 second when it fails and its connection with the secondary ASBCE server is up. Loss of audio for all active calls on primary SBCE by 15 seconds when it fails and its connection with the secondary ASBCE server is down.	ASBCE public IP@ or public FQDN type A	N/A	T1T7 HQ	T1T7 HQ
Multiple ASBCE: two ASBCE (ASBCE1 and ASBCE2) in Nominal/Backup mode on vendor side.	Local vendor redundancy with nominal/backup behavior. Both ASBCE are hosted on the same site. Nominal/Backup mode on Orange a-SBC side for incoming trafic to the customer ASBCE. Loss of active calls handled by the ASBCE that fails. Geographical vendor redundancy with nominal/backup behavior. The two ASBCE are hosted on 2 different geographic sites. Nominal/Backup mode on Orange a-SBC side for incoming trafic to the customer ASBCE. Loss of active calls handled by the ASBCE that fails.	ASBCE1 public IP@ or public FQDN type A	ASBCE2 public IP@ or public FQDN type A	T1T7 HQ	T1T7 HQ
Multiple ASBCE in High Availability: two ASBCE pairs in High Availabity and in Nominal/Backup mode on vendor side. One ASBCE1 pair (2 ASBCE servers) with shared ASBCE1 VIP@ and one ASBCE2 pair (2 ASBCE servers) with shared ASBCE2 VIP@).	Local/geographical redundancy. The two ASBCE pairs are hosted on the same site or on 2 different geographic sites. Nominal/Backup mode on Orange a-SBC side for incoming trafic to the customer ASBCE pairs. If a full ASBCE pair fails, active calls are lost. Loss of audio for all active calls on primary SBCE of a pair by only 1 second when it fails and its connection with the secondary ASBCE server is up. Loss of audio for all active calls on primary SBCE of a pair by 15 seconds when it fails and its connection with the secondary ASBCE server is down.	ASBCE1 public IP@ or public FQDN type A	ASBCE2 public IP@ or public FQDN type A	T1T7 HQ	T1T7 HQ

Integration model applicable to Avaya Aura + ASBCE with: BTIP over Internet (ASBCE public FQDN type SRV or type A)



		a-SBC			AS
Head Quarter (HQ)	Level of Service	SAG Nominal	SAG Backup	Associated T1T7	Site Access
ACM + Single Session Manager (SM)	No redundancy	ASBCE public FQDN type SRV or type A	N/A	T1T7 HQ	T1T7 HQ
ACM + ESS + 2 Session Managers warning: - Site access capacity to be sized adequately on the site carrying the 2nd SM in case both SMs are based on different sites	- ACM redundancy by ESS server in Head Quarter - Local redundancy if both Session Managers (SM) are hosted by the same site OR - Geographical redundancy if each SM is hosted by 2 different sites (SM1 + SM2) - Both SMs must be in the same region	ASBCE1 public FQDN type SRV or type A	ASBCE2 public FQDN type SRV or type A	T1T7 HQ	T1T7 HQ

Remote Site (RS)			a-SBC		AS
architecture**	Level of Service	SAG Nominal	SAG Backup	SAG Nominal	SAG Backup
Remote site without survivability	No survivability, no trunk redundancy	ASBCE public FQDN type SRV or type A	N/A	T1T7 HQ	T1T7 HQ
LSP	Local site survivability and trunk redundancy via PSTN only	N/A	N/A	T1T7 RS	T1T7 RS
Branch Session Manager	Local site survivability and SIP trunk redundancy	ASBCE public FQDN type SRV or type A	N/A	T1T7 RS	T1T7 RS

All architectures with		a-S	ВС	AS	a-SBC
ASBCE	Level of Service	SAG Nominal	SAG Backup	SAG Nominal	SAG Backup
Single ASBCE	No redundancy	ASBCE public FQDN type SRV or type A	N/A	T1T7 HQ	T1T7 HQ
ASBCE in High Availability: a pair of ASBCE consisting of one SBCE server acting as primary (active) and another one server acting as secondary (standby). Both SBCE servers share the same IP@ (ASBCE VIP@).	Local vendor redundancy with nominal/backup behavior. The 2 SBCE servers can be located on two different geographic sites but Layer 2 connection between servers 150 ms max round Trip is required. Loss of audio for all active calls on primary SBCE by only 1 second when it fails and its connection with the secondary ASBCE server is up. Loss of audio for all active calls on primary SBCE by 15 seconds when it fails and its connection with the secondary ASBCE server is down.	ASBCE public FQDN type SRV or type A	N/A	T1T7 HQ	T1T7 HQ
Multiple ASBCE: two ASBCE (ASBCE1 and ASBCE2) in Nominal/Backup mode on vendor side.	Local vendor redundancy with nominal/backup behavior. Both ASBCE are hosted on the same site. Nominal/Backup mode on Orange a-SBC side for incoming trafic to the customer	ASBCE1 public FQDN type SRV or	ASBCE2 public FQDN type SRV or	T1T7 HQ	T1T7 HQ



	ASBCE. Loss of active calls handled by the ASBCE that fails. Geographical vendor redundancy with nominal/backup behavior. The two ASBCE are hosted on 2 different geographic sites. Nominal/Backup mode on Orange a-SBC side for incoming trafic to the customer ASBCE. Loss of active calls handled by the ASBCE that fails.	type A	type A		
Multiple ASBCE in High Availability: two ASBCE pairs in High Availabity and in Nominal/Backup mode on vendor side. One ASBCE1 pair (2 ASBCE servers) with shared ASBCE1 VIP@ and one ASBCE2 pair (2 ASBCE servers) with shared ASBCE2 VIP@).	Local/geographical redundancy. The two ASBCE pairs are hosted on the same site or on 2 different geographic sites. Nominal/Backup mode on Orange a-SBC side for incoming trafic to the customer ASBCE pairs. If a full ASBCE pair fails, active calls are lost. Loss of audio for all active calls on primary SBCE of a pair by only 1 second when it fails and its connection with the secondary ASBCE server is up. Loss of audio for all active calls on primary SBCE of a pair by 15 seconds when it fails and its connection with the secondary ASBCE server is down.	ASBCE1 public FQDN type SRV or type A	ASBCE2 public FQDN type SRV or type A	T1T7 HQ	T1T7 HQ



6 Certified software and hardware versions

6.1 Global Release Policy

Orange supports the last 2 major IPBX versions and will ensure Business Talk and BTIP infrastructure evolutions will rightly interwork with the related architectures. Orange will assist customers running supported IPBX versions and facing issues.

Please refer to the Avaya web portal for more details about the supported versions.

6.2 Certified Avaya Aura versions

IPBX Avaya Aura – certified software versions Business Talk IP (SIP trunk) -				
Equipment Reference	Softvare version	Certification pronounced	Certified Loads / Key Points	
Avaya Aura Communication Manager	10.1 FP3	✓	01.0.974.0-27867	
Note: To avoid any security risk the clients should	8.1 FP3 SP3	✓	01.0.890.0-27168	
always install on ACM the latest mandatory	8.0.1 FP1	✓	00.0822.0-25031	
patch/hotfix released by the Avaya vendor.	7.1 FP2	✓	01.0.532.0-24184	
Avaya Aura System Manager	10.1 FP3	✓	10.1.3.0_r1013015713	
Note: To avoid any security risk the clients should	8.1 FP3 SP3 hotfix1	✓	R8.1.3.3_HotFix1_813313878	
always install on ASM the latest mandatory	8.0.1 FP1	✓	8.0.1.0_r801008826	
patch/hotfix released by the Avaya vendor.	7.1 FP2	✓	7.1.2.0_r712007353	
Avaya Aura Session Manager	10.1 FP3		10.1.3.0.1013007	
Note: To avoid any security risk the clients should	8.1 FP3 SP3	✓	8.1.3.3.813310	
always install on ASMGR the latest mandatory	8.0.1 FP1	✓	8.0.1.0.801007	
patch/hotfix released by the Avaya vendor.	7.1 FP2	✓	7.1.2.0.712004	
Avaya Aura Session Border Controller for Entreprise	10.1 hotfix 4	✓	10.1.0.0-34-23231-hotfix-04272023	
Note: To avoid any security risk the clients should	8.1.3.0 hotfix 3	✓	8.1.3.0-38-21467-hotfix-12302021	
always install on ASBCE the latest mandatory patch/hotfix released by the Avaya vendor.	7.2 FP2	✓	7.2.2.0-11-15522	

6.3 Certified applications and devices

IPBX Avaya Aura – Avaya ecosystems tested (SIP trunk) -				
	Equipment Reference			
Attendant	Equinox Attendant client and Equinox Attendant Snap-in on Breeze	5.2.13.0.18	✓	
Breeze	Avaya Breeze	3.7.0.0	✓	
File server	Avaya Aura Device Services	10.1.0.0	✓	
	9600 SIP (9601, 9608, 9608G, 9611G, 9621G, 9641G, 9641GS)	7.1.15.0	✓	
	9600 H.323 (9608, 9608G, 9611G, 9621G, 9641G, 9641GS)	6.8.3	✓	
	1600 H.323 (1603, 1603C, 1603SW, 1603SW-I, 1603-I,1608, 1608-I,1616, 1616-I)	1.3.12	✓	
	J100 SIP phone (J129, J139, J169, J179)	4.0.12.1	✓	
	B169 DECT conference	2.0.0	✓	
Dhanas /	B179 SIP conference	2.4.4.3	✓	
Phones /	B189 H323 conference	6.8.3.04	✓	
Softphones	IP DECT phones 37xx: (3725, 3745, 3749)	4.3.32	✓	
	Vantage	3.8.5	✓	
	Workplace for Windows	3.33.0.96	✓	
	IX Workplace for Android (previously Equinox for Android)	3.8.5	✓	
	IX Workplace for iOS (previously Equinox for iOS)	3.8.9	✓	
	H200 SIP phone (H229, H239, H249)	2.5.6.5670	✓	
IP DECT	IP DECT Base Station v2	10.2.9	✓	
Voice Mail	Avaya Aura Messaging	7.1 SP3	✓	
Media	CAFO	42.22.0	✓	
Gateway	G450	41.34.3	✓	



	G430	42.22.0	✓
	G430	41.34.3	✓
	Analog media module MM711 on Avaya Media Gateway G450/G430 Remark: this card does not support V17 transmission but only V27 and V29 with max speed up to 9kbps in T.38		
Fax	WARNING! Fax transport with Avaya Aura and associated G430/450 gateways is NOTfully supported, because it doesn't comply with the Business Talk/BTIP SIP profile. Fax transmissions MAY fail depending on the termination carrier. Therefore Orange Business Services strongly recommends to NOT deploy fax over IP with Avaya G430/450 analog gateways	HW 31 FW 103	×
Media	Avaya Aura Media Server	10.1 SP2	✓
Server	Avaya Aura Media Server	8.0.2 SP1	✓



7 SIP trunking configuration checklist

7.1 Basic configuration

This chapter indicates the mandatory configuration steps on Avaya Communication Manager 8.1 + Avaya Session Manager 8.1 + Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise 8.1 for the SIP trunking with Business Talk IP / Business Talk.

7.2 Communication Manager

After the installation of ACM it does not have a translation (xln file under /etc/opt/defty) resulting in the add/change commands are not available on the Site Administration Terminal. It is a must to save translation and restart ACM to make that configuration commands available.

Note: To save translation and restart ACM log in to ACM through Site Administration Terminal (SAT) and type save translation all and reset system 4.

Processor Ethernet settings				
add ip-interface procr	Enable interface: y Network Region: 1			
Media Gateway settings				
add media-gateway 1	Page 1 Type: g450 (in case g450) Name: HQ-REGION Serial No: (serial number of MG) Network Region: 1 Page 2 V1: MM710 DS1 MM V9:gateway-announcements ANN VMM Note: slots configuration will depend on physical location of modules			
	Node Names settings			
change node-names ip	Appropriate node names have to be set, it includes: ASM1, ASM2 Media Server 6.200.66.10 ASM 1 6.3.27.20 ASM2 6.3.27.30 ESS-HQ124 6.1.24.2 IPBS 6.1.24.214 LSP-RS66 6.200.66.1 default 0.0.0.0 procr 6.1.24.1			
Codec Set settings – G711 offer (G.722 optional)				
change ip-codec-set 1	Audio codec 1 : G722-64K Frames Per Pkt 1: 2 Packet Size(ms) 1: 20 Audio codec 2 : G711A (or G711MU) Silence Suppression 2 : n			



	F B BI (0 A
	Frames Per Pkt 2: 2 Packet Size(ms) 2: 20
	Media Encryption 1: none
	Page 1: Audio codec 1: G722-64K Frames Per Pkt 1: 2 Packet Size(ms) 1: 20
change ip-codec-set 2	Audio codec 2 : G711A (or G711MU) Silence Suppression 2 : n Frames Per Pkt 2: 2 Packet Size(ms) 2: 20
	Media Encryption 1: none
	Note: To enable fax transmission edit the second page Page 2: FAX: Mode: t.38 -standard Redundancy : 2 ECM : y
	Codec Set settings – G729 offer
	Audio codec 1: G722-64K Frames Per Pkt 1: 2 Packet Size(ms) 1: 20
	Audio codec 2 : G711A (or G711MU) Silence Suppression 2 : n Frames Per Pkt 2: 2 Packet Size(ms) 2: 20
change ip-codec-set 1	Audio codec 3 : G729a Silence Suppression 3 : n Frames Per Pkt 3: 2 Packet Size(ms) 3: 20
	Media Encryption 1: none
	Note: Codec G.729a must be set as a third codec so as the system would correctly use resources for MOH and conference when call is established with SIP phone over sip trunk.
	Page 1: Audio codec 1 : G729a
	Silence Suppression 1 : n Frames Per Pkt 1: 2 Packet Size(ms) 1: 20
change ip-codec-set 2	Media Encryption 1: none
	Note: To enable fax transmission edit the second page Page 2: FAX:
	Mode: t.38 -standard
	Redundancy : 2 ECM : y



	Locations
change locations (number between 1-2000)	configure appropriate locations: HQ − 1 RSxx − xx VoIP − 10 Note: to use multiple Locations enable parameter Multiple Locations on ACM web manager interface: Administration → Licensing → Feature Administration → Multiple Locations configure appropriate Loc Parm (Location Parameters) for each location: HQ − 1 RSxx − 1 VoIP − 1
	Location Parameters
change location- parameters (number between 1-50)	International Access Code: 00 Local E.164 Country Code: 33 Note: To use multiple Location Parameters enable parameter Multinational Locations on the ACM web manager interface: Administration → Licensing → Feature Administration → Multinational Locations
	Network Regions
<pre>change ip-network-region 1 (Used for HQ region)</pre>	Page 1: Region: 1 Location: 1 Name: HQ-REGION Authoritative Domain: e.g. labobs.com Codec Set: 1 Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes UDP Port Min: 16384 UDP Port Max: 32767 DIFFSERV/TOS PARAMETERS Call Control PHB Value: 46 Audio PHB Value: 46 Video PHB Value: 34 Page 4: dst rgn: 10, codec set: 2, direct WAN: n, Intervening Regions: 250 dst rgn: 66, codec set: 2, direct WAN: n, Intervening Regions: 250 dst rgn: 250, codec set: 2, direct WAN: y



<pre>change ip-network-region 66 (Used for RS region)</pre>	Page 1: Region: 66 Location: 66 Name: RS-REGION Authoritative Domain: e.g. labobs.com Codec Set: 1 Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes UDP Port Min: 16384 UDP Port Max: 32767 DIFFSERV/TOS PARAMETERS Call Control PHB Value: 46 Audio PHB Value: 46 Video PHB Value: 34 Page 4: dst rgn: 1, codec set: 2, direct WAN: n, Intervening Regions: 250 dst rgn: 10, codec set: 2, direct WAN: n, Intervening Regions: 250 dst rgn: 250, codec set: 2, direct WAN: y
<pre>change ip-network-region 10 (Used for VoIP region)</pre>	Page 1: Region: 10 Location: 10 Name: VOIP Authoritative Domain: e.g. labobs.com Codec Set: 2 Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes UDP Port Min: 16384 UDP Port Max: 32767 DIFFSERV/TOS PARAMETERS Call Control PHB Value: 46 Audio PHB Value: 46 Video PHB Value: 34 Page 4: dst rgn: 1, codec set: 2, direct WAN: n, Intervening Regions: 250 dst rgn: 66, codec set: 2, direct WAN: n, Intervening Regions: 250 dst rgn: 250, codec set: 2, direct WAN: y



	Page 1: Region: 250 Location: 1 Name: HQ-REGION
change ip-network-region 250 (Used for Intervening region) *consult "Configuration Guideline" for other network regions settings	 Authoritative Domain: e.g. labobs.com Codec Set: 2 Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes UDP Port Min: 16384 UDP Port Max: 32767 DIFFSERV/TOS PARAMETERS Call Control PHB Value: 46 Audio PHB Value: 46 Video PHB Value: 34 Page 4: dst rgn: 1, codec set: 2, direct WAN: y dst rgn: 1, codec set: 2, direct WAN: y dst rgn: 66, codec set: 2, direct WAN: y
	Network map
change ip-network map	Assign IP network ranges to the appropriate network regions. See example below (Page 1): FROM: 6.1.24.0 Subnet Bits: /24 Network Region: 1 VLAN: n TO: 6.1.24.255 FROM: 6.200.66.0 Subnet Bits: /24 Network Region: 66 VLAN: n TO: 6.200.66.255
	Signaling group
<pre>change signaling-group (example: change signaling-group 10 add signaling-group 10)</pre>	 Group Type: sip Transport Method: TCP (or TLS) Near-end Node Name: procr Far-end Node Name: ASM1 Near-end Listen Port: 5060 (or 5061 if TLS) Far-end Listen Port: 5060 (or 5061 if TLS) Far-end Network Region: 10 Far-end Domain: e.g. labobs.com DTMF over IP: rtp-payload Enable Layer 3 Test?: y H.323 Station Outgoing Direct Media?: y Direct IP-IP Audio Connections?: y Initial IP-IP Direct Media?: y Alternate Route Timer(sec): 20 Prepend '+' to Outgoing Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Public Numbers?: y Remove '+' from Incoming Called/Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Numbers?: n
	Numbering Plan
change dialplan analysis	check if digits are correctly collected. Below example: Dialed String: 0, Total Length: 1, Call Type: fac Dialed String: 124, Total Length: 7, Call Type: ext Dialed String: *8, Total Length: 4, Call Type: dac Dialed String: 8, Total Length: 1, Call Type: fac



change feature-access- codes change uniform-dialplan 0 change aar analysis change ars analysis	check if on-net extensions are routed to AAR table. Example configuration: Auto Alternate Routing (AAR) Access Code: 8 Auto Route Selection (ARS) – Access Code 1: 0 Page 1: Matching Pattern: 124, Len: 7, Del: 0, Net: aar, conv: n Dialed string: 124, Min: 7, Max: 7, Route Pattern: 10, Call Type: unku Dialed string: 00, Min: 2, Max: 20, Route Pattern: 10, Call Type: pubu		
	Trunk group		
<pre>change trunk-group (example: change trunk-group 10/ add trunk-group 10)</pre>	Page 1: Group Number: 10 Group Type: sip Group Name: PE-ASM Direction: two-way Service Type: tie Member Assignment Method: auto Signaling Group: 10 Number of Members: 255 Page 3: Numbering Format: private Hold/Unhold Notifications? n Page 4: Network Call Redirection? n Support Request History?: y Telephone Event Payload Type: 101 Identity for Calling Party Display: P-Asserted-Identity Note: ACM trunk must have disabled option NCR "Network Call Redirection" to not send the REFER method but re-Invite to complete call transfer.		
	Route Pattern		
change route-pattern 10	Processor Ethernet: Grp No: 10, FRL: 0, LAR: next Grp No: 20, FRL: 0, LAR: next Grp No: 1, FRL: 0, LAR: none		
Calling number format			
change public-unknown- numbering 0	 Ext Len: 7, Ext Code: 124, Trk Grp(s): 10, CPN Prefix: 33296097560, Total CPN Len: 11 Ext Len: 7, Ext Code: 124, Trk Grp(s): 20, CPN Prefix: 33296097560, Total CPN Len: 11 		
change private-numbering 0	 Ext Len: 7, Ext Code: 124, Trk Grp(s): 10, Private Prefix: empty, Total CPN Len: 7 Ext Len: 7, Ext Code: 124, Trk Grp(s): 20, Private Prefix: empty, Total CPN Len: 7 		



Music on Hold configuration		
change location- parameters 1	Companding Mode: A-Law (or Mu-Law)	
change media-gateway 1	V9: gateway-announcements ANN VMM	
enable announcement-board 001V9	Issue command fo the rest of gateways if applicable: Enable announcement-board <gw_nrv9></gw_nrv9>	
change audio-group 1	Group Name: MOH 1: 001V9 2: 002V9 (if second gateway is configured on CM) 3: M1 (if media server is configured)	
Add announcement 1240666	Issue command with extension on the end: Add announcement <ann_nr></ann_nr>	
change music-sources	1:music Type: ext 124-0666 moh	
Enable Disconnect tone for H.323 phones		
change system-parameters features	Station Tone Forward Disconnect: busy	
Recover	ry timers configuration on H.248 Media Gateway	
set reset-times primary- search	Strict value is not defined for Primary Search Timer (H.248 PST) . PST is the acceptable maximum time of network disruption i.e. Max. network outage detection time. Could be 4 or 5 min.	
set reset-times total- search	Total Search Timer (H.248 TST) recommended value is: H.248 TST = H.248 PST + 1-2 minutes In case of no alternate resources usage it could be: H.248 TST = H.248 PST	
	Recovery timers configuration on ACM	
change system-parameters ip-options	H.248 Media Gateway Link Loss Delay Timer (H.248 LLDT) recommended value is: H.248 LLDT = H.248 PST + 1 minute	
change system-parameters ip-options	H.323 IP Endpoint Link Loss Delay Timer (H.323 LLDT) recommended value is: H.323 LLDT = H.248 PST + 1 min	
change system-parameters ip-options	H.323 IP Endpoint Primary Search Time (H.323 PST) recommended value is: H.323 PST = H.248 PST + 30 sec	
change system-parameters ip-options	Periodic Registration Timer. No strict value defined. Could be 1 min.	



change ip-network-region	H.323 IP Endpoints H.323 Link Bounce Recovery y Idle Traffic Interval (sec) 20 Keep-Alive Interval (sec) 5 Keep-Alive count (sec) 5
SYSTEM PAR	AMETERS CALL COVERAGE / CALL FORWARDING
change system-parameters coverage-forwarding	Configure mandatory parameter for Voice mail: • QSIG/SIP Diverted Calls Follow Diverted to Party's Coverage Path? Y
display system-parameters customer-options	
display system-parameters customer-options	On page 6 Multiple Locations? Y To enable this option log in to ACM through web manager and go to Administration → Licensing → Feature administration → Current Settings → Display Under the feature administration menu select ON for the feature "Multiple Locations?" then submit this change
change system-parameters features	On page 1 to enable transfer over sip trunk set: Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer: all On page 19 for transfer initiated by SIP endpoint to force ACM to use re- Invite not Refer method over sip trunk:
	On page 1 to enable transfer over sip trunk set: Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer: all On page 19 for transfer initiated by SIP endpoint to force ACM to use re-
	On page 1 to enable transfer over sip trunk set: Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer: all On page 19 for transfer initiated by SIP endpoint to force ACM to use re-Invite not Refer method over sip trunk:
	On page 1 to enable transfer over sip trunk set: Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer: all On page 19 for transfer initiated by SIP endpoint to force ACM to use re- Invite not Refer method over sip trunk: SIP Endpoint Managed Transfer? n
features	On page 1 to enable transfer over sip trunk set: Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer: all On page 19 for transfer initiated by SIP endpoint to force ACM to use re- Invite not Refer method over sip trunk: SIP Endpoint Managed Transfer? n Class of Restriction Calling Party Restriction: none Called Party Restriction: none

7.3 Session Manager architecture with ASBCE

Menu	Settings
Network Routing Policy SIP Domains	check if correct SIP domain is configured (You need to choose and configure a SIP domain for which a Communication Manager and a Session Manager will be a part of)



Menu	Settings
Network Routing Policy Locations	check if Locations are correctly configured (Session Manager uses the origination location to determine which dial patterns to look at when routing the call if there are dial patterns administered for specific locations)
Network Routing Policy	check if Adaptation for ASBCE is configured
	ASBCEAdapter should be used with parameters:
	odstd=<@IP_ASBCE>
	iodstd= <sip domain=""></sip>
Adaptations	fromto=true
	eRHdrs=P-AV-Message-ID,Endpoint-View,P-Charging-Vector,Alert-Info,P-Location,AV-Correlation-ID,P-Conference,Accept-Language
	Check if SIP Entity for Session Manager is correctly configured.
	Ensure that following settings are applied:
	Type: Session Manager
	Make sure that for Session Manager's SIP Entity ports and protocols are correctly set.
	■ 5060, TCP (or 5061 if TLS)
	TCP protocol (or TLS) is used for communication between SM & ASBCE and SM & CMs
Network Routing Policy SIP Entities: SM	Make sure under Listen Ports there are correctly set ports, protocols and domain and select the box under the Endpoint tab to "Enable Listen Port for Endpoint Connections"
	■ 5060, UDP, e.g. labobs.com
	■ 5060, TCP, e.g. labobs.com
	if used: 5061, TLS, e.g. labobs.com
	Beside each of the protocol there is also a checkbox under the Endpoint tab to enable listen port for endpoint connections. When checkbox is selected the SIP endpoint can use this protocol for signalization. Protocol priority order (from highest to lowest) is: TLS, TCP, UDP.
Network Routing Policy SIP Entities: ASBCE	Check if SIP Entity for ASBCE is correctly configured.
	Ensure that following settings are applied:
	Type: SIP Trunk
	 Adaptation: adaptation module created for ASBCE has to be selected
	Location: Location created for ASBCE has to be selected
	Make sure that for ASBCE SIP Entity ports and protocols are correctly set.
	5060, TCP (or 5061 if TLS) TCP protocol (or TLS) is used for communication between SM & ASBCE



Menu	Settings
	Check if SIP Entity for Communication Manager is correctly configured. Ensure that following settings are applied: Type: CM
Network Routing Policy SIP Entities: CM	Location: Location created for Communication Manager has to be selected Make sure that for Communication Manager SIP Entity ports and protocols are correctly set.
	5060, TCP (or 5061 if TLS) Only TCP protocol (or TLS) is used for communication between CMs & SM.
Network Routing Policy: Entity Links	check if all needed Entity Links are created (An entity link between a Session Manager and any entity that is administered is needed to allow a Session Manager to communicate with that entity directly. Each Session Manager instance must know the port and the transport protocol of its entity link to these SIP entities in the network)
Network Routing Policy Time Ranges	check if at last one Time Range is configured covering 24/7 (Time ranges needs to cover all hours and days in a week for each administered routing policy. As time based routing is not planned we need to create only one time range covering whole week 24/7)
Network Routing Policy Routing Policies	check if routing policies are configured: towards ASBCE towards each Communication Manager hub
Network Routing Policy Dial Patterns	check if proper dial patterns are configured (Routing policies determine a destination where the call should be routed. Session Manager uses the data configured in the routing policy to find the best match (longest match) against the number of the called party)
Session Manager Device and Location Device Settings Group	DIFFSERV / QOS Parameters Call Control PHB Value: 46 Audio PHB Value: 46

7.4 Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise

7.4.1 BT/BTIP SIP trunk configuration

Below table presents ASBCE configuration required to set up **BT/BTIP** SIP trunk.



System Management → Licensing	
	https:// <smgr ip="" server="">:52233/WebLM/LicenseServer</smgr>
	or
	https:// <smgr_server_domain_name>:52233/WebLM/LicenseServer</smgr_server_domain_name>
External WebLM Server URL	e.g.
	https://6.5.53.232:52233/WebLM/LicenseServer
	https://smgr80.warsaw.lab:52233/WebLM/LicenseServer
S	system Management → Devices → Install
Device Configuration	This name will be referenced in other configuration
Appliance Name	e.g. avaya-sbce
DNS Configuration Primary	e.g. 6.3.14.10
FILMALY	
Network Configuration	Interface name toward Session Manager
Name	e.g. Int-SBCE-SM
Network Configuration	
Default Gateway	e.g. 6.3.27.254
Network Configuration	
Subnet Mask or Prefix Length	e.g. 255.255.255.0
Network Configuration	A1 Note: Interface must be enabled on ASBCE virtual machine on ESXi host
Interface	after installation is complete.
Ip Address 1#	Ip address of the internal ASBCE interface
-	e.g. 6.5.27.61
Network & I	Flows → Network Management → Networks → Add
Name	Interface name toward Orange A-SBC e.g. Ext-SBCE-BTIP
Default Gateway	e.g. 172.22.235.30
Default Saseway	o.g. 172.22.233.30
Network Prefix or Subnet	e.g. 255.255.255.0
Mask	o.g. 255.255.255.0
	B1
Interface	Note: Interface must be enabled on SBCE virtual machine on ESXi host after configuration is complete.
	Ip address of the external ASBCE interface
IP Address	e.g. 172.22.235.23
	Note: Reboot of the ASBCE is required after configuration of the ip addresses.
Net	work & Flows → Signaling Interface → Add
Name	Create a signaling interface for the internal side of the ASBCE e.g. Sign_Int_SBCE-SM
	Select ASBCE internal interface and associated ip address defined in
Ip Address	previous step.
	Int_SBCE-SM (A1, VLAN 0) 6.5.27.61
1	V.V.E.I.V.
	This is the port on which ASBCE will listen to SIP messages from Session
	Manager.
TCP port	_ ·



Net	work & Flows → Signaling Interface → Add		
Name	Create a signaling interface for the external side of the ASBCE e.g. Sign_Ext_SBCE-BTIP		
Ip Address	Select ASBCE external interface and associated ip address defined in previous step. Ext_SBCE-BTIP (B1, VLAN 0) 172.22.235.23		
UDP port	This is the port on which ASBCE will listen to SIP messages from Orange A-SBC. 5060 Remark: UDP protocol is used for communication between ASBCE & Orange A-SBC.		
Networ	Network & Flows → Advanced Options → Port Ranges		
Signaling Port Range	Decrease default ASBCE port range to allocate them to required by Orange BTIP SIP Trunk. Set: 12000-16000		
Config Proxy Internal Signaling Port Range	Remove default ASBCE port range to allocate them to required by Orange BTIP SIP Trunk. Set: 50001-51000		
Network & Flows → Media Interface → Add			
Name	Create a media interface for the internal side of the ASBCE e.g. Media_Int_SBCE-SM		
IP Address	Select ASBCE internal interface and corresponding ip address configured in previous step. Int_SBCE-SM (A1, VLAN 0) 6.5.27.61		
Port Range	The Orange BTIP SIP Trunk service specifies that customers use RTP ports in the range of 16384 – 32767. Set this internal media port range to: 16384-32767		
N	etwork & Flows → Media Interface → Add		
Name	Create a media interface for the external side of the ASBCE e.g. Media_Ext_SBCE-BTIP		
IP Address	Selec ASBCE external interface and corresponding ip address configured in previous step. Ext_SBCE-BTIP (B1, VLAN 0) 172.22.235.23		
Port Range	The Orange BTIP SIP Trunk service specifies that customers use RTP ports in the range of 16384 – 32767. Set this external media port range to: 16384-32767		
Config	Configuration Profiles → Server Interworking → Add		
Profile Name	SBCE-SM		
General Leave default parameters and ensu	re following parameters are selected:		
Hold Support	None		
T.38 Support For fax transmission over VISIT SIP trunk enable T.38 support.	Checked		
URI Scheme	SIP		
Via Header Format	RFC3261		



SIP Timers	SIP Timers		
Leave default parameters.			
Privacy			
Leave default parameters.			
Interworking Profile			
Advanced parameters			
Record Routes	Both Sides		
Extensions	Avaya		
DTMF			
DTMF Support	Avaya sip phones or Avaya Gateways G430/450 send DMFs over RTP according to RFC4733 (obsolete RFC2833). Avaya Session Border Controller Enterprise terminates RTP flow so to not change DTMFs to SIP Info or SIP Notify Methods the option None must be selected in order to indicate the support of DTMF through RFC2833.		
Config	uration Profiles → Server Interworking → Add		
Profile Name	SBCE-BTIP		
General Leave default parameters and ensur	re following parameters are selected:		
Hold Support	None		
T.38 Support			
1.30 Support	Checked		
For fax transmission over VISIT SIP trunk enable T.38 support.	Oncored		
URI Scheme	SIP		
Via Header Format	RFC3261		
SIP Timers			
Leave default parameters except:	We recommed to get Trees Fireirs represents to 45 accords to another		
Trans Expire	We recommend to set Trans Expire parameter to 15 seconds to enable rerouting to second sip trunk by ASBCE, in case of unavailability of the first one. ACM has a timeout set on sip signaling group to 20 seconds after it reroutes to second ASM in case of no answer on firs sip trunk. 15		
Transport Timers Leave default parameters.			
Privacy			
Leave default parameters.			
Interworking Profile			
Advanced parameters			
Record Routes	Both Sides		
Extensions	None		
DTMF			
DTMF Support	Avaya sip phones or Avaya Gateways G430/450 send DMFs over RTP according to RFC4733 (obsolete RFC2833). Avaya Session Border Controller Enterprise terminates RTP flow so to not change DTMFs to SIP Info or SIP Notify Methods the option None must be selected in order to indicate the support of DTMF through RFC2833.		
Configuration Profiles → Server Interworking → SBCE-BTIP → Header Manipulation → Add			
Header	Select Contact		
Action	Select Remove Parameter w/ [Value]		
Parameter	gsid		



Value Leave blank for wildcard	Leave blank	
Configuration Profiles → S	Server Interworking → SBCE-BTIP → Header Manipulation → Add	
Header	Select Contact	
Action	Select Remove Parameter w/ [Value]	
Parameter	asm	
Value Leave blank for wildcard	Leave blank	
Configuration Profiles → S	erver Interworking → SBCE-BTIP → Header Manipulation → Add	
Header	Select Contact	
Action	Select Remove Parameter w/ [Value]	
Parameter	ерv	
Value Leave blank for wildcard	Leave blank	
	Services → SIP Servers → Add	
Profile Name	Define profile for far away server: Session Manager. Prof_SBCE-SM	
General		
Server Type	Call Server	
SIP Domain	Leave empty	
TLS Client Profile	none	
IP Address / FQDN	Add all Session Managers (Primary and Backup and Branch Session Manager if exists). e.g. 6.5.53.20 e.g. 6.5.53.30 e.g. 6.202.81.20	
Port	This is the port on which Session Manager will listen to SIP messages from Avaya SBCE. 5060	
Transport	Protocol used for SIP signaling between Session Manager and the Avaya SBCE. TCP	
Authentication Leave all fields blank.		
Heartbeat Configure Heartbeat to send Options to monitor status of a trunk toward Session Manager server (Primary and Backup and Branch Session Manager if exists) defined in previous step.		
Enable Heartbeat	Checked	
Method	OPTIONS	
Frequency	90	
From URI	ping@6.5.27.61	
To URI	ping@warsaw.lab	



Ping		
Leave all fields blank.		
Advanced		
Leave default fields except following:		
Enable Grooming	With Grooming enabled the system can reuse the same connections for the same subscriber or port. Select checkbox	
Interworking Profile	Select the Interworking Profile for Session Manager defined previously. SBCE-SM	
Services → SIP Servers → Add		
Profile Name	Define profile for far away server: Orange A-SBC. Prof_SBCE-BTIP	
Server Type	Trunk Server	
TLS Client Profile	none	
IP Address / FQDN	Add all Orange A-SBC servers (primary and backup if exists). e.g. 172.22.246.33 e.g. 172.22.246.73	
Port	This is the port on which Orange A-SBC will listen to SIP messages from Avaya SBCE. 5060	
Transport	Protocol used for SIP signaling between Orange BTIP SIP trunk service (i.e. Orange SBC primary and backup) and the Avaya SBCE.	
Authentication		
Leave all fields blank.		
Heartbeat Configure Heartbeat to send Options to monitor status of a trunk toward the Orange A-SBC (Primary and Backup if exists) defined in previous step.		
Enable Heartbeat	Checked	
Method	OPTIONS	
Frequency	90	
From URI	ping@172.22.235.23	
To URI	ping@orange.sbc	
Ping Leave all fields blank.		
Advanced	Leave default fields except following:	
Enable Grooming	Unchecked	
Interworking Profile	Select the Interworking Profile for Orange BTIP SIP trunk service defined previously. SBCE-BTIP	
Configuration Profiles → Signaling Manipulation → Add		
Title	Remove parameter from Contact	



```
/*Script to remove attribute (+avaya-cm-keep-mpro) from Contact Header */
within session "INVITE"
  act on message where %DIRECTION="OUTBOUND" and
%ENTRY_POINT="POST_ROUTING"
   if (exists(%HEADERS["Contact"][1].PARAMS["+avaya-cm-keep-mpro"])) then
     remove(%HEADERS["Contact"][1].PARAMS["+avaya-cm-keep-mpro"]);
  }
}
                   Services \rightarrow SIP Servers \rightarrow Prof_SBCE-BTIP \rightarrow Advanced \rightarrow Edit
                                 Interworking Profile for Orange BTIP SIP trunk service.
Interworking Profile
                                 SBCE-BTIP
Signaling Manipulation
                                 Select created previously script name:
Script
                                 Remove parameter from Contact
                 Domain Policies → Application Rules → default-trunk → Application Rule
                                 Regulate the number of audio sessions that are allowed for each trunk
Audio
                                 server, or a call server.
                                 Select checkboxes: In Out
                    Domain Policies → Media Rules → default-low-med → Encryption
Audio Encryption
                                RTP
Preferred Formats
Interworking
                                 Checked
                    Domain Policies → Media Rules → default-low-med → Advanced
Leave all checkboxes unselected.
                   Domain Policies → Media Rules → default-low-med → QoS → Edit
Media QoS Marking
Enabled
                                 Checked
                                 DSCP
QoS Type
Audio QoS
Audio DSCP
                                 EF
                              Domain Policies → Signaling Rules → Add
Rule Name
                                 e.g. SigR_SBCE-SM
Inbound
Leave default parameters.
Outbound
Leave default parameters.
Content-Type Policy
Enable Content-Type
                                 Checked
Checks
Action
                                 Allow
Multipart Action
                                 Allow
```



Domain Policies → Signaling Ru	lles → SigR_SBCE-SM → Response Headers → Add In Header Control
Proprietary Response Header	Checked
Header Name	Av-Global-Session-ID
Response Code	1XX
Method Name	ALL
Header Criteria	Forbidden
Presence Action	Remove header
Domain Policies → Signaling Ru	lles → SigR_SBCE-SM → Response Headers → Add In Header Control
Proprietary Response Header	Checked
Header Name	Av-Global-Session-ID
Response Code	2XX
Method Name	ALL
Header Criteria	Forbidden
Presence Action	Remove header
Domain Policies → Signaling Ru	ıles → SigR_SBCE-SM → Response Headers → Add In Header Control
Proprietary Response Header	Checked
Header Name	Av-Global-Session-ID
Response Code	4XX
Method Name	ALL
Header Criteria	Forbidden
Presence Action	Remove header
Domain Policies → Signaling Ru	
	ules → SigR_SBCE-SM → Response Headers → Add In Header Control
Proprietary Response Header	ules → SigR_SBCE-SM → Response Headers → Add In Header Control Unchecked
Proprietary Response	
Proprietary Response Header	Unchecked
Proprietary Response Header Header Name	Unchecked User-Agent



Presence Action	Remove header	
Domain Policies → Signaling Ru	lles → SigR_SBCE-SM → Response Headers → Add In Header Control	
Proprietary Response Header	Unchecked	
Header Name	User-Agent	
Response Code	2XX	
Method Name	INVITE	
Header Criteria	Forbidden	
Presence Action	Remove header	
Domain Policies	→ Signaling Rules → SigR_SBCE-SM → Signaling QoS	
Enabled	Checked	
DSCP	Selected	
Value	EF	
Domain Poli	cies → Signaling Rules → SigR_SBCE-SM → UCID	
Enabled	Unchecked	
Node ID	Leave default field blank.	
Protocol Discriminator	Leave default field.	
Domain Policies → Signalin	g Rules → SigR_SBCE-SM → Requests → Add In Request Control	
Proprietary Request	Unchecked	
Method Name	OPTIONS	
In Dialog Action	Allow	
Out of Dialog Action	Select Block with and type in first field 200 then in next field OK	
Domain Policies → Signaling Rules → Add		
Rule Name	e.g. SigR_SBCE-BTIP	
Inbound Leave default parameters. Outbound Leave default parameters. Content-Type Policy		
Enable Content-Type Checks	Checked	
Action	Allow	
Multipart Action	Allow	



Domain Policies → Signaling Rul	es → SigR_SBCE-BTIP → Request Headers → Add Out Header Control
Proprietary Request Header	Checked
Header Name	Av-Attendant
Method Name	INVITE
Header Criteria	Forbidden
Presence Action	Remove header
Domain Policies → Signaling Rul	es → SigR_SBCE-BTIP → Request Headers → Add Out Header Control
Proprietary Request Header	Checked
Header Name	Av-Global-Session-ID
Method Name	ALL
Header Criteria	Forbidden
Presence Action	Remove header
Domain Policies → Signaling Ru	les → SigR_SBCE-BTIP → Request Headers →Add Out Header Control
Proprietary Request Header	Checked
Header Name	Max-Breadth
Method Name	INVITE
Header Criteria	Forbidden
Presence Action	Remove header
Domain Policies → Signaling Rul	es → SigR_SBCE-BTIP → Request Headers → Add Out Header Control
Proprietary Request Header	Checked
Header Name	P-Location
Method Name	ALL
Header Criteria	Forbidden
Presence Action	Remove header
Domain Policies → Signaling Rul	es → SigR_SBCE-BTIP → Request Headers → Add Out Header Control
Proprietary Request Header	Unchecked
Header Name	Reason



Method Name	INVITE	
Header Criteria	Forbidden	
Presence Action	Remove header	
Domain Policies ·	→ Signaling Rules → SigR_SBCE-BTIP → Signaling QoS	
Enabled	Checked	
DSCP	Selected	
Value	EF	
Domain Polic	cies → Signaling Rules → SigR_SBCE-BTIP → UCID	
Enabled	Unchecked	
Node ID	Leave default field blank.	
Protocol Discriminator	Leave default value.	
Domain Policies → Signalin	g Rules → SigR_SBCE-BTIP → Request → Add In Request Control	
Proprietary Request	Unchecked	
Method Name	OPTIONS	
In Dialog Action	Allow	
Out of Dialog Action	Select Block with and type in first field 200 then in next field OK	
Doma	in Policies → End Point Policy Groups → Add	
Group Name	e.g. EPPG_SBCE-SM	
Domain Policies → En	d Point Policy Groups → EPPG_SBCE-SM → Edit Policy Set	
Application Rule	default-trunk	
Border rule	default	
Media Rule	default-low-med	
Security Rule	default-low	
Signaling Rule	select created previously: SigR_SBCE-SM	
Doma	Domain Policies → End Point Policy Groups → Add	
Group Name	e.g. EPPG_SBCE-BTIP	
 Domain Policies → End	d Point Policy Groups → EPPG_SBCE-BTIP → Edit Policy Set	
Application Rule	default-trunk	
Border rule	default	



Media Rule	default-low-med	
Security Rule	default-low	
Signaling Rule	select created previously: SigR_SBCE-BTIP	
	Configuration Profiles → Routing → Add	
Profile name	e.g. Routing-to-SM	
Configuration Profiles → Routing → Routing-to-SM		
Uri Group	*	
Load Balancing	Priority	
Transport	None	
Next Hop In-Dialog	Unchecked	
ENUM	Unchecked	
Time of Day	default	
NAPTR	Unchecked	
Next Hop Priority	Checked	
Ignore Route Header	Unchecked	
ENUM Suffix	Leave this field blank.	
Priority / Weight	1	
SIP Server Profile	Select previously created: Prof_SBCE-SM	
Next Hop Address	Select IP address of the Session Manager Primary e.g. 6.5.53.20 : 5060 (TCP)	
Priority / Weight	2	
SIP Server Profile	Select previously created: Prof_SBCE-SM	
Next Hop Address	Select IP address of the Session Manager Backup if exists e.g. 6.5.53.30 : 5060 (TCP)	
Priority / Weight	3	
SIP Server Profile	Select previously created: Prof_SBCE-SM	
Next Hop Address	Select IP address of the Branch Session Manager if exists e.g. 6.202.81.20 : 5060 (TCP)	
Configuration Profiles → Routing → Add		
Profile	e.g. Routing-to-BTIP	
Configuration Profiles → Routing → Routing-to-BTIP		
Uri Group	*	



Load Balancing	Priority
Transport	None
Next Hop In-Dialog	Unchecked
ENUM	Unchecked
Time of Day	default
NAPTR	Unchecked
Next Hop Priority	Checked
Ignore Route Header	Unchecked
ENUM Suffix	Leave this field blank.
Priority / Weight	1
SIP Server Profile	Select previously created: Prof_SBCE-BTIP
Next Hop Address	Select IP address of the Orange A-SBC Primary e.g. 172.22.246.33: 5060 (UDP)
Priority / Weight	2
SIP Server Profile	Select previously created: Prof_SBCE-BTIP
Next Hop Address	Select IP address of the Orange A-SBC Backup if exists e.g. 172.22.246.73: 5060 (UDP)
Conf	iguration Profiles → Topology Hiding → Add
Profile Name	This profile will be applied for the traffic from the Avaya SBCE to Session Manager. e.g. THP_SBCE-SM
Configuration Profiles	→ Topology Hiding → Topology Hiding Profile → Add Header
Header	For all headers set the following parameters:
Criteria	IP/Domain
Replace Action	Auto
Conf	iguration Profiles → Topology Hiding → Add
Profile Name	This profile will be applied for the traffic from the Avaya SBCE to Orange Business Services. e.g. THP_SBCE-BTIP
Configuration Profiles	→ Topology Hiding → Topology Hiding Profile → Add Header
Header	For all headers set the following parameters except the header From :
Criteria	IP/Domain
Replace Action	Auto
Replace Action for the header From	Overwrite



Overwrite Value for the header From	e.g. warsaw.lab		
Network &	Flows → End Point Flows → Server Flows → Add		
Flow Name	Traffic from Orange A-SBC through Avaya SBCE toward Session Manager: e.g. EPF_SBCE-SM		
SIP Server Profile	Select previously configured profile: Prof_SBCE-SM		
URI Group	*		
Transport	*		
Remote Subnet	*		
Received Interface	Select the external signaling interface Sign_Ext_SBCE-BTIP		
Signaling Interface	Select the internal signaling interface Sign_Int_SBCE-SM		
Media Interface	Select the internal media interface Media_Int_SBCE-SM		
Secondary Media Interface	None		
End Point Policy Group	Select the endpoint policy group defined previously EPPG_SBCE-SM		
Routing Profile	Select the routing profile to direct traffic to BTIP SIP trunk Routing-to-BTIP		
Topology Hiding Profile	Select the topology hiding profile defined for Session Manager THP_SBCE-SM		
Signaling Manipulation Script	None		
Remote Branch Office	Any		
Network &	Network & Flows → End Point Flows → Server Flows → Add		
Flow Name	Traffic from Session Manager through Avaya SBCE toward Orange A-SBC: e.g. EPF_SBCE-BTIP		
SIP Server Profile	Select previously configured profile: Prof_SBCE-BTIP		
URI Group	*		
Transport	*		
Remote Subnet	*		
Received Interface	Select the internal signaling interface Sign_Int_SBCE-SM		
Signaling Interface	Select the external signaling interface Sign_Ext_SBCE-BTIP		
Media Interface	Select the external media interface Media_Ext_SBCE-BTIP		
Secondary Media Interface	None		
End Point Policy Group	Select the endpoint policy group defined previously EPPG_SBCE-BTIP		



Routing Profile	Select the routing profile to direct traffic to Session Manager Routing-to-SM
Topology Hiding Profile	Select the topology hiding profile defined for BTIP SIP trunk THP_SBCE-BTIP
Signaling Manipulation Script	None
Remote Branch Office	Any

Media Unanchoring		
Domain	Policies → Session Policies → default → clone	
Name	Change name to e.g. UnAnchor for media bypass or Anchor for media anchoring	
Media Anchoring	Unchecked for media bypass or Checked for media anchoring	
Media Forking Profile	None	
Converged Conferencing	Unchecked	
Call Type for Media Unanchoring	All	
Network & Flows → Session Flows → Add		
Flow Name	e.g. UnAnchor for media bypass e.g. Anchor for media anchoring	
URI Group#1	*	
URI Group#2	*	
Subnet#1 Ex: 192.168.0.1/24	*	
SBC IP Address	*	
Subnet#2 Ex: 192.168.0.1/24	*	
SBC IP Address	*	
Session Policy	Select previously configured Session Policy e.g. UnAnchor or Anchor	
Has Remote SBC	Unchecked	

7.4.2 BTol/BTIPol SIP trunk configuration

Below table focuses on **BTol/BTIPol** SIP trunk configuration on ASBCE indicating the required update of configuration in addition to already implemented **BT/BTIP** configuration described in previous chapter.



TLS Management → Certificates → Create CSR			
Country Name	e.g. FR		
State/Province Name	e.g. Bretagne		
Locality Name	e.g. Rennes		
Organization Name	e.g. Orange		
Organizational Unit	e.g. Orange Business Services		
Common Name	FQDN assigned to ASBCE public ip address. CN domain name must be resolved on public DNS. Allowed characters in the CN are alphanumeric and hypen [-]. Special characters must not be used. e.g. external.domain.com		
Algorithm	SHA256		
Key Size (Modulus Length)	e.g. 2046 bits		
Key Usage Extension(s)	Checked Key encipherment Checked Non-Repudiation Checked Digital Signature		
Extended Key Usage	Checked Server Authentication Checked Client Authentication		
Subject Alt Name	FQDN for SAN is the same as for CN. e.g. DNS:external.domain.com		
Passphrase Confirm Passphrase	Allowed characters are alphanumeric and special character but Avaya recommends not to use the dollar sign (\$) in Key Passphrase Specify the passphrase to encrypt the private key.		
Contact Name	e.g. Mike		
Contact E-Mail	Email address		
Т	TLS Management → Certificates → Install		
Туре	Select Certificate		
Name	This field is optional. Can be left blank.		
Overwrite Existing	Unchecked		
Allow Weak Certificate/Key	Unchecked		
Certificate File	Upload the Identity certificate file.		
Trust Chain File	Upload Trust Chain file. If the third party CA provided separate Root CA and Intermediate certificates for ASBCE, you must combine both files into a single certificate file (trust chain file). To combine the files, add the contents of each certificate file one after the other, with the root certificate at the end.		
Кеу	Ensure that the Common Name used during generation of CSR matches with the file name of the identity certificate being installed. Select Use Existing Key		
Key File	Select from a drop down list existing key file.		
Т	LS Management → Certificates → Install		



Туре	Select CA Certificate	
Name	This field is entired. Can be left blank	
name	This field is optional. Can be left blank.	
Overwrite Existing	Unchecked	
Allow Weak Certificate/Key	Checked	
Certificate File	Upload the public CA root & intermediate certificates file (trust chain file) of the remote entity (Orange A-SBC).	
TLS Management → Server Profile → Add		
Profile Name	e.g. ThirdPartyServer	
Certificate	Select installed ASBCE Identity certificate	
SNI Options	None	
Peer Verification	Required	
Peer Certificate Authorities	Select public CA root & intermediate certificates file (trust chain file) of the remote entity (Orange A-SBC).	
Verification Depth	Depends of the number of bundled certificates. In case the third party CA provided separate Root CA and Intermediate certificates for the Orange A-SBC that were bundled into one file the value will be set to number 2.	
Version	Check TLS 1.2	
Ciphers	Select: Default	
	TLS Management → Client Profile → Add	
Profile Name	*LS Management → Client Profile → Add e.g. ThirdPartyClient	
Profile Name	e.g. ThirdPartyClient	
Profile Name Certificate	e.g. ThirdPartyClient Select installed ASBCE Identity certificate	
Profile Name Certificate SNI Options Peer Certificate	e.g. ThirdPartyClient Select installed ASBCE Identity certificate Unchecked Enabled Select public CA root & intermediate certificates file (trust chain file) of	
Profile Name Certificate SNI Options Peer Certificate Authorities	e.g. ThirdPartyClient Select installed ASBCE Identity certificate Unchecked Enabled Select public CA root & intermediate certificates file (trust chain file) of the remote entity (Orange A-SBC). Depends of the number of bundled certificates. In case the third party CA provided separate Root CA and Intermediate certificates for the Orange	
Profile Name Certificate SNI Options Peer Certificate Authorities Verification Depth Extended Hostname	e.g. ThirdPartyClient Select installed ASBCE Identity certificate Unchecked Enabled Select public CA root & intermediate certificates file (trust chain file) of the remote entity (Orange A-SBC). Depends of the number of bundled certificates. In case the third party CA provided separate Root CA and Intermediate certificates for the Orange A-SBC that were bundled into one file the value will be set to number 2.	
Profile Name Certificate SNI Options Peer Certificate Authorities Verification Depth Extended Hostname Verification	e.g. ThirdPartyClient Select installed ASBCE Identity certificate Unchecked Enabled Select public CA root & intermediate certificates file (trust chain file) of the remote entity (Orange A-SBC). Depends of the number of bundled certificates. In case the third party CA provided separate Root CA and Intermediate certificates for the Orange A-SBC that were bundled into one file the value will be set to number 2. Unchecked	
Profile Name Certificate SNI Options Peer Certificate Authorities Verification Depth Extended Hostname Verification Version Ciphers	e.g. ThirdPartyClient Select installed ASBCE Identity certificate Unchecked Enabled Select public CA root & intermediate certificates file (trust chain file) of the remote entity (Orange A-SBC). Depends of the number of bundled certificates. In case the third party CA provided separate Root CA and Intermediate certificates for the Orange A-SBC that were bundled into one file the value will be set to number 2. Unchecked Check TLS 1.2	
Profile Name Certificate SNI Options Peer Certificate Authorities Verification Depth Extended Hostname Verification Version Ciphers	e.g. ThirdPartyClient Select installed ASBCE Identity certificate Unchecked Enabled Select public CA root & intermediate certificates file (trust chain file) of the remote entity (Orange A-SBC). Depends of the number of bundled certificates. In case the third party CA provided separate Root CA and Intermediate certificates for the Orange A-SBC that were bundled into one file the value will be set to number 2. Unchecked Check TLS 1.2 Select: Default	



Network Prefix or Subnet Mask	Network prefix or subnet mask.	
Interface	B1	
IP Address	Public Ip address of the external ASBCE interface.	
Public IP	Leave blank	
Gateway Override	Leave blank	
Network & Flows → Signaling Interface → Edit		
Name	Signaling interface of the external side of the ASBCE. e.g. Sign_Ext_SBCE-BTIP	
Ip Address	ASBCE external interface and associated public ip address defined in previous step. Ext_SBCE-BTIP (B1, VLAN 0) Public IP address	
TLS port	This is the port on which ASBCE will listen to SIP messages from Orange A-SBC. 5061 Remark: TLS protocol is used for communication between ASBCE & Orange A-SBC.	
TLS Profile	Select from a drop down list created previously server profile: ThirdPartyServer	
Services → SIP Servers → Edit		
Profile Name	Edit/add profile for the far end server: Orange A-SBC. Prof_SBCE-BTIP	
Server Type	Trunk Server	
SIP Domain	Leave blank	
DNS Query Type	DNS type Service Record (SRV) allows to query DNS server to receive hostname, priority, port of the target servers. Alternatively you can configure ip address or DNS Query Type A. SRV NONE/A BTIPol supports type SRV & type A for DNS resolution and do not support direct public IP connections. BTol supports both public IP and type A for DNS resolution and do not provide any type SRV record connections.	
TLS Client Profile	Select ThirdPartyClient	
FQDN IP Address / FQDN	FQDN of the Orange A-SBC if DNS Query Type SRV was configured. IP Address or FQDN of the Orange A-SBC if DNS Query Type None/A was configured.	
	IP Address or FQDN of the Orange A-SBC if DNS Query Type None/A	
IP Address / FQDN	IP Address or FQDN of the Orange A-SBC if DNS Query Type None/A was configured. This is the port on which Orange A-SBC will listen to SIP messages from Avaya SBCE. This value will be received from DNS server in SRV response. If DNS query type A was configured then insert port 5061. Leave blank if DNS Query Type SRV was configured.	



Uri Group	*
Load Balancing	DNS/SRV if DNS Query Type SRV was configured in previous step. Priority if DNS Query Type None/A was configured in previous step.
Transport	None
Next Hop In-Dialog	Unchecked
Time of Day	default
Next Hop Priority	Unchecked if Load Balancing DNS/SRV was configured. Checked if Load Balancing Priority was configured.
Ignore Route Header	Unchecked
ENUM	Unchecked
NAPTR	Unchecked
ENUM Suffix	Leave this field blank.
Priority / Weight	N/A if Load Balancing DNS/SRV was configured. 1 if Load Balancing DNS/A was configured.
SIP Server Profile	Select previously created: Prof_SBCE-BTIP
Next Hop Address	Select FQDN of the Orange A-SBC if Load Balancing DNS/SRV was configured. e.g. FQDN (TLS) Select IP address or FQDN of the Orange SBC Primary if Load Balancing DNS/A was configured. e.g. 172.22.246.33: 5061 (TLS) or FQDN: 5061 (TLS)
Priority / Weight	2 if Load Balancing Priority was configured.
SIP Server Profile	Select previously created: Prof_SBCE-BTIP
Next Hop Address	Select IP address or FQDN of the Orange SBC Backup if exists. e.g. 172.22.246.33: 5061 (TLS) or FQDN: 5061 (TLS)
	Domain Policies → Media Rules → Add
Rule Name	Orange-med-enc
Audio Encryption & Video En	ncryption
Preferred Format #1	AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_80
Preferred Format #2	NONE
Preferred Format #3	NONE
Encrypted RTCP	Checked
MKI	Unchecked
Lifetime Leave blank to match any value	Leave blank
Interworking	Checked
Symmetric Context Reset	Checked



Key Change in New Offer	Unchecked
Miscellaneous	
Capability Negotiation	Unchecked
Audio Codec & Video Codec	
Codec Prioritization	Unchecked
Transcode	Unchecked
Allow Preferred Codecs Only	Unchecked
Transrating	Unchecked
P-Time	20
Silencing	
Silencing Enabled	Unchecked
Binary Flow Control Protoco	pl
BFCP Enabled	Unchecked
Far End Camera Control	
FECC Enabled	Unchecked
ANAT	
ANAT Enabled	Unchecked
Local Preference	IP4
Use Remote Preference	Unchecked
Media Line Compliance	
Media Line Compliance Enabled	Unchecked
Media QoS Marking	
Enabled	Checked
QoS Type	DSCP
Audio QoS	
Audio DSCP	EF
Domain Policies → End	I Point Policy Groups → EPPG_SBCE-BTIP → Edit Policy Set
Application Rule	default-trunk
Border rule	default
Media Rule	select created previously: Orange-med-enc
Security Rule	default-low
Signaling Rule	SigR_SBCE-BTIP
Network & Flows → Advanced Options → Port Ranges	



Signaling Port Range	Depending on customer context or need. ASBCE TLS/TCP/UDP source ports for the SIP signaling. Allocate e.g. range: 51001-55000
Config Proxy Internal Signaling Port Range	50001-51000
Listen Port Range	55001-55999
HTTP Port Range	40001-50000
	Network & Flows → Media Interface
Name	Edit/Add a media interface for the internal side of the ASBCE e.g. Media_Int_SBCE-SM
IP Address	ASBCE internal interface and corresponding ip address: Int_SBCE-SM (A1, VLAN 0) 6.5.27.61
Port Range	The Orange BTIPol/BTol SIP Trunk service specifies media ports that customers use on the internal SIP trunk. ASBCE UDP ports for the RTP media: 6000-38000 for BTIPol 6000-20000 for BTol
	Network & Flows → Media Interface
Name	Edit/Add media interface for the external side of the ASBCE e.g. Media_Ext_SBCE-BTIP
IP Address	ASBCE external interface and corresponding ip address: Ext_SBCE-BTIP (B1, VLAN 0) Public IP Address
Port Range	The Orange BTIPol/BTol SIP Trunk service specifies media ports that customers use on the external SIP trunk. ASBCE UDP ports for the SRTP media: 6000-38000 for BTIPol 6000-20000 for BTol
(Configuration Profiles → Topology Hiding
Profile Name	Edit/Add this profile will be applied for the traffic from the ASBCE to Orange Business Services BTIPol/BTol. e.g. THP_SBCE-BTIP
Configuration Profiles	→ Topology Hiding → Topology Hiding Profile → Add Header
Header	For all headers set the following parameters except the header From :
Criteria	IP/Domain
Replace Action	Auto
Replace Action for the header From	Overwrite
Overwrite Value for the header From	Public FQDN hostname of the ASBCE external interface.
Config	uration Profiles → Server Interworking → Edit
Profile Name	SBCE-SM
General	
SIPS Required	No



Configuration Profiles → Server Interworking → Edit		
Profile Name	SBCE-BTIP	
General		
SIPS Required	No	
Configuration Profiles → S	Server Interworking → SBCE-BTIP → Header Manipulation → Add	
Header	Select Contact	
Action	Select Remove Parameter w/ [Value]	
Parameter	gsid	
Value Leave blank for wildcard	Leave blank	
Configuration Profiles → S	Server Interworking → SBCE-BTIP → Header Manipulation → Add	
Header	Select Contact	
Action	Select Remove Parameter w/ [Value]	
Parameter	asm	
Value Leave blank for wildcard	Leave blank	
Configuration Profiles → Server Interworking → SBCE-BTIP → Header Manipulation → Add		
Configuration Profiles 3 S	Server Interworking → SBCE-BTIP → Header Manipulation → Add	
Header	Server Interworking → SBCE-BTIP → Header Manipulation → Add Select Contact	
	•	
Header	Select Contact	
Header Action	Select Contact Select Remove Parameter w/ [Value]	
Header Action Parameter Value Leave blank for wildcard	Select Contact Select Remove Parameter w/ [Value] epv	
Header Action Parameter Value Leave blank for wildcard	Select Contact Select Remove Parameter w/ [Value] epv Leave blank	
Header Action Parameter Value Leave blank for wildcard Configu Title /*Script to remove attribute (+av within session "INVITE"	Select Contact Select Remove Parameter w/ [Value] epv Leave blank ration Profiles → Signaling Manipulation → Add	
Header Action Parameter Value Leave blank for wildcard Configu Title /*Script to remove attribute (+av within session "INVITE" { act on message where %DIRI %ENTRY_POINT="POST_ROU	Select Contact Select Remove Parameter w/ [Value] epv Leave blank ration Profiles → Signaling Manipulation → Add Remove parameter from Contact raya-cm-keep-mpro) from Contact Header */	
Header Action Parameter Value Leave blank for wildcard Configu Title /*Script to remove attribute (+av within session "INVITE" { act on message where %DIRI %ENTRY_POINT="POST_ROUGH.	Select Contact Select Remove Parameter w/ [Value] epv Leave blank ration Profiles → Signaling Manipulation → Add Remove parameter from Contact raya-cm-keep-mpro) from Contact Header */	
Header Action Parameter Value Leave blank for wildcard Configu Title /*Script to remove attribute (+av within session "INVITE" { act on message where %DIRI %ENTRY_POINT="POST_ROU { if (exists(%HEADERS["Cont	Select Contact Select Remove Parameter w/ [Value] epv Leave blank ration Profiles → Signaling Manipulation → Add Remove parameter from Contact raya-cm-keep-mpro) from Contact Header */ ECTION="OUTBOUND" and JTING"	



Interworking Profile	Interworking Profile for Orange BTIP SIP trunk service. SBCE-BTIP	
Signaling Manipulation Script	Select created previously script name: Remove parameter from Contact	
Media anchoring		
Domain Policies → Session Policies → default		
Name	Media must be anchored on ASBCE. default	
Media Anchoring	Checked for media anchoring	
Media Forking Profile	None	
Converged Conferencing	Unchecked	
Recording Server	Unchecked	
Media Server	Unchecked	
	Network & Flows → Session Flows	
Media must be anchored on ASBCE	. Session Flows must be default. Remove any session flow if exists.	



8 Endpoints configuration

8.1 SIP endpoints

SIP endpoint configuration	
Home / Elements / Session Manager / Application Configuration / Applications	Create application for each HQ ie: hq353-app. To do so press "New" button and fill "Name" choose "SIP Entity" and select "CM System for SIP Entity" for your HQ. Next press "Commit" button. If you don't have "CM System for SIP Entity" configured then you need to press "View/Add CM System" and on a new tab you need to press "New" button. On "Edit Communication Manager" page you need to fill: "Name", "Type" and type node IP address. On the second tab "Attributes" you need to fill below fields: "Login", "Password" and "Port" number (5022). You should use the same login and password used to login to ACM.
Home / Elements / Session Manager / Application Configuration / Applications sequences	Click "New" button. Next fill "Name" field and from "Available Applications" filed choose application crated for your HQ. To finish creation click on "commit" button
Home / Users / User Management / Manage Users	To create new user click on "new" button. On first "identity" configuration page you need to fill below fields: "Last Name", "First Name", "Login Name", "Authentication Type", "Password" (here you should set password: "password"), and "Time Zone". On the second page "Communication Profile" you should fill "Communication Profile Password" (password used to log in the phone), then create "Communication Address" (this should be extension@domain). On "Session Manager Profile" fill below fields: "Primary Session Manager", "Origination Application Sequence", "Termination Application Sequence", "Home Location". Last thing is to fill fields in "Endpoint Profile" like: "System", "Profile Type", "Extension", "Template", "Security Code" (this should be password used to log in the phone "Port" (this should be set to: "IP"). To finish this configuration press "commit" button.

8.2 H.323 endpoints

H.323 endpoint configuration	
add station 3530001	To add station insert following command with extension you want to add: add station <extension></extension>

8.3 FAX endpoints

FAX endpoint configuration



	To add station insert following command with extension you want to
	add: add station <extension></extension>
	• Type: 2500
add station 1230009	Port i.e.: 001V301 (analog media module MM711 board
	number with a port, use LIST CONFIGURATION ALL
	command to view the card details)
	 Name: analog fax (example name for a fax device)

8.4 46xxsettings.txt files

	File 46xxsettings.txt
set DTMF payload TYPE 101	##DTMF_PAYLOAD_TYPE specifies the RTP payload type to be used for RFC4733 (obsolete RFC 2833) signaling. ## Valid values are 96 through 127; the default value is 120. SET DTMF_PAYLOAD_TYPE 101
set SIP Controller	SET SIP_CONTROLLER_LIST 6.5.27.20:5060;transport=tcp,6.5.27.30:5060;transport=tcp
set SIP Domain	SET SIPDOMAIN <sip domain=""> for example labobs.com</sip>
set Config server secure mode	Specifies whether HTTP or HTTPS is used to access the configuration server. 0 - use HTTP (default for 96x0 R2.0 through R2.5) 1 - use HTTPS (default for other releases and products). In case it is configured with 0 the phone will not use certificate for authentication. SET CONFIG_SERVER_SECURE_MODE <0 or 1> In case it is configured with 1 the phone will use certificate for authentication. The certificate "SystemManagerCA.cacert.pem" must be downloaded from SM and uploaded to http server where 46xxxsettings.txt file is. The following line must be added to 46xxxsettings.txt file: SET TRUSTCERTS SystemManagerCA.cacert.pem To obtain the certificate from SM go the System Manager GUI and navigate to Security → Certificates → Authority → Certificate Profiles and then clicking on the 'Download PEM file' link. It is also important to appropriately configure parameter "TLSSRVRID" which specifies whether a certificate will be trusted only if the identity of the device from which it is received matches the certificate, per Section 3.1 of RFC 2818. 0 Identity matching is not performed 1 Identity matching is performed (default) SET TLSSRVRID 0
SET DSCPAUD	DSCPAUD specifies the layer 3 Differentiated Services (DiffServ) Code Point for audio frames generated by the telephone. If this parameter is not activated the default value is 46. SET DSCPAUD 46
SET DSCPSIG	DSCPSIG specifies the layer 3 Differentiated Services (DiffServ) Code Point for signaling frames generated by the telephone. If this parameter is not activated the default value is 34. SET DSCPSIG 46